



PROGRAMME OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with



Verification of TROPOMI NO₂ Product Using OMI NO₂ Algorithm

Nickolay A. Krotkov¹, Lok N. Lamsal^{2,1}, Bradford Fisher^{3,1}, Sungyeon Choi^{3,1}, Luke Oman¹, Wenhan Qin^{3,1}, Eun-Su Yang^{3,1}, Zachary Fasnacht^{3,1}, Joanna Joiner¹, Alexander Vasilkov^{3,1}, Sergey Marchenko^{3,1}, David Haffner^{3,1}, Peter J. T. Leonard^{4,1}, Henk Eskes⁵, Jos van Geffen⁵, Pepijn Veefkind⁵, Folkert Boersma⁵, William H. Swartz⁶

¹NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt, MD 20770, USA

²University of Maryland Baltimore County, Baltimore, MD 20770, USA

³Science Systems and Application Inc., Lanham, MD 20706, USA

⁴ADNET Systems, Inc., Lanham, MD 20706, USA

⁵The Royal Netherlands Meteorological Institute, De Bilt, The Netherlands

⁶Johns Hopkins University, Applied Physics Laboratory, Laurel, MD 20723, USA



Outline



PROGRAMME OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with



- Developing Harmonized Multi-satellite NO₂ climate data records
 - OMI NO₂ algorithms: NASA and QA4ECV
 - OMI NO₂ trends
 - OMI global NO₂ monitoring web site
 - TROPOMI NO₂ algorithms: NASA and S5P offline
- OMI and TROPOMI Slant Columns Densities (SCD) comparisons
- OMI and TROPOMI tropospheric Vertical Columns (VCDs) comparisons
- OMI continuation with TROPOMI
- Validation of OMI and TROPOMI with Pandora NO₂ VCDs
- Summary



Developing Harmonized Multi-satellite NO₂ climate data records



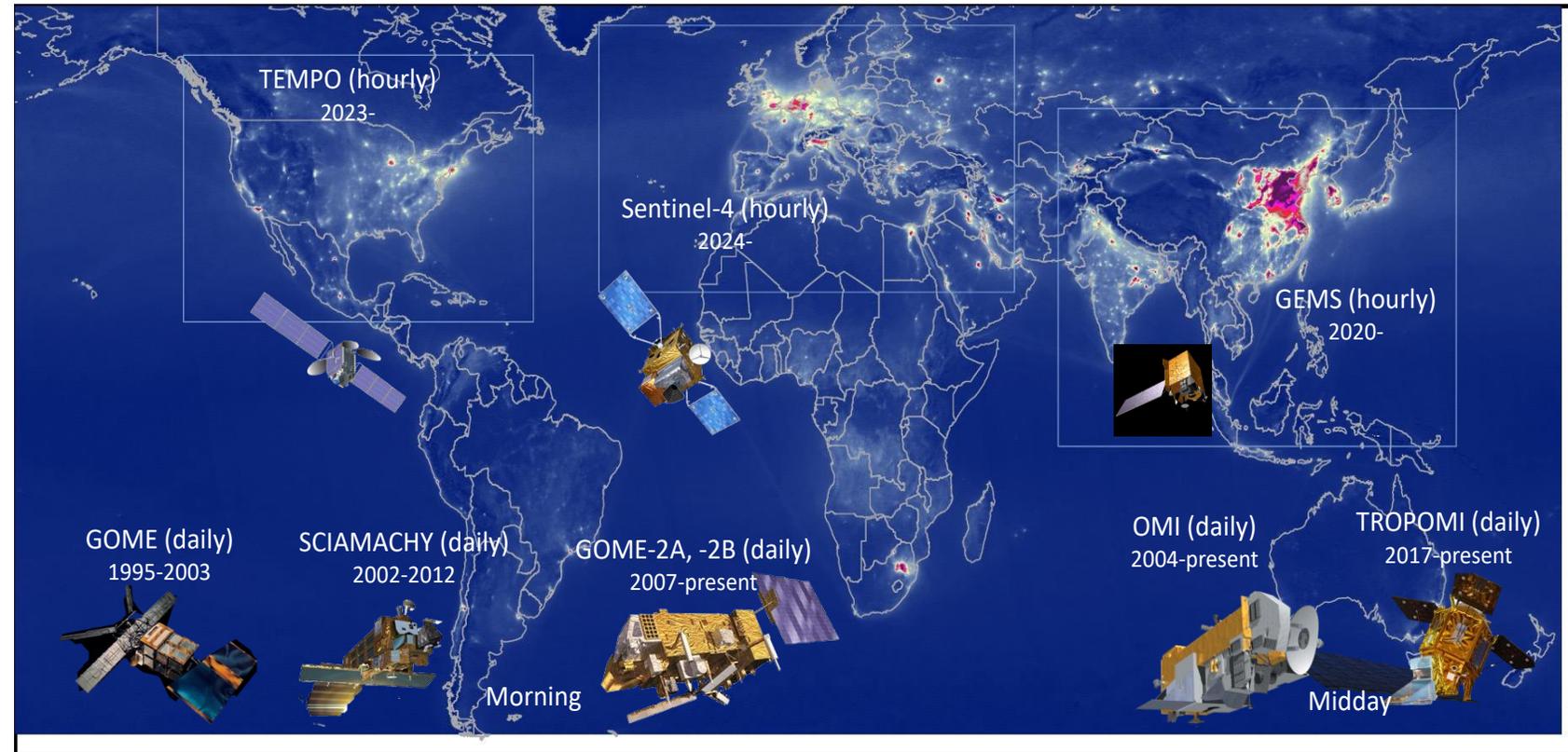
PROGRAMME OF THE EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with



Satellite Tropospheric NO₂ Observations



These efforts are highly relevant for emerging CEOS Atmospheric Composition Virtual Constellation GEO missions: GEMS (2020-), TEMPO (2023-), and Sentinel-4 (2024-)

- **NASA Program:** Making Earth System Data Records (**ESDRs**) for Use in Research Environments (**MEaSUREs**).
- **Project:** Multi-Decadal Nitrogen Dioxide and Derived Products from Satellites (**MINDS**): <https://www.earthdata.nasa.gov/esds/competitive-programs/measures/minds>.
Project PI: Lok Lamsal
- **EU and ESA projects:** Quality Assurance for Essential Climate Variables (**QA4ECV**) and Climate Change Initiative (**CCI**) on Essential Climate Variables precursors for aerosols and ozone (**CCI ECV**): <https://climate.esa.int/en/projects/precursors-for-aerosols-and-ozone/>
Project PI for NO₂: Folkert Boersma

