

Product Assurance for Space Reusable Vehicle

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→ THE EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY

TRANSPORTATION IN AND FROM SPACE





Space Rider

OBJECTIVE

To develop a reusable orbital customizable/standardized system multiple commercial and institutional applications (microgravity, IOV/IOD for Earth observation, science, robotic exploration) able to perform in-orbit payloads operations, de-orbit, reenter, land on ground and be relaunched after limited refurbishment

HERITAGE

Composed by a stack of 2 upgraded existing modules:

- AVUM Orbital Service Module derived from the AVUM+ upgraded with a life extension Kit
- → Re-entry Module derived from the IXV re-entry demonstrator, upgraded to land on ground and re-fly, with a Multi-Purpose Cargo Bay dedicated to payloads



More than two

months in Low

Earth Orbit







IOV/IOD and **Microgravity** experiments



Image credit: European Space Agency (ESA)

CHALLENGES

- → To develop and qualify the first European reusable system to perform multiple missions into space, enabling Europe to gain practical experience on reusability and re-flyability of flown hardware
- → To commercialise a novel service for a variety of commercial and institutional space and non-space applications

THE SPACE RIDER SYSTEM AND MISSION *





System Specificities

AVUM⁺ is VEGA-C 4th stage, with reuse of its main functions (Propulsion, Attitude Control, TLM) with minor adaptions required for thermal control

ALEK is the adaptation kit required for orbital life extension, acting as service module during the orbital phase and providing Power (Solar Panels), GNC & Propulsion

RM is a lifting body which carries the experiments/payloads inside the Multi-Purpose Cargo Bay, and returns to Earth for landing and re-flight

Image credit: European Space Agency (ESA)

Mission sequence

- Launch and Ascent Phase
- LEOP and Commissioning
- Micro-G Operational Mode
- Altitude Control Maneuver
- IOD/IOV Operational Mode
- Deorbiting
- AOM Safe Splash Down
- RM Landing
- Payload Recovery
- RM Refurbish for Re-fly

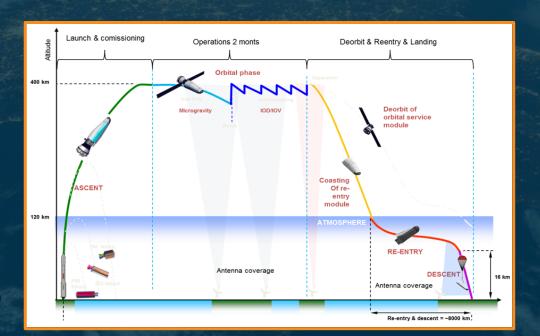
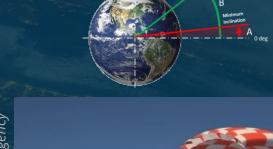


Image credit: European Space Agency (ESA)

Landing Sites

A Kourou (Primary) for Equatorial mission with max P/L capability

S. Maria Azores (Secondary) for higher inclination missions





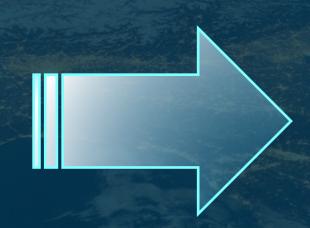
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EUROPEAN STANDARDIZATION



European Cooperation for Space Standardization (ECSS)

- supported by several agencies and companies.



Currently, no European Standard for Reusability

..In Space Rider we implemented ad-hoc solutions to survive the lack of normative

REUSABILITY- the Golden circle





- Environment sustainability
- Cost
- Time
- Enhanced Reliability
- Commercial opportunity

REUSABILITY- the Golden circle

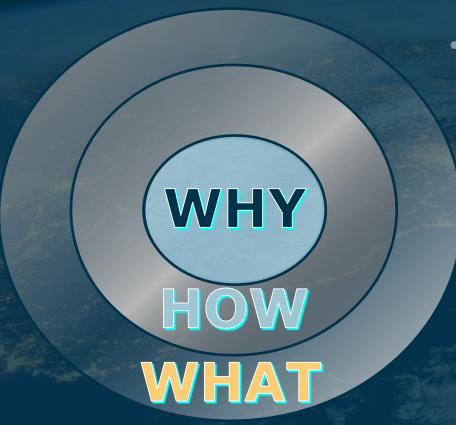




- Reusability by DESIGN
- Qualification
- Post-flight data analysis (mechanical & thermal environment, in-flight failures)
- Post-Flight Testability/Inspectability
- Refurbishment/Maintenance
- RE-FLIGHT worthiness

