# TROPOMI's SWIR channel measuring CH<sub>4</sub> and CO

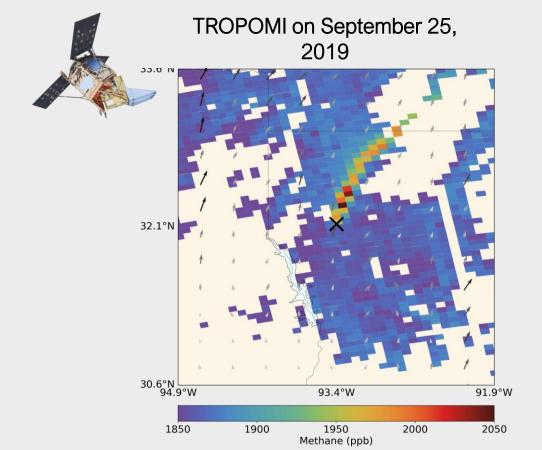
Ilse Aben

On behalf of the TROPOMI SRON team and collaborators





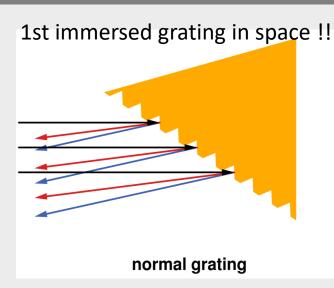


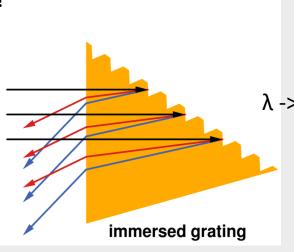


## Key technology SWIR channel: immersed grating









#### Volume reduction

 $R = \lambda / \Delta \lambda = (2.N.a \sin \theta) / \lambda \approx D / \lambda$ 

 $\lambda \rightarrow \lambda/n$ 

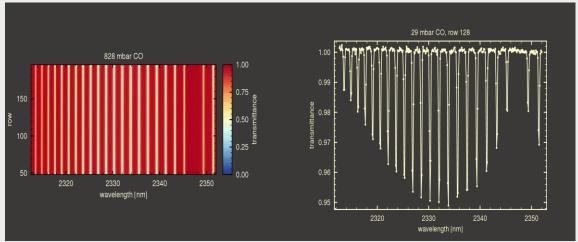
n vacuum = 1.0

 $n_silicon = 3.5$ 

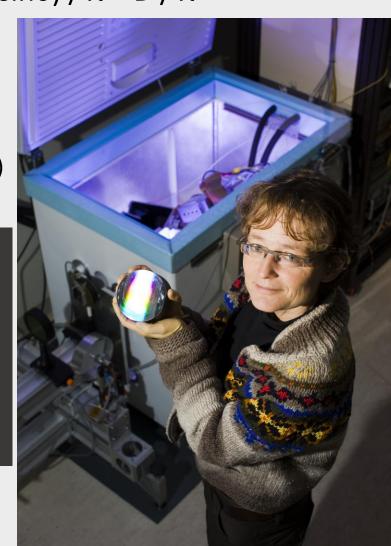
 $30x \text{ smaller } !! (120 \rightarrow 3.5 \text{ L})$ 







It works !!!!



# TROPOMI measuring CO from wildfires → CO<sub>2</sub>

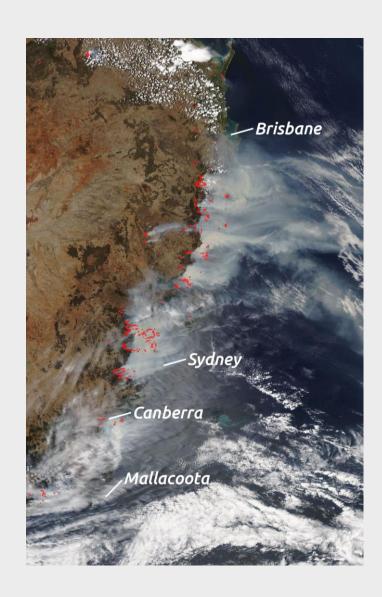






Major bushfires in Australia Active fire/burned area AUSTRALIA Coffs **NEW SOUTH WALES** - Harbour Port SOUTH Wollemi Macquarie **AUSTRALIA** National Park Newcastle Blue Mountains Sydney Adelaide Batemans Bay VICTORIA Kangaroo Island Melbourne Mallacoota BBC Source: DAFF and local fire services, 31 Jan