ESDR name	DOI	Level	Satellite/ Instrument	Period	Data Citation/ release
TROPOMI_MINDS_NO2	10.5067/MEASURES/MINDS/DATA203	L2 pm	S5P/ TROPOMI	2018 -	[Lamsal et al., 2022d]
OMI_MINDS_NO2	10.5067/MEASURES/MINDS/DATA204	L2 pm	Aura/OMI	2005 -	[Lamsal et al., 2022a]
OMI_MINDS_NO2_L2G	10.5067/MEASURES/MINDS/DATA214	L2G pm	Aura/OMI	2005 -	[Lamsal et al., 2022b]
OMI_MINDS_NO2_L3	10.5067/MEASURES/MINDS/DATA304	L3 pm	Aura/OMI	2005 -	[Lamsal et al., 2022c]
GOME_MINDS_NO2	<u>TBA</u>	L2 am	ERS-2/ GOME	1995 - 2003	2023
GOME2A/B_MINDS_NO2	<u>TBA</u>	L2 am	MetOp/ GOME-2A/B	2006-	2023

- Lamsal et al., 2022a, OMI/Aura NO₂ Tropospheric, Stratospheric & Total Columns MINDS 1-Orbit L2 Swath 13 km x 24 km, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center (GES DISC): https://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/datasets/OMI_MINDS_NO2_1.1/summary
- Lamsal, et al., 2022b, OMI/Aura NO₂ Tropospheric, Stratospheric & Total Columns MINDS Daily L2 Global Gridded 0.25 degree x 0.25 degree, GES DISC https://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/datasets/OMI_MINDS_NO2G_1.1/summary
- Lamsal, et al., 2022c, OMI/Aura NO₂ Tropospheric, Stratospheric & Total Columns MINDS Daily L3 Global Gridded 0.25 degree x 0.25 degree, GES DISC: https://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/datasets/OMI_MINDS_NO2d_1.1/summary
- Lamsal, et al., 2022d, TROPOMI/S5P NO₂ Tropospheric, Stratospheric and Total Columns MINDS 1-Orbit L2 Swath 5.5 km x 3.5 km, GES DISC: https://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/datasets/TROPOMI_MINDS_NO2_1.1/summary



OMI NO₂ algorithms



PROGRAMME OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with



Algorithm	EU QA4ECV	NASA MINDS
Reference	Boersma et al., 2018	Lamsal et al., 2021
NO ₂ slant column density	QDOAS	Modified DOAS (Marchenko et al., 2015)
Surface reflectivity	LER climatology at 0.5°x0.5° (Kleipool et al., 2008)	GLER [*]) at OMI FoVs (Qin et al., 2019; Fasnacht et al., 2019)
Cloud correction	KNMI O ₂ -O ₂ algorithm LER climatology-based (Veeffkind et al., 2016)	NASA O ₂ -O ₂ algorithm GLER-based (Vasilkov et al., 2018; Lamsal et al., 2021)
A-priori NO ₂ profiles	TM5 at 1° x 1°	GMI ^{**} at 0.25° x 0.25°
Strat-trop NO ₂ separation	TM5 data assimilation	Observation-based (Bucsela et al., 2013)

* Poster: Qin et al., Geometry Dependent Lambertian Equivalent Reflectivity (GLER) **Global Modeling Initiative (GMI)

- Boersma, K. F., et al., 2018, Improving algorithms and uncertainty estimates for satellite NO₂ retrievals: results from the quality assurance for the essential climate variables (QA4ECV) project, Atmos. Meas. Tech., 11, 6651–6678, <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-11-6651-2018>
- Lamsal, at al., 2021, Ozone Monitoring Instrument (OMI) Aura nitrogen dioxide standard product version 4.0 with improved surface and cloud treatments, Atmos. Meas. Tech., 14, 455–479, <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-14-455-2021>