REUSABILITY- the Golden circle





- Spacecraft
- Space Launch Vehicle or stages



Falcon 9 re-entry



IXV recovery

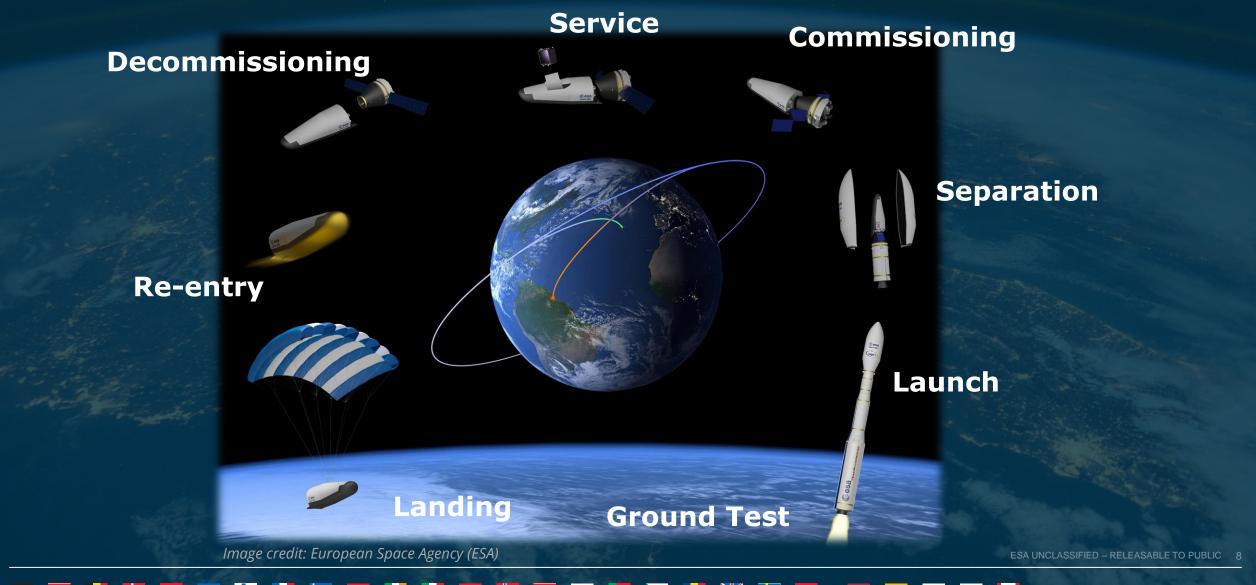


Crew Dragon recovery

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Mission environment – Reusable space vehicle





Challenges for Reusability – PA focus



- Materials & Processes → Mission performances & degradation
- Reliability Analysis (test coverage, hidden failures)
- Quality Control for RE-Flight worthiness -> Post-flight Inspections, Inflight data analysis & Non-conformities, lesson learned

→need for Standards for Reusability to cover:

- Material and processes Qualification guidelines
- Defects catalogue
- Post flight Inspections (NDIs), Tests
- In-flight Quality Control
- Preventive & Corrective Maintenance
- Reliability Modelling
- Spare policy

Space Rider case: Roadmap up to 1st Flight space transportation













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Space Rider case: Post-flight focus





Expectations



Gaps to be filled by the Standard:

- Safety re-entry
- Materials and processes qualification for reusability
- Post-flight Inspection and Testability
- Maintainability, Refurbishment, Repairability
- Re-flight reviews

Space Rider case:

- Reusability working group set guidelines
 - finalization and detailing done at project level
- Qualification plans and execution treated via RFA (Request for Approval) process, and RFD (Request for Deviation)

Future and proposals



- ESA is assessing the proposal of writing a handbook/technical note to address these gaps and set "common guidelines" for reusability
- This work will capitalize on the lesson learned from Space Rider and