





CHRIS/PROBA-1 CROSS-MISSION CALIBRATION

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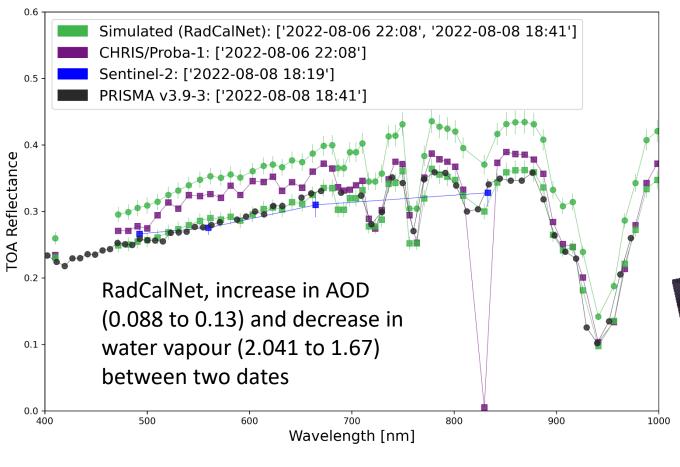
Introduction



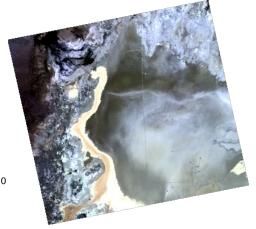
- Compact High Resolution Imaging Spectrometer (CHRIS): Up to 62 channels over the 400-1050 nm, operating in five modes with an originally defined nadir ground sampling distance of 17 m.
- Calibration sites are collected using Mode 1, 62 channels and 34 m resolution (in practice, this is now approx. 40 m resolution)
- To acquire additional comparisons, during August 2022, a cross-mission campaign was organised with the PRISMA team.
- The three sites we focused on were Barrax, La Crau, and Railroad Valley, where the latter two have RadCalNet measurements.
- RadCalNet (Bouvet et al. 2019) provides SI-traceable, spectrally resolved top-of-atmosphere reflectance for a nadir view at 30 min. Spectral sampling of 10 nm intervals covering the 400 nm to 1000 nm spectral range, with longer wavelengths (up to 2500 nm) where available.







PRISMA Level 1C data





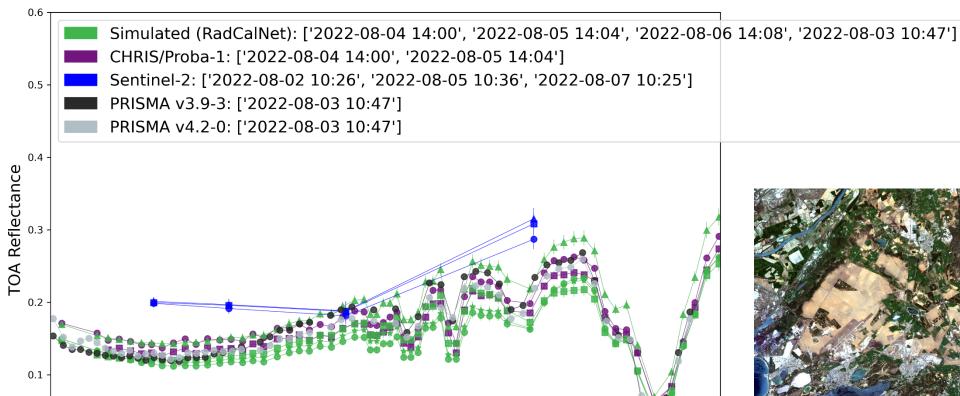
Sentinel-2A MSI Level 1C

CHRIS/Proba-1, PRISMA and Sentinel-2 MSI spectra alongside RadCalNet for the Railroad Valley site during 2022. The symbol date order is square, then circle.

CHRIS Level 1A data

Multi-Sensor Analysis: La Crau





800

900

1000

PRISMA Level 1 data

CHRIS/Proba-1, PRISMA and Sentinel-2 MSI and EnMAP spectra alongside RadCalNet for the La Crau site during 2022. Symbol date order is square, circle, triangle, pentagon, and star.

700

Wavelength [nm]