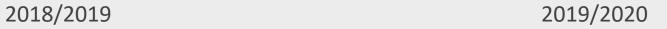
Extreme 2019-2020 'black summer' wildfires in Southeast Australia

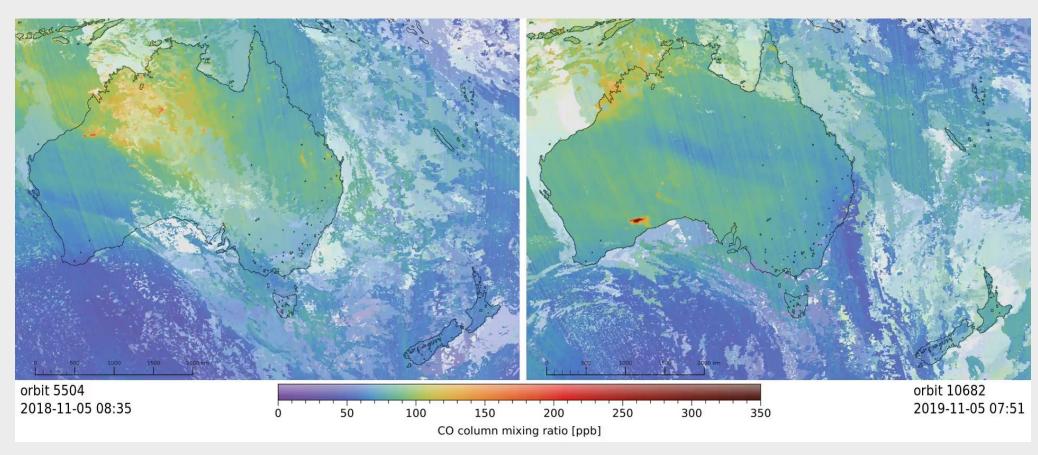


# TROPOMI measuring CO from wildfires $\rightarrow$ CO<sub>2</sub>









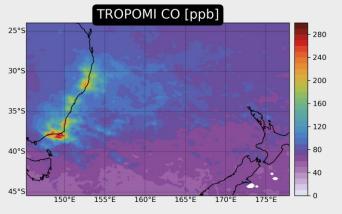
# TROPOMI measuring CO from wildfires → CO<sub>2</sub>

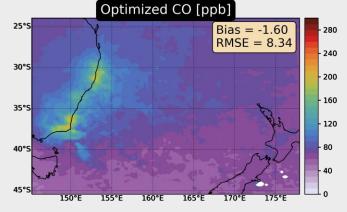


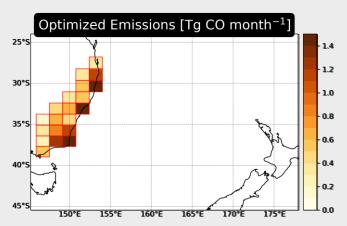


Transport model +
Prior BB<sub>CO</sub>

TROPOMI CO
Optimized BB<sub>CO</sub>







- Performed flux inversions for 20 180x180km regions over Australia between Nov 2019 – Jan 2020.
- After optimization, a number of hotspots appear with much larger fires emissions