OMI NO₂ trends: 2005 - 2021



PROGRAMME OF THE EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with

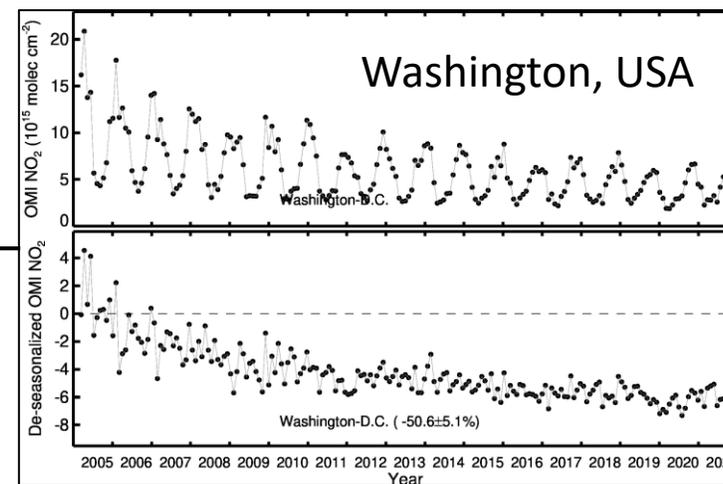
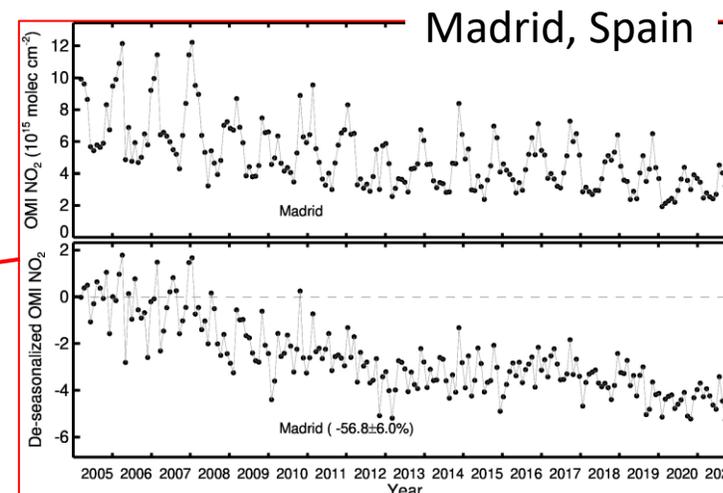
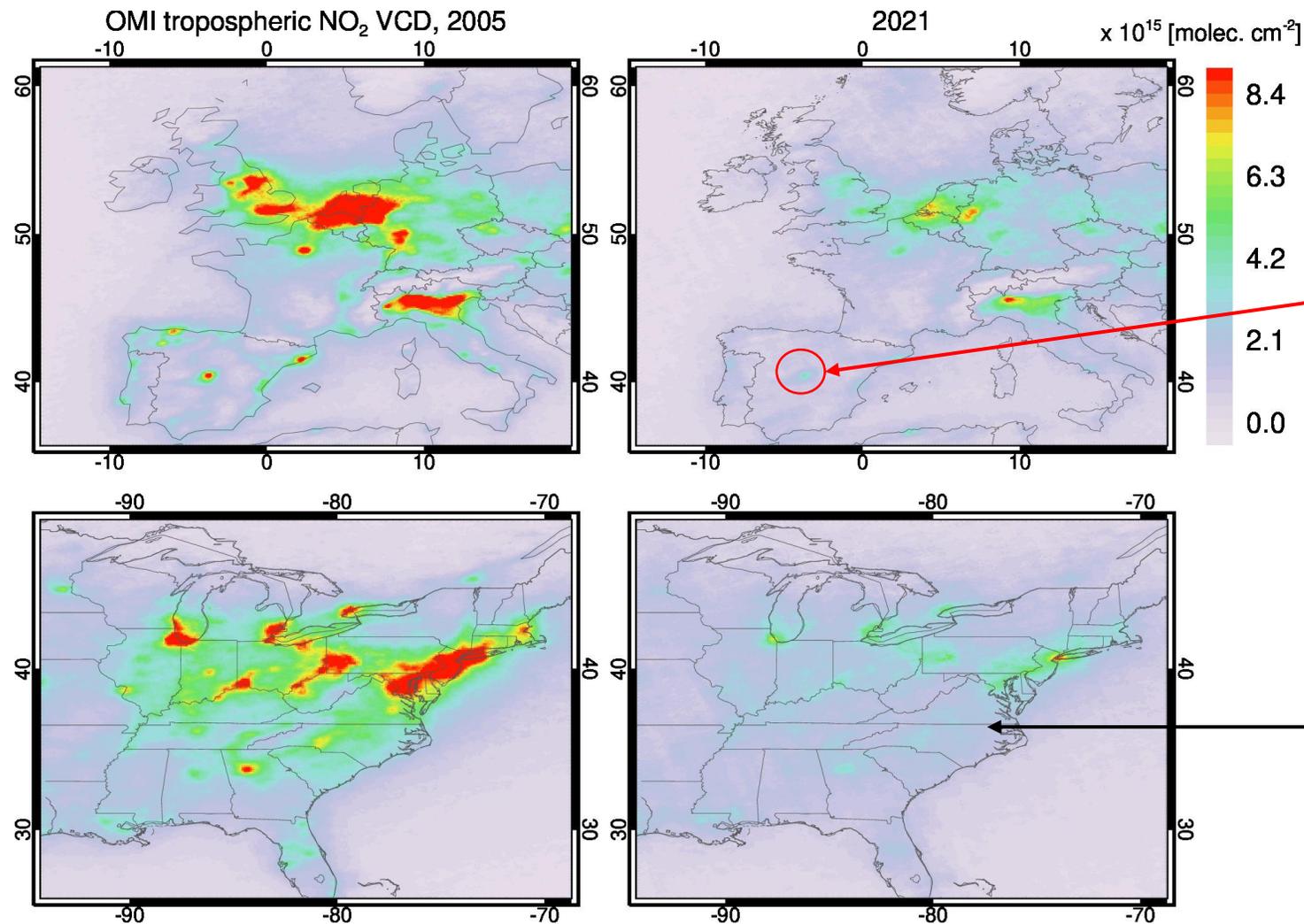


OMI NO₂ global and regional maps

<https://avdc.gsfc.nasa.gov>

OMI NO₂ timeseries for 300+ cities and 300+ power plants

<https://airquality.gsfc.nasa.gov/no2>





OMI Global NO₂ monitoring web site: COVID-19 anomalies



PROGRAMME OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with



https://so2.gsfc.nasa.gov/no2/no2_index.html

Home README/FAQs News Publications Personnel Data Access & Links

AURA OMI average tropospheric NO₂ maps

Please **README** to better understand the data
(You may need to enable popups on your browser)

NO₂ images will be displayed by clicking on a diamond or

Select a City

NO₂ time series data (csv files) are **now** available

Select a City

For a bigger picture, select a region

Select a Region

Or a video of a region

Select a Region

90°
60°
30°
0°
-30°
-60°
-90°

-180° -150° -120° -90° -60° -30° 0° 30° 60° 90° 120° 150° 180°

Plots & Movies Data (csv file)

Rome OMI data

Aura/OMI NO₂ for Rome, Italy (12.45E, 41.90N)
1° Latitude x 1° Longitude box around city center

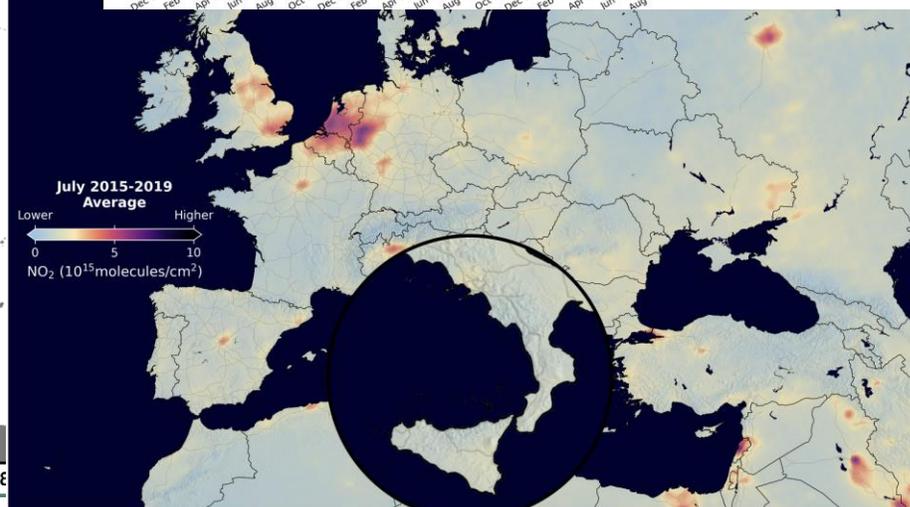
Click image for recent 15 day running average

