



Attitudes Toward Time-based and Behaviourbased Blood Donation Policies Among Hivnegative GBM in Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver

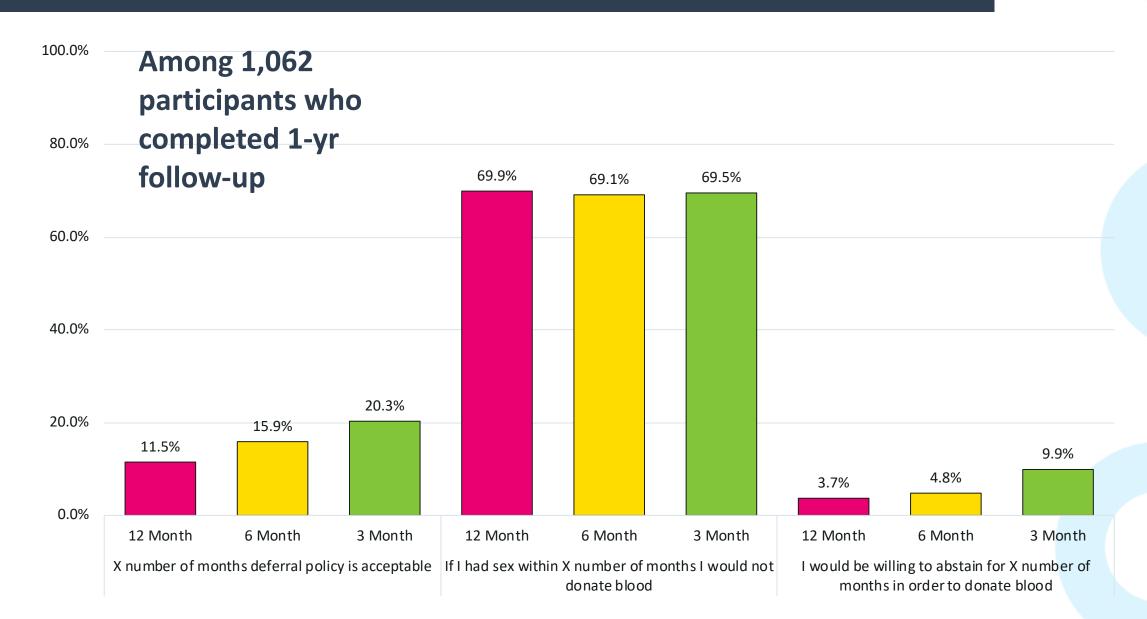
Trevor A. Hart^{1,2}; David M. Moore³; Syed W. Noor^{1,4}; Nathan Lachowsky⁵; Daniel Grace²; Joseph Cox^{6,7}; **Shayna Skakoon-Sparling¹**; Jody Jollimore⁸; Abbie Parlette¹; Allan Lal³; Herak Apelian⁶; Jordan M. Sang³; Darrell H. S. Tan⁹⁻¹¹; Gilles Lambert^{7,12}

¹ Ryerson University, ² University of Toronto, ³ BC Centre for Excellence in HIV/AIDS, ⁴ Louisiana State University Shreveport, ⁵ University of Victoria, ⁶ McGill University, ⁷ Direction régionale de santé publique - Montréal, ⁸ Community-Based Research Centre, ⁹ Unity Health, ¹⁰ Centre for Urban Health Solutions, St. Michael's Hospital, ¹¹ University of Toronto, ¹² Institut national de santé publique du Québec,

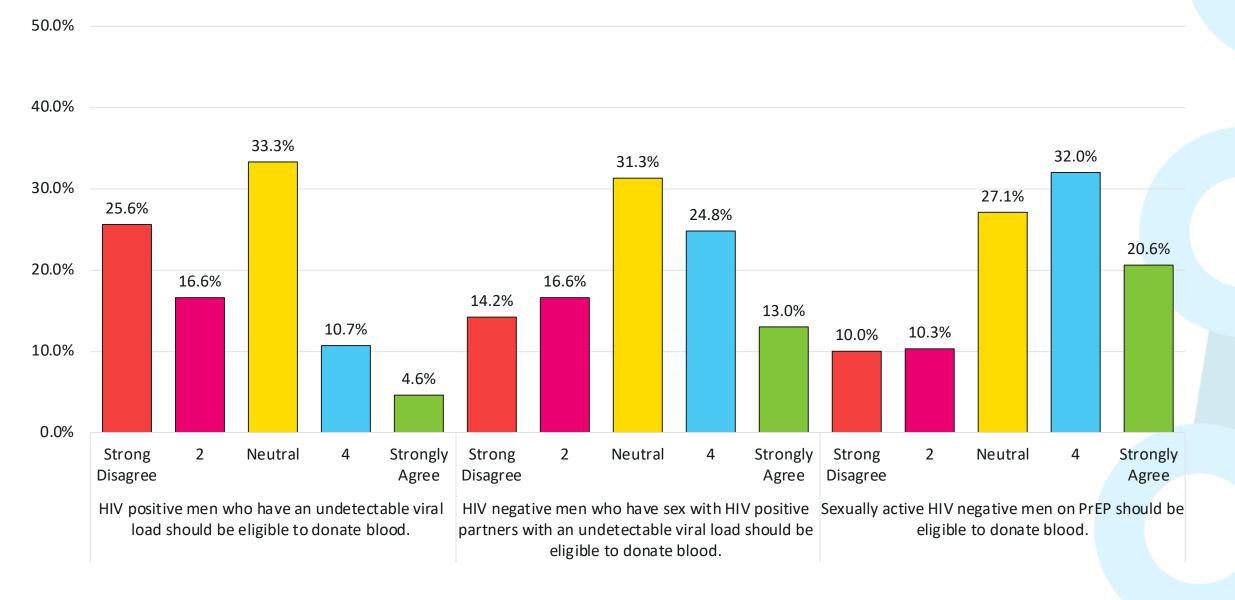
Engage Canadian Blood Services (CBS) Study

- ► The recently-changed Canadian policy (as of May 2019) is to defer men from donating blood if they have engaged in oral or anal sex with another man in the past 3 months. We examined attitudes among HIV-negative GBM toward time-deferral based policies and behaviourallybased policies.
- ► Engage is a mixed-method cohort study conducted in Vancouver, Toronto, and Montreal that used respondent driven sampling to recruit a baseline sample (Recruitment period for CBS study/1 yr follow-up: February 2018 ongoing)
- To date we have recruited 2,009 (V = 622, T = 419, M = 968) HIV-negative/unknown 16+ year-old cisgender and transgender men who reported having sex with another man in the past 6 months.
- Participants complete a computer-assisted questionnaire in French or English and biomedical testing (i.e., STBBI tests)
 - Questionnaire included items about comprehension and acceptability of current and alternative behaviour-based blood donor screening questions

Results



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Discussion

- Only a minority of men would donate blood under a time-based MSM deferral.
- Only a minority found a time-based deferral policy to be acceptable.
 - A majority of men found behaviourally-based policies to be acceptable.
- The majority of GBM in the Engage Study would comply with any of the 3 policies assessed (they would not attempt to donate).
- **Future Directions:**
 - Predictors of recent seroconversion between baseline and wave 2 (the CBS wave)
 - Predictors of syphilis infection at wave 2
 - Create mathematical models of HIV transmission to examine how to partition the MSM population such that one or more groups would have a risk estimate for incident HIV infection comparable to that of currently non-deferred groups