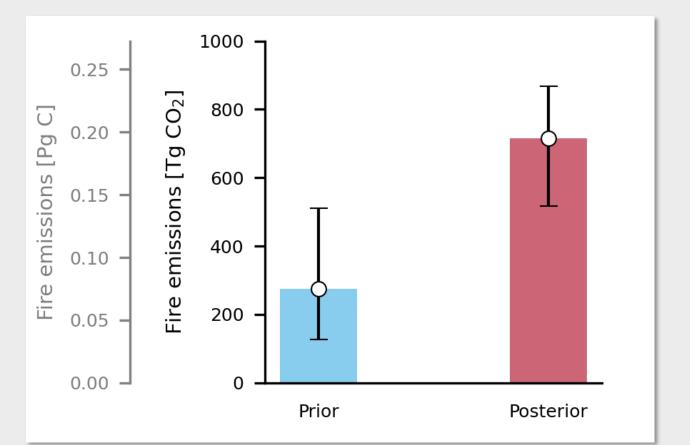


# TROPOMI measuring CO from wildfires → CO<sub>2</sub>





 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Transport model +} \\ \text{Prior BB}_{\text{CO}} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{TROPOMI CO} \\ \text{Atmospheric inversion} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Optimized BB}_{\text{CO}} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{CO}_2\text{:CO} \\ \\ \times 14.4 \pm 1.9 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{Optimized BB}_{\text{CO2}} \end{array}$ 



- 715 Tg CO<sub>2</sub> released to atmosphere for the 3-month period
- ~10% of global BB emissions per year
- ~2 times larger than Australia's total greenhouse gas emissions per year

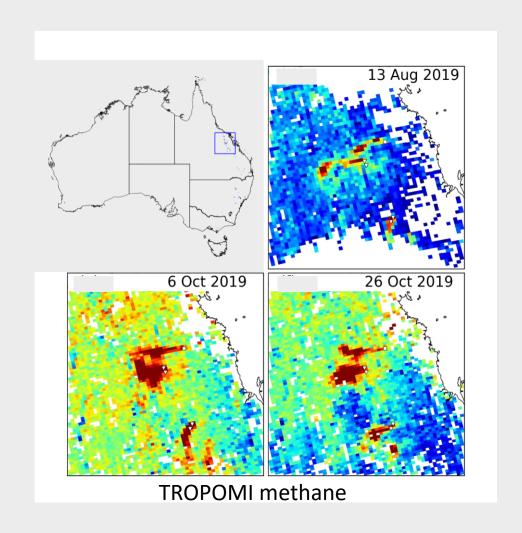


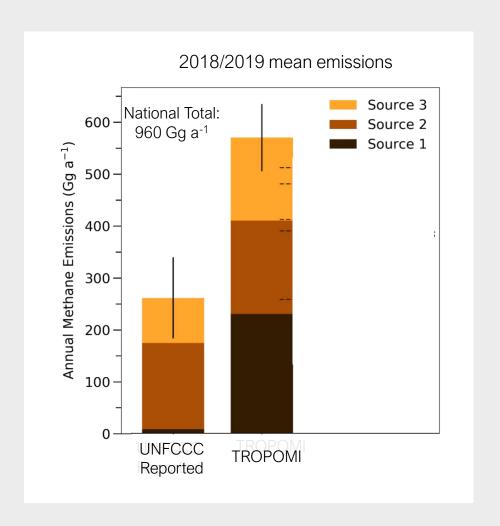
#### Australian methane super emitter coal mines