0.0 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0
Aura/OMI 15 Day Running Mean NO₂ Column [10¹⁵ molecules/cm²] (Gray: No Data)

-2 -1 0 1 2
NO₂ Column Difference [10¹⁵ molec/cm²]

Image Credit: NASA

* Hatchin





Applying OMI NO₂ algorithm to TROPOMI



PROGRAMME OF THE EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with



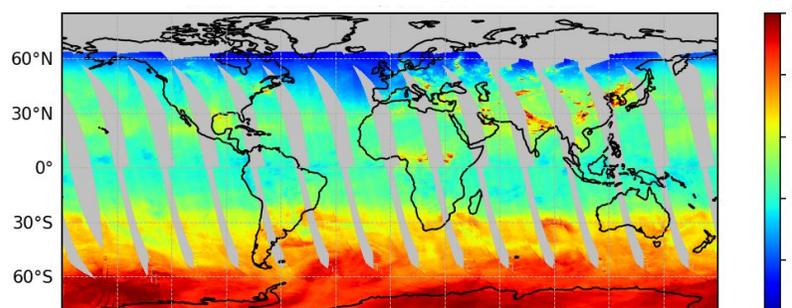
Algorithm	ESA/KNMI (Operational)	NASA
NO ₂ algorithm heritage	QA4ECV [Boersma et al., 2018]	OMI MINDS NO ₂ [Lamsal et al., 2021,2022]
NO ₂ slant columns	ESA/KNMI (Operational)	Same
Surface reflectivity	OMLER climatology** at 0.5° x0.5°	GLER at TROPOMI FoV [see Poster: Wenhan et al.]
Cloud products	OMLER climatology-based	GLER-based
A-priori NO ₂ profiles	TM5 at 1° x 1°	*GMI-Replay at 0.25° x 0.25°
Strat-trop NO ₂ separation	TM5 data assimilation	Observation-based (Bucsela et al., 2013)

* Global Modeling Initiative (GMI) model – see presentation by Brad Fisher

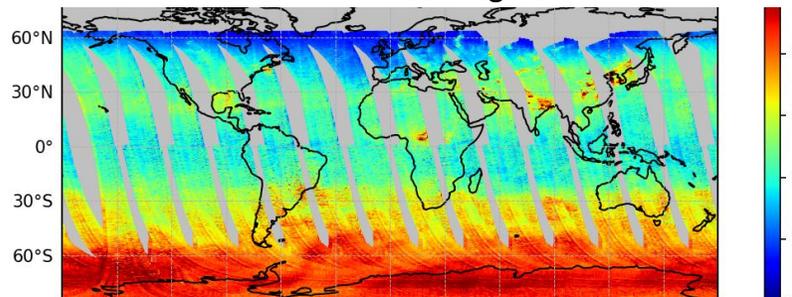
**Will be replaced with the S5P Directional Lambertian Equivalent Reflectivity (DLER) in new version

- Compared normalized SCDs from TROPOMI (S5P-PAL) with OMI (both QA4ECV & NASA retrievals)
- TROPOMI SCDs were averaged over OMI footprints for comparison
- TROPOMI NO₂ SCDs are less noisy than OMI, but appear little higher than two independent OMI NO₂ retrievals

