# **COPERNICUS IN-SITU COMPONENT** & COPERNICUS POLAR ROADMAP

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PROGRAMME OF THE EUROPEAN UNION

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European Environmen Agency



# Why in-situ data in Copernicus?

In situ

Copernicus in-situ data: **observations, reference and ancillary data** licensed or provided for use in Copernicus

### What for?

- Production and validation in Copernicus services
- As stand-alone **observation** products
- Cal/Val of satellite sensors

In-situ data comes from a myriad of data providers and networks at national, regional and global level.



Without in-situ data, Copernicus simply cannot deliver its data, products and services – including on the polar regions





# **Copernicus In-Situ and the role of EEA**

In situ

Entrusted Entities access and manage in-situ data directly according to their operational needs on a day-to-day basis.

The EEA intervenes when a coordinated approach to accessing in-situ data is required at a programmatic level.











# **Examples of cross-cutting in-situ activities (I)**

## In situ Report on Arctic In-Situ data availability

Assessment of Copernicus requirements for Arctic in-situ data vs available data.

Severe gaps identified in:

- Central Arctic
- Timely availability and quality of observations
- Non-European regions
- Fit-for-purpose of observation technology
- Data management structures
- Sustainability of observing systems





### Catalogue of on-going and former Arctic time-limited (research) observation campaigns

A total of 169 projects with in-situ observations surveyed, with 34% with open and free data

Table 5. Distribution of identified time-limited projects in the various categories of data availability

Category	Number of EU funded projects	Number of nationally funded	Number of regionally	Sum
		projects	projects	
Project has made in-situ observations and data freely available	14	37	6	57
Data is centrally managed with access based on request (uncertain if it is free or not)	7	62	1	70
Data is centrally managed without access information	6	9	6	21
Data is not centrally managed with access based on request	5	3	3	11
Data not centrally managed and without access information	4	4	0	8
Project has not made any in-situ observations	23	1	0	24
information has not yet been received from coordinator	15	11	0	26











# Examples of cross-cutting in-situ activities (II)

In situ

# Icelandic weather station data used in CARRA (C3S) available to Copernicus

Full time series from 403 weather stations going as far back as 1997 released as open data (CC-BY 4.0 license)



# Assessing potential of emerging observations

Feasibility assessment of fishing vessels and marine mammal observations for CMEMS



Figure 1. locations of fishing vessel observations in the Arctic seas. Left figure: red – mobile gear, blue – fixed gear, right figure: red – water temperature profiles only; blue – both water temperature and sainity profiles are available.

# Inventory of relevant sea ice and snow observations

### Inventory and report to be ready in Q4 2024

General for the data set	For each parameter
Snow Data ID	Instrument
Data set name	Unit
Version number	Accuracy
Description	Temporal coverage
DOI	Temporal resolution
	1min, 10min, 1h, daily, weekly, monthly, other
Location	Spatial resolution
Latitude / Longitude / Elevation / Country / Free	horizontal, for snow courses etc.
description	
Snow parameters	Vertical resolution
snow depth, snow density, SWE, layers,	height in snowpack
hardness, wetness, grain size, grain type, LWC,	
SSA, reflectance, albedo, black carbon content,	
precipitation, precipitation particle type,	
backscattering, brightness temperature, partial	
snow cover, snow temperature, snow isotopes,	
snow surface temperature etc.	
Other parameters	Measurement protocol
link or access point; soil frost, air temperature,	
topography, landcover type, land use type, etc.	
License	Category
e.g. CC-BY 4.0	automated / manual / semi-automated
Access to data	Other remarks
e.g. downloadable from website, contact person	
Related materials	
e.g. use cases, applications, publications (DOI)	
Measurement protocol	
Other remarks	



# **Evolution of the Copernicus In-Situ component**





## **Evolution of the Copernicus In-Situ in the polar regions**



Data sparse regions, including  $\checkmark$ polar areas

Sustainable research  $\checkmark$ infrastructures and initiatives

Strengthening partnerships

Long-term evolution







European

## **Evolution of the Copernicus In-Situ in the polar regions**





- Data sparse regions, including  $\checkmark$ polar areas
- Sustainable research infrastructures and initiatives
- $\checkmark$ International arrangements with relevant countries (e.g. Canada)
- ✓ UN initiatives such as WMO SOFF







## Evolution of the Copernicus In-Situ in the polar regions





- Data sparse regions, including  $\checkmark$ polar areas
- Sustainable research infrastructures and initiatives
- $\checkmark$ International arrangements with relevant countries (e.g. Canada)
- UN initiatives such as WMO SOFF
- In-situ needs of relevant new  $\checkmark$ missions (CRISTAL, ROSE-L, CIMR)

European

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**Research to operations**  $\checkmark$ 

European nvironment



# **Copernicus In-Situ and the Polar Roadmap**

- In situ
- How could Copernicus In-Situ contribute to the implementation of the roadmap?
- Overview of requirements and data availability
- Collaboration with polar scientific and research networks
- Open up more observational data, NRT
- Enrich in-situ knowledge of the Arctic Hub
- Data rescue activities
- Explore the value of novel observation technologies and alternative data sources
- Support cal/val missions