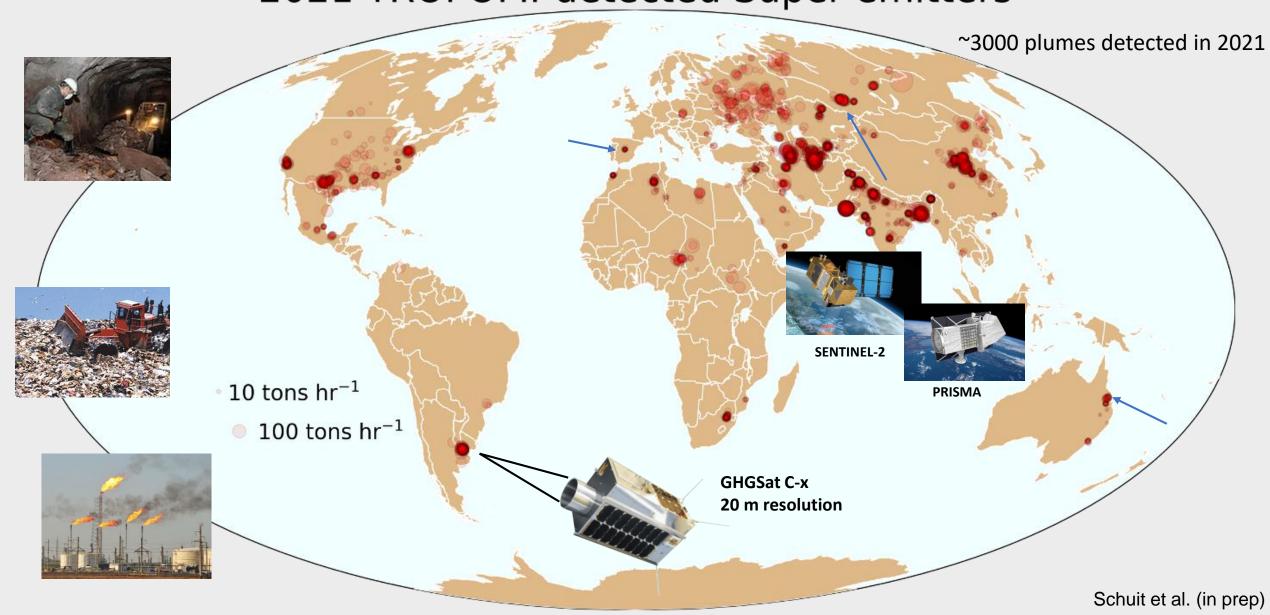


6 mines: 7% AUS coal production, 55% reported CH<sub>4</sub> coal emissions

1 mine (surface mine): 1% AUS coal production, 24 % reported CH₄ coal emissions

## Detecting TROPOMI CH<sub>4</sub> plumes using ML & tip-and-cue high spatial resol. sat SRON

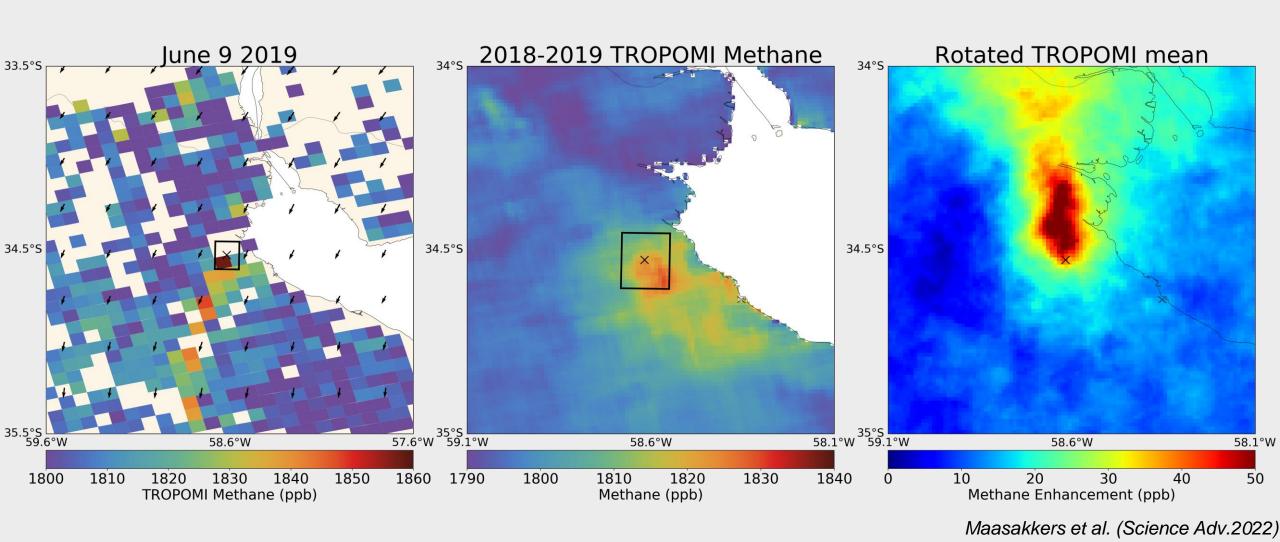




### TROPOMI 'tip-and-cue' GHGSat: persistent emissions Buenos Aires

(Argentina