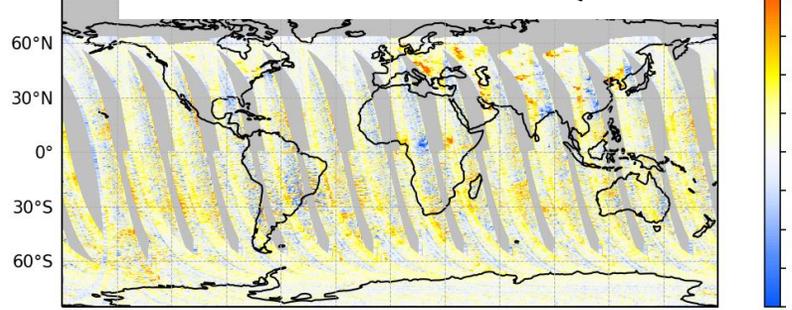
TROPOMI SCD/AMF_{geom} 2018-12-20



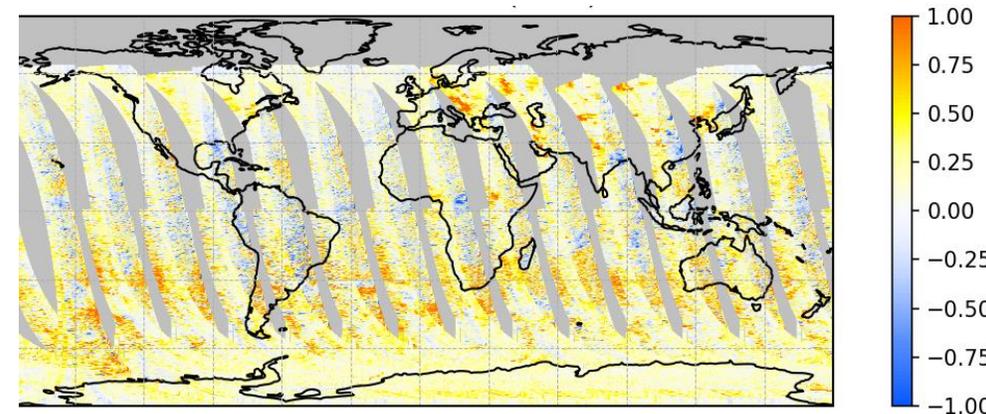
OMI QA4ECV SCD/AMF_{geom} 2018-12-20



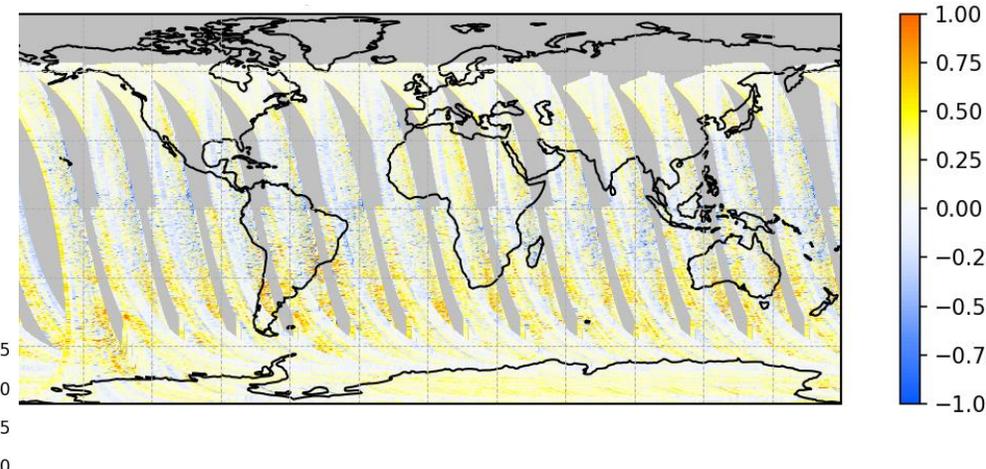
TROPOMI PAL - OMI QA4ECV



TROPOMI PAL - OMI NASA



OMI QA4ECV - OMI NASA





OMI vs TROPOMI Tropospheric NO₂



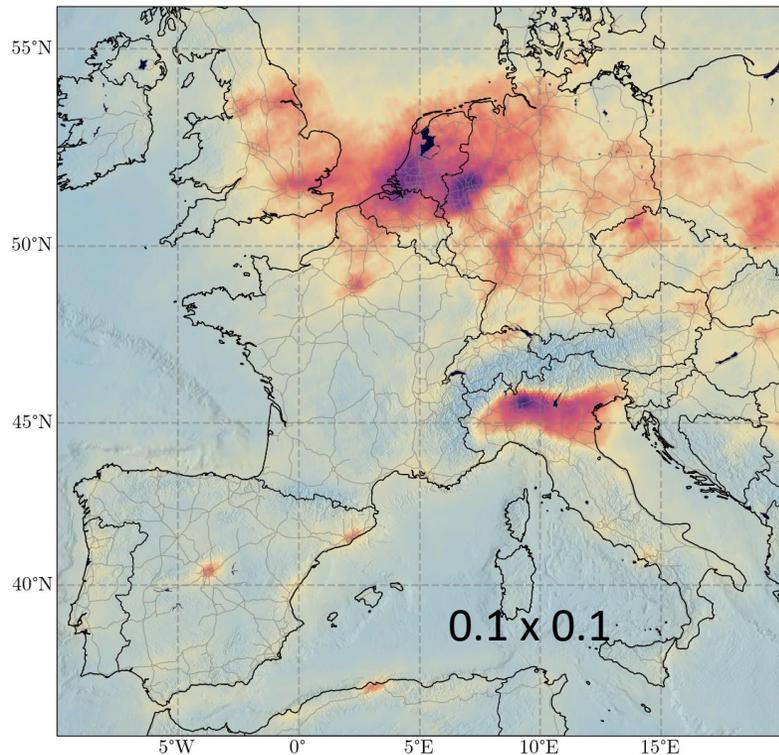
PROGRAMME OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION



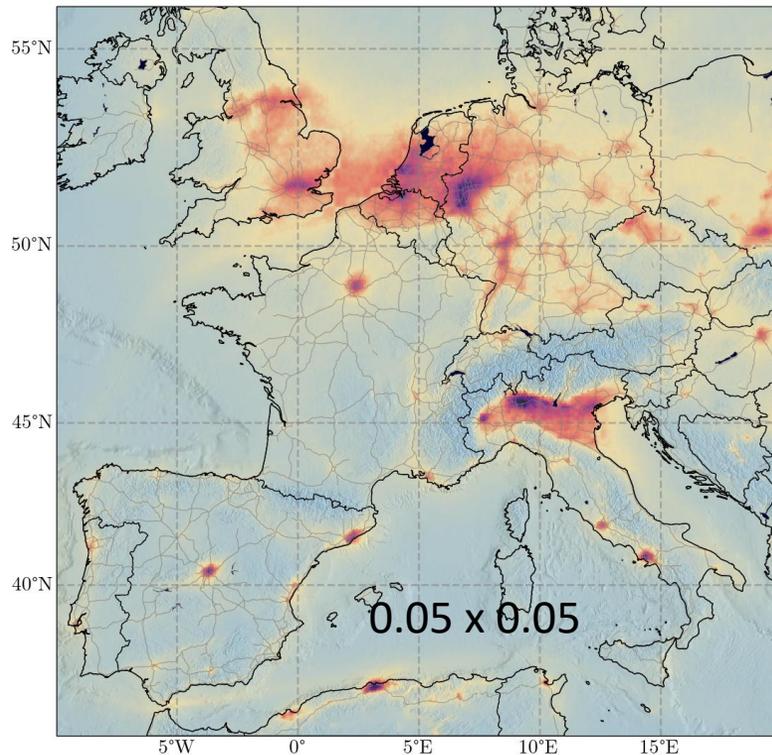
co-funded with



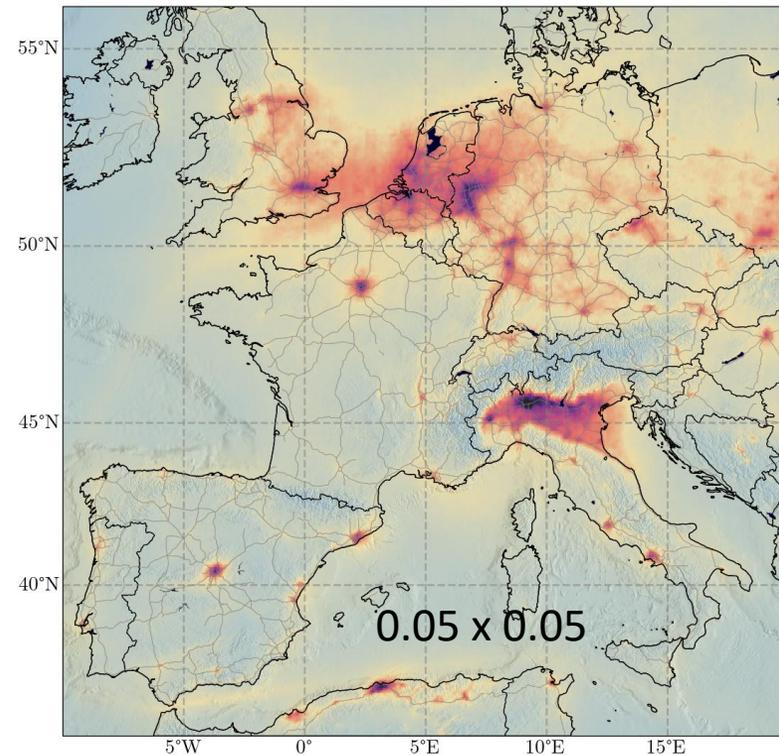
OMI NASA



TROPOMI NASA



TROPOMI PAL



2020 annual average Tropospheric NO₂

0

2

4

6

8

10

Tropospheric NO₂ (10¹⁵ mol./cm²)



OMI continuation by TROPOMI: power plants



PROGRAMME OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with

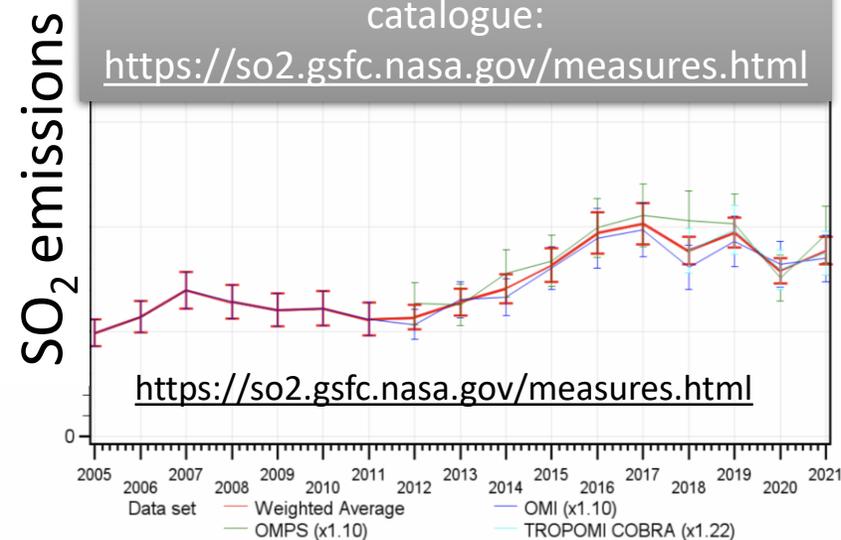


Vindhyachal

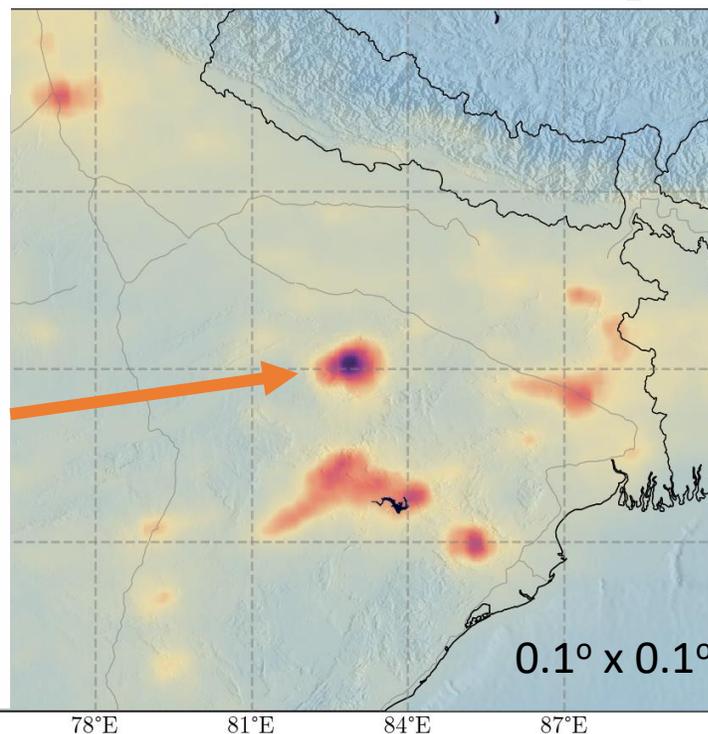
Thermal Power Station, India

The OMI-OMPS-TROPOMI SO₂ emissions catalogue:
<https://so2.gsfc.nasa.gov/measures.html>

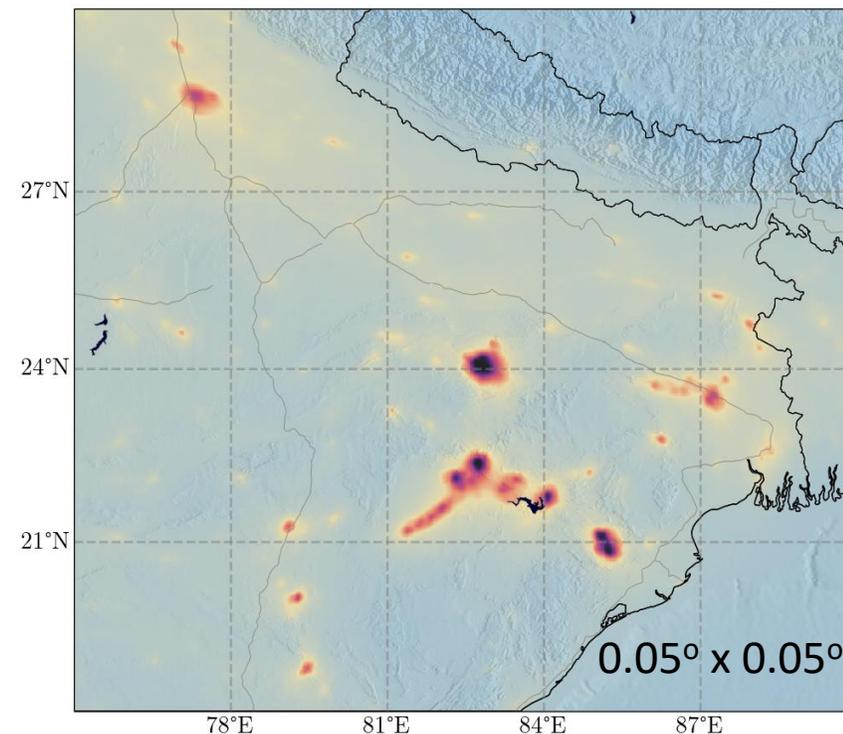
<https://so2.gsfc.nasa.gov/measures.html>