400

500

600

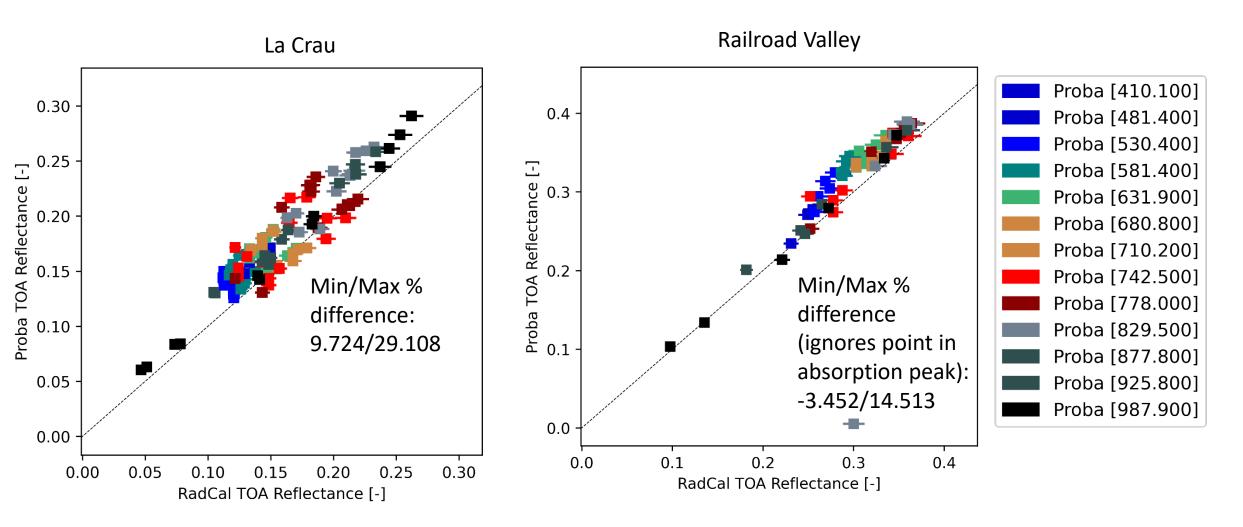


CHRIS Level 1A data

S2A MSI Level 1C

RadCalNet Site Analysis: Comparisons

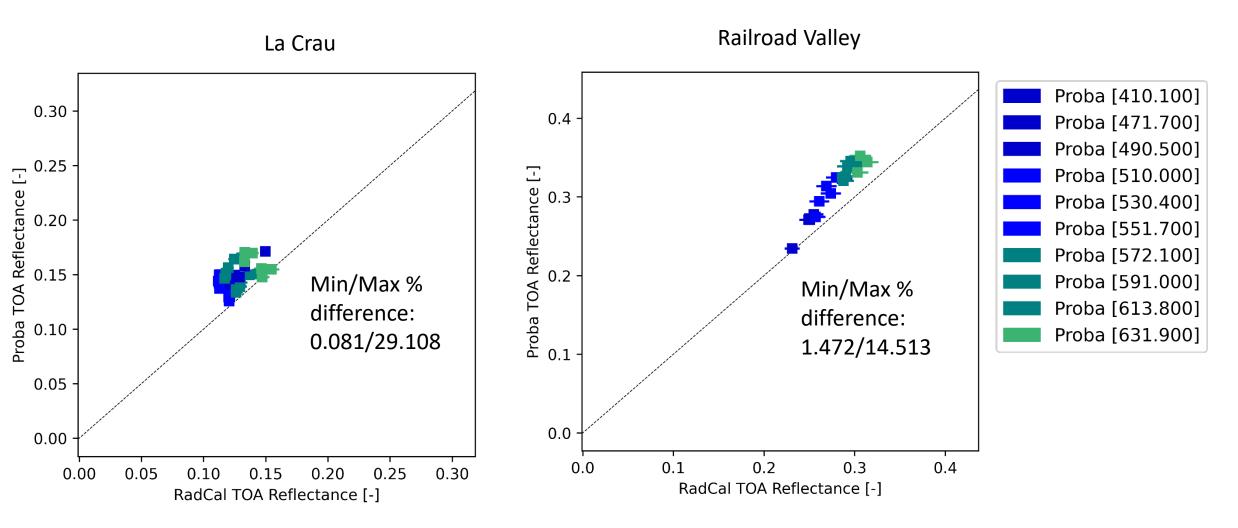




Spectral difference between the CHRIS Mode 1 and RadCalNet for both sites

RadCalNet Site Analysis: Comparisons





Spectral difference between the CHRIS Mode 1 and RadCalNet for both sites

Conclusions



- CHRIS-Proba provides a useful dataset, both historically and going forward in parallel with the launch of new hyperspectral missions.
- In addition to the historical analysis with the Barrax test site, analysis has been expanded to RadCalNet sites alongside comparisons to other hyperspectral and multispectral missions.
- The multi-sensors comparisons against CHRIS/Proba-1 appear to show that the instrument performs reasonably well, considering that it hasn't been calibrated since the start of the mission.
- However, plotting values against RadCalNet shows the size of the difference, which is much larger than the target for modern-day sensors. So, work must continue to ensure the radiometric characteristics are suitable for time-series analysis.
- RadCalNet is a very useful on-land reference and, in the future, will be joined by the HYPERNETS network for above-water sites.

ESA campaign data courtesy of ESA and those involved in the campaigns, RadCalNet data courtesy of the network (https://doi.org/10.3390/rs11202401), Sentinel-2 courtesy of ESA/Copernicus, PRISMA courtesy of ASI and CHRIS/Proba-1 is jointly operated by ESA and SSTL, with support from Airbus DS and RSAC.