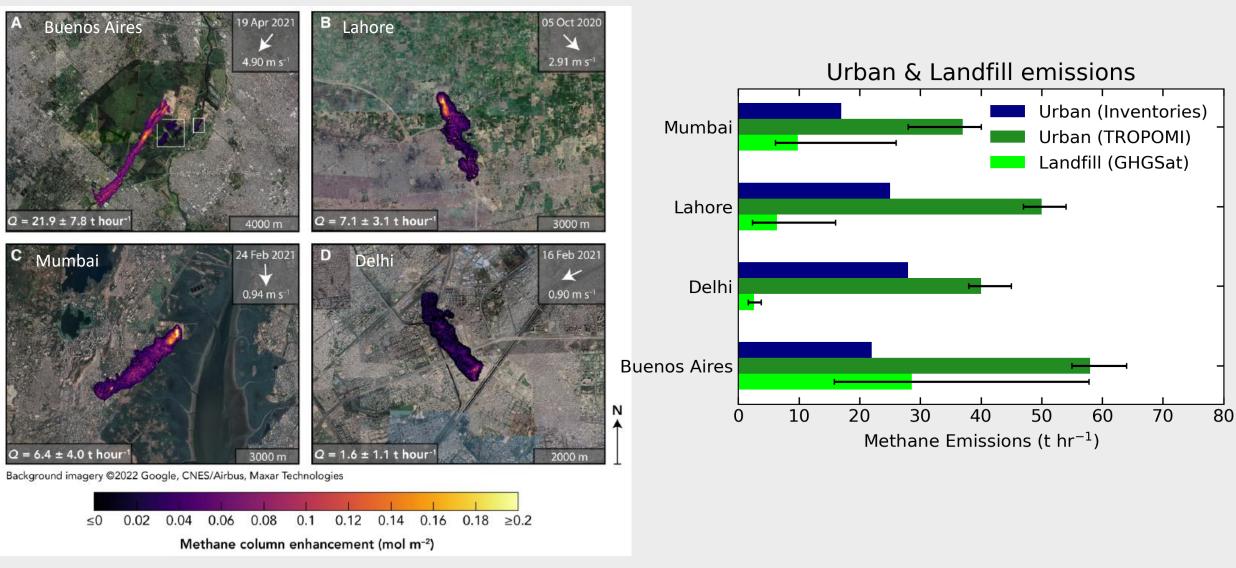
Use data from different days with different winds to find rough location



#### TROPOMI - GHGSat: methane emissions landfills SRON





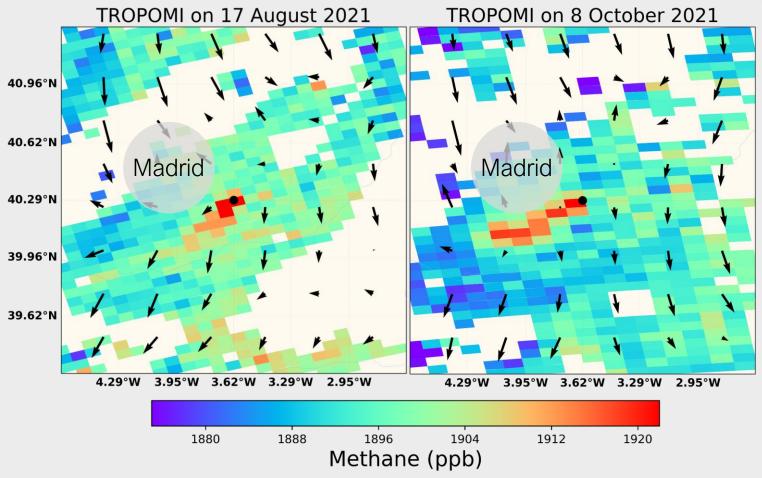


First space-based detections of methane emissions from landfills! By now detected methane emissions from **many more landfills** 