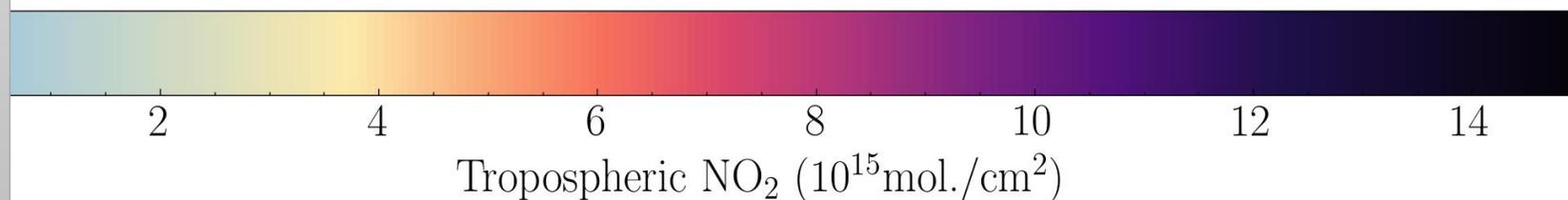
OMI NASA NO₂



TROPOMI NASA NO₂



2020

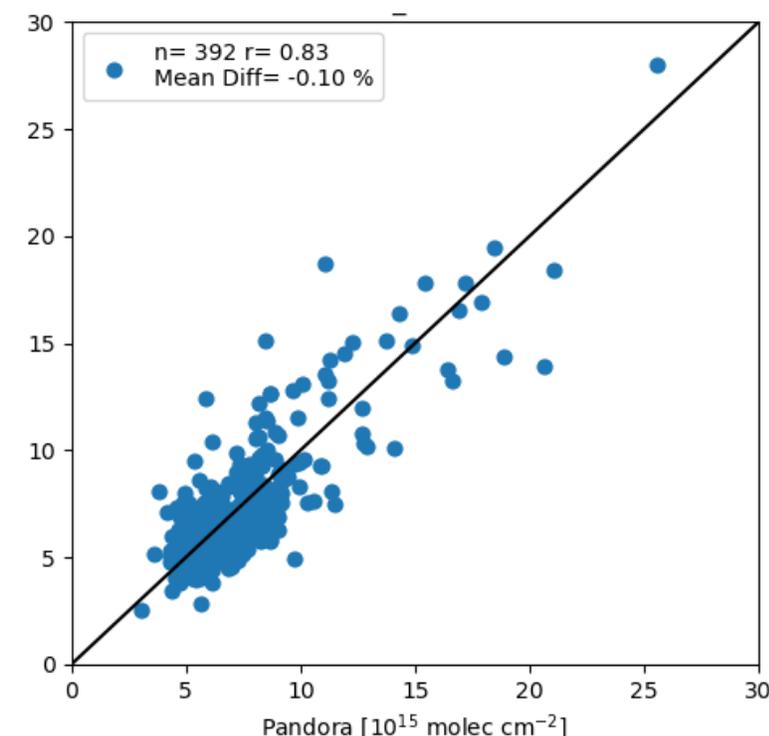
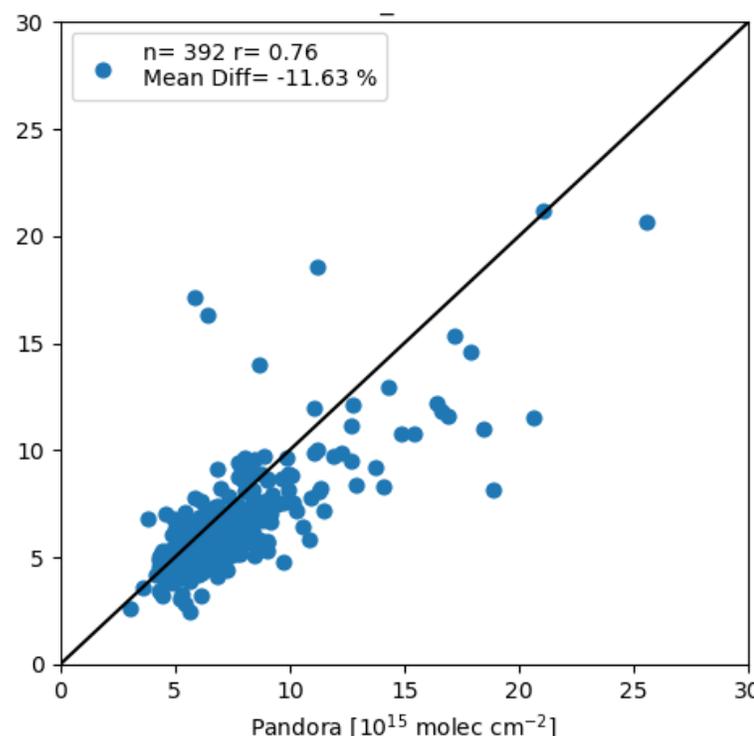
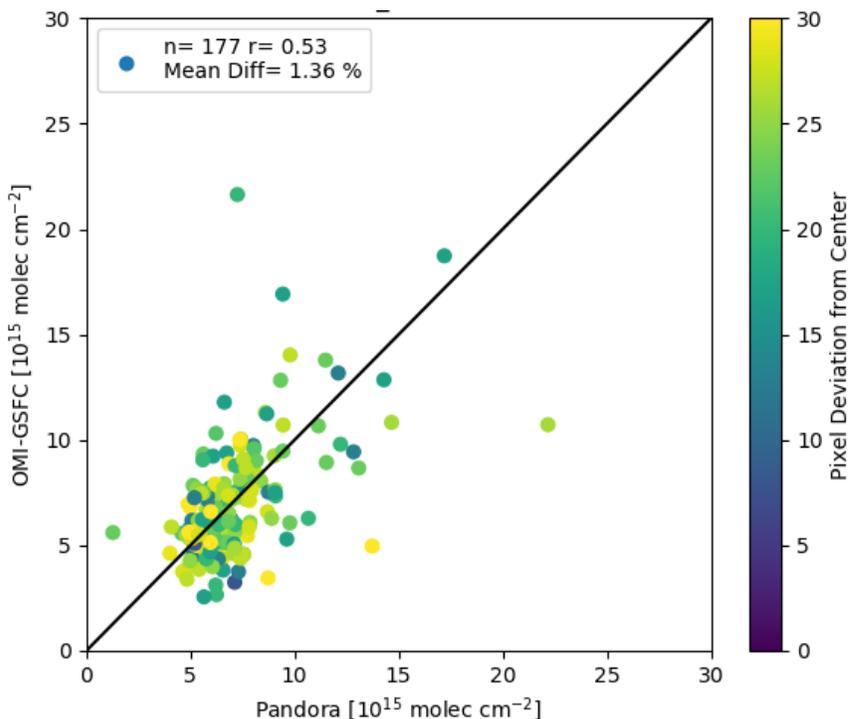


