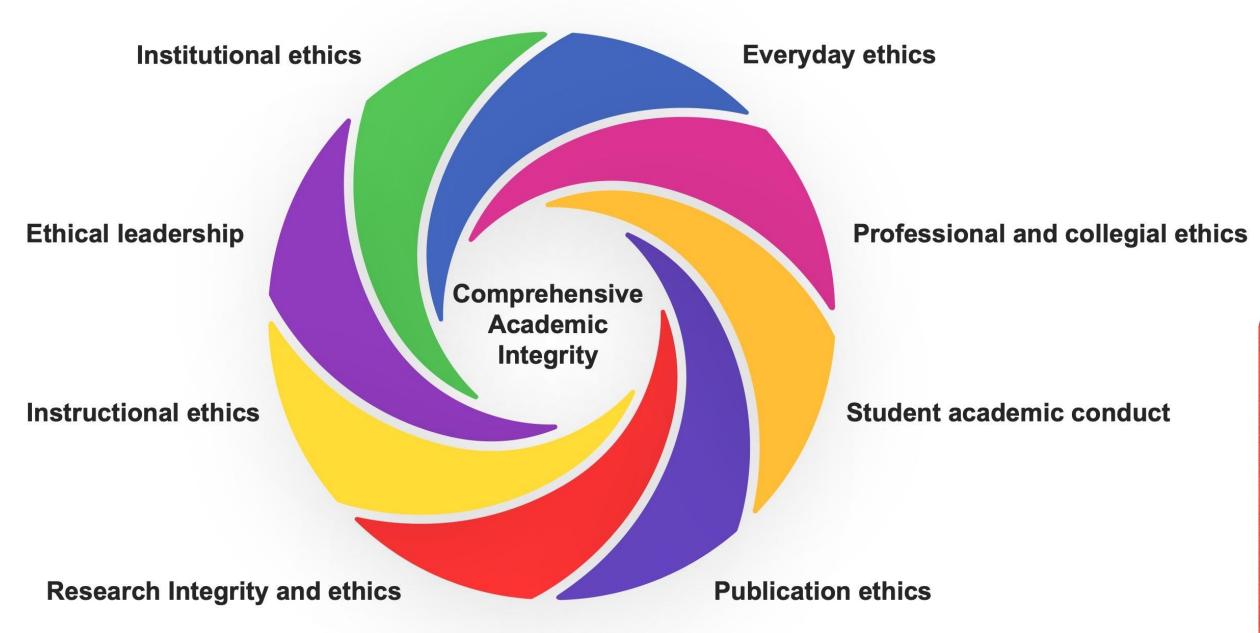




WCRI 2024: Symposium 2: The impact of generative AI on integrity in education, research, and the translation of research into policy

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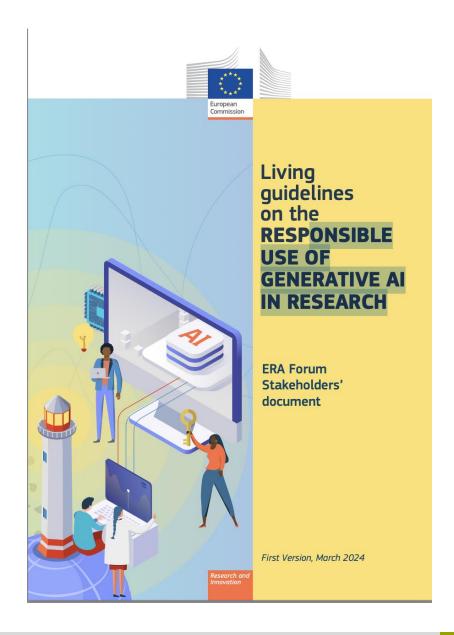
June 3, 2024



From the Introduction to the Second Handbook of Academic Integrity (2024)

European Commission, European Research Area Forum, 2024





### **Guidance for various groups**





Adapted from European Commission, 2024





"Generative AI provides many opportunities for different sectors. However, it also harbours risks, such as the large-scale generation of disinformation and other unethical uses with significant societal consequences."

(European Commission, 2024, p. 3)

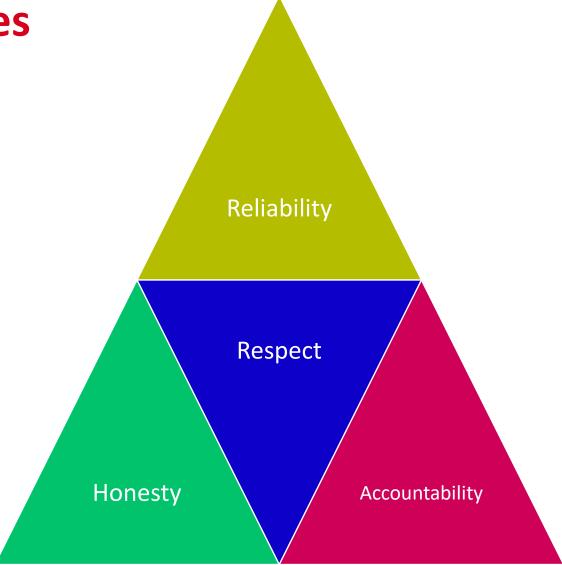




- "The set of principles framing these guidelines are based on pre-existing relevant frameworks:
- the European Code of Conduct for Research Integrity10;
- the work and guidelines on trustworthy AI, developed by the High-Level Expert Group on AI" (European Commission, 2024, p. 5)



# **Key Principles**



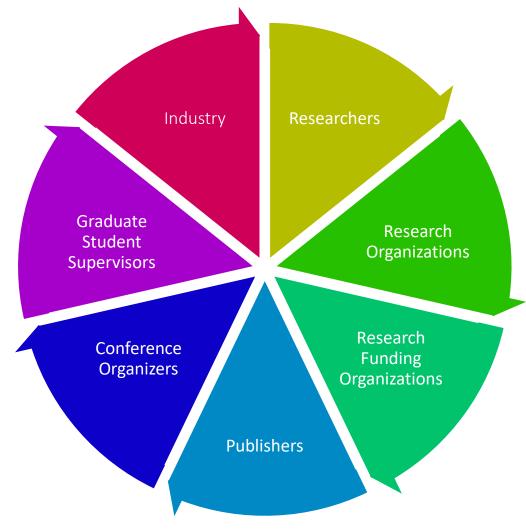




- Focus on individual researchers, research organizations, and researcher funders.
- Is silent on the role of publishers and others involved in knowledge mobilization.
- Provides little guidance on the responsibilities for industry.
- Provides little guidance for supervisors of graduate students or research trainees.

## **Guidance for various groups: Improved**









- Policies are slow to develop.
- Generative AI policies may or may not be linked to integrity policies.
- Guidance and legislation at ministerial and governmental levels is generally seen as desirable and sometimes a preferable precursor to organizational-level policies.

#### References



European Commission (2024, March). Living Guidelines on the Responsible Use of Generative AI in Research.

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