#### Landfill emissions are also detected in Europe



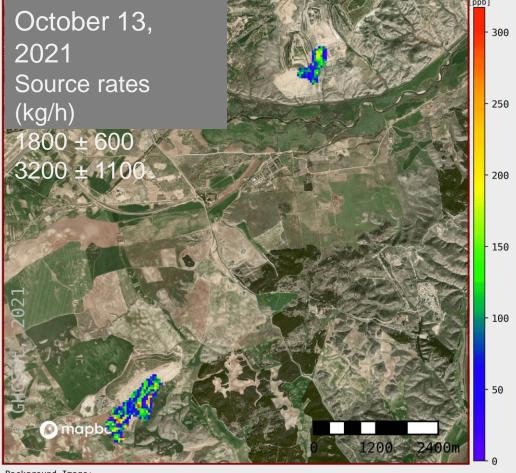
Guided by long-term TROPOMI data, GHGSat detected large emissions from landfills near Madrid on multiple days in 2021.



ESA coordinated a ground-based, aircraft, satellite campaign summer 2022 (EDAP)



# Landfill - Madrid, Spain CH<sub>4</sub> Concentration Map



ckground Image:

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- © OpenStreetMap: http://www.openstreetmap.org/copyright

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Figure Credit: Gourav Mahapatra. ESA web story from November 11.



## International Methane Emissions Observatory (IMEO) Methane Alert and Response System (MARS)



IMEO will support governments and companies to reduce their emissions as agreed in the

Methane Pledge at COP26

#### MARS:

1. detection, 2. notification and 3. mitigation

1<sup>st</sup> element of the MARS detection system is the Super Emitter detection system using TROPOMI and other satellites to pin-point exact facilities leaking/emitting.

(IMEO/UNEP, Kayrros, EDF, Univ. Valenc., SRON)



COP26: US and EU announce global

ВВС

**NEWS** 

\*CutMethane

pledge to slash methane

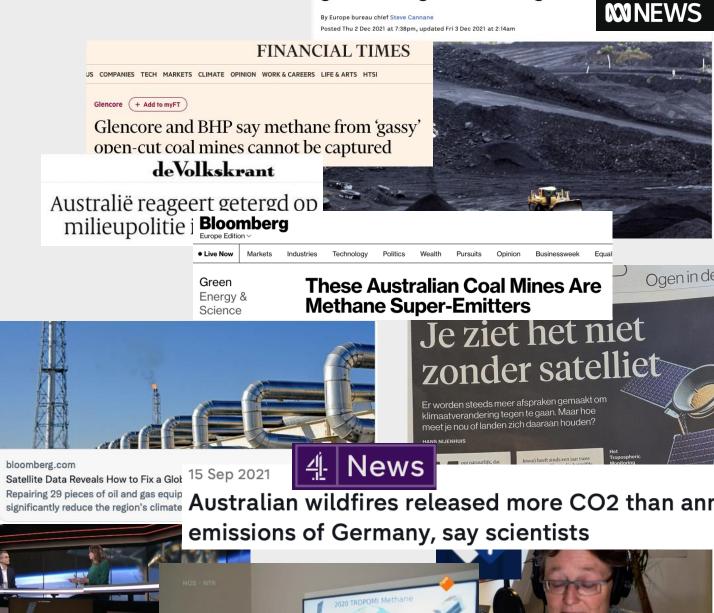


'TROPOMI is a real game changer

producing exciting research

with direct societal impact'

THANK YOU TROPOMI-team



How satellites are challenging Australia's official

greenhouse gas emission figures

By Europe bureau chief Steve Cannane