

Challenges and Best Practices from a Cohort Study on Aging Research in Rural Lebanon

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Conducting cohort studies in low-to-middle-income countries (LMICs) poses unique challenges that require creative and adaptable solutions. This paper discusses the key challenges encountered in establishing the Lebanon Study and Ageing and HeAlth study (LSAHA), a population-based cohort study of older people in Lebanon, and the best practices employed.

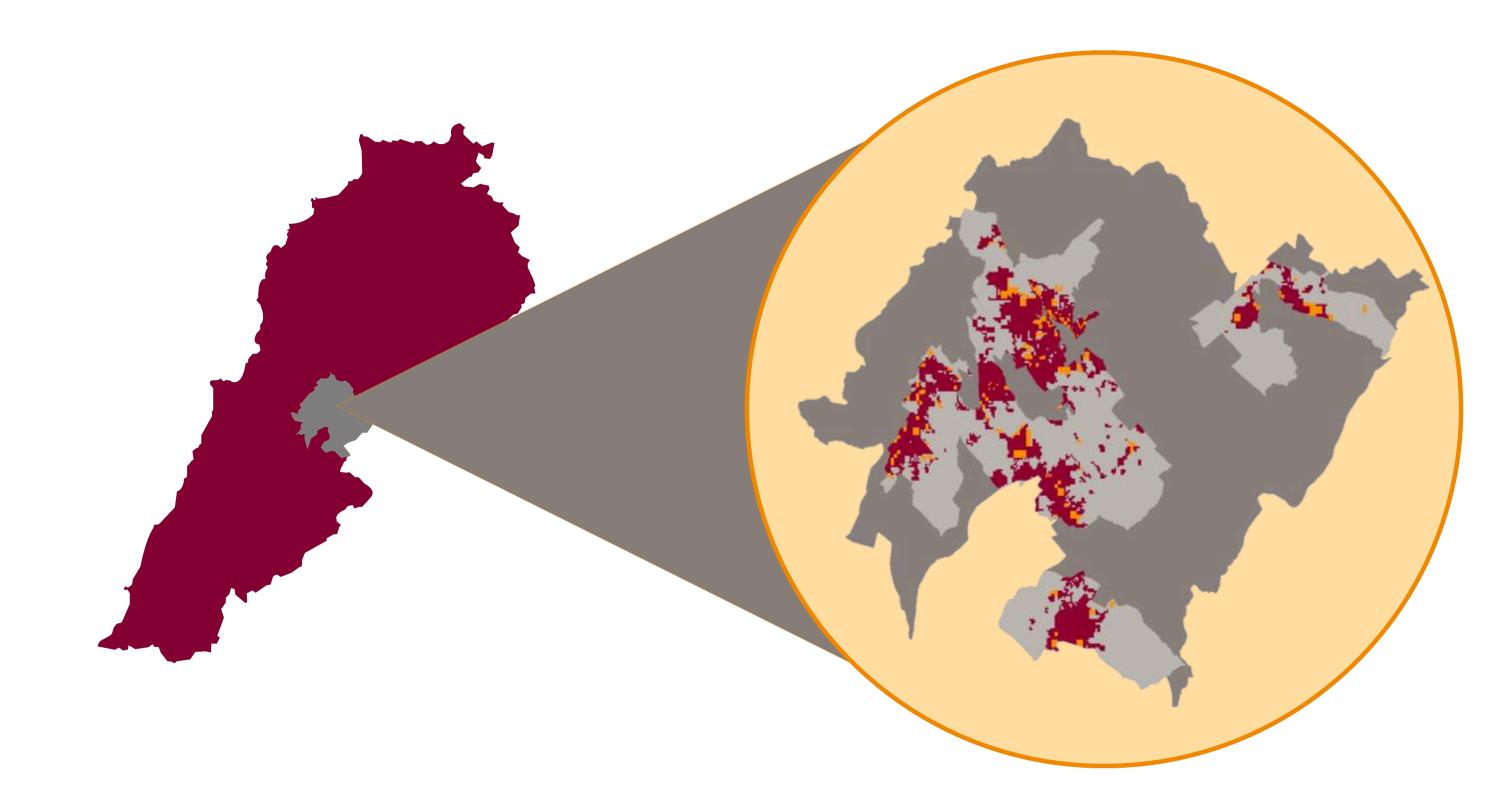
Strengthening research capacities and tailoring methodologies to these contexts is crucial for generating reliable and generalizable data.

Methodology

The study used a multistage gridded sampling design and recruited

n = 1,517 adults aged 60+

from a **rural Lebanese** district between October 2023 and January 2024



List of Challenges and Best Practices

Methodological

Sampling

Challenge	Solution
Lack of a sampling frame	Used WorldPop databases for estimates
Restricted access to certain areas	Adaptive sampling protocols (i.e grid replacement)

Participant recruitment

Challenge	Solution
Unfamiliarity of survey studies in rural regions	 Community engagement: Met with local key players during study conception and field preparation Distributed easy-to-read flyers in frequented areas Media appearances (TV, radio, newspaper articles) Recruited local data collectors

Operational

Challenge	Solution
Security concerns in politically affiliated regions	Exclude area entirelyPolice escorts

B Participant-related

Challenge	Solution
Gender representation where a considerable number of males are unavailable	Rescheduling home visits outside of working hours

Rigorous and flexible methodological strategies are needed to implement population-based studies in LMICs.

This study highlights potential challenges and strategies for establishing and enhancing participation in aging research in rural Lebanon, and it warrants further research on the applicability of these strategies in similar settings.