See poster by Fioletov, V. et al.: Version 2 of the global catalogue of large anthropogenic and volcanic SO₂ sources and emissions derived from satellite measurements, Earth Syst. Sci. Data Discuss.,
<https://doi.org/10.5194/essd-2022-281>

OMI vs Pandora

TROPOMI operational S5P-PAL/OFFLINE, v2.3.1

TROPOMI NASA S5P-PAL/OFFLINE, v2.3.1



Greenbelt, Maryland



Summary



PROGRAMME OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with



- ✓ Updated NASA OMI NO₂ web site – <https://airquality.gsfc.nasa.gov/no2>
- ✓ Continued NASA COVID-19 NO₂ monitoring web site:
https://so2.gsfc.nasa.gov/no2/no2_index.html
- ✓ Released NASA OMI-continuation TROPOMI NO₂ data:
https://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/datasets/TROPOMI_MINDS_NO2_1.1/summary
- ✓ Compared OMI with TROPOMI NO₂:
 - TROPOMI **SCDs are higher** than OMI over background areas
 - TROPOMI trop. **VCDs are lower** over background areas, but higher over pollution sources.
 - Merging OMI and TROPOMI trop. VCDs requires accounting for different background.
- ✓ TROPOMI NO₂ data agree better with PANDORA NO₂ measurements



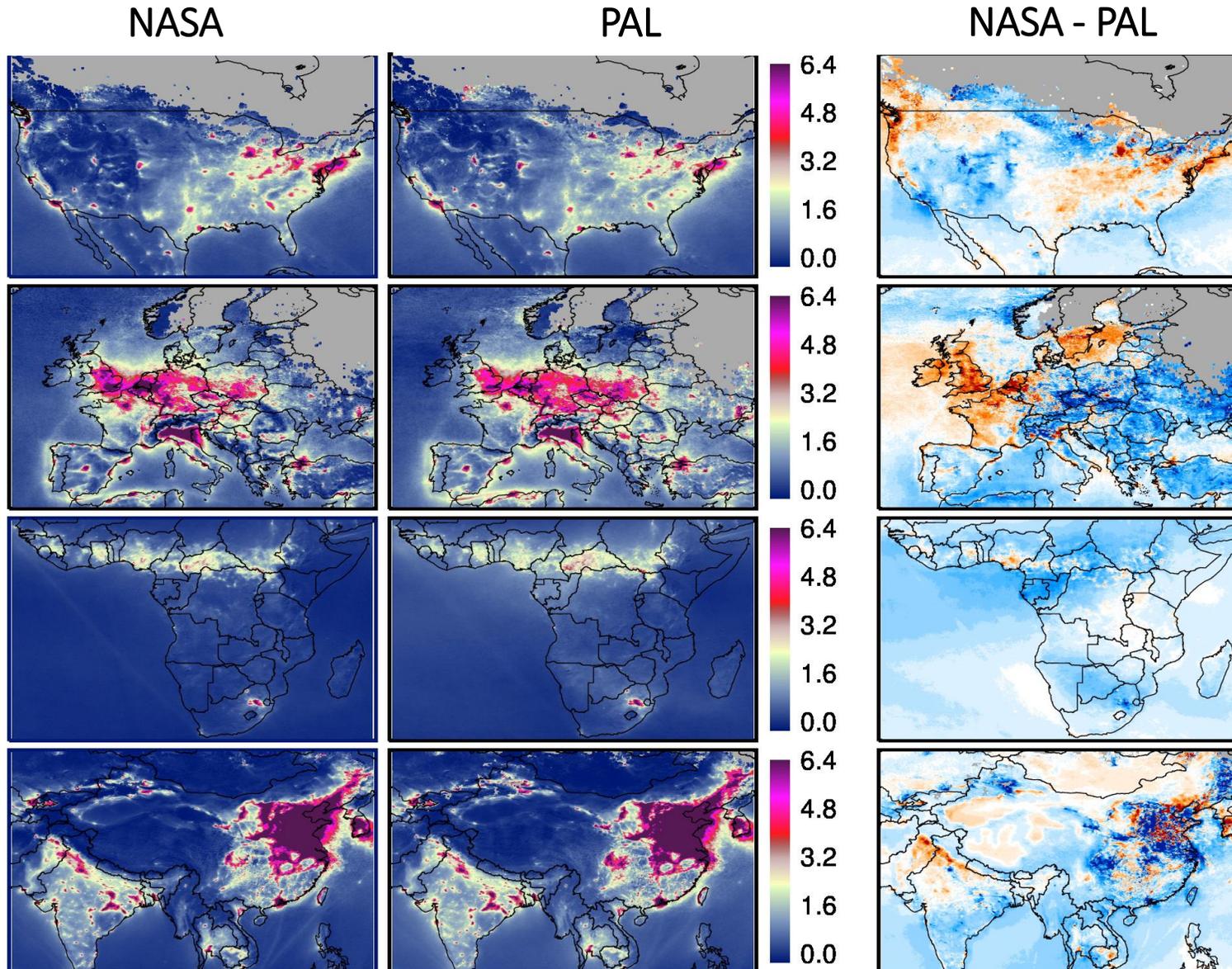
TROPOMI tropospheric NO₂ NASA vs Operational



PROGRAMME OF THE
EUROPEAN UNION



co-funded with



- In polluted areas NASA tropospheric AMFs are smaller and VCDs are higher because of the use of GLER and *a priori* inputs.
- In background areas, PAL VCDs are higher primarily due to the difference in stratospheric NO₂ columns.

Dec2019-Jan2020-Feb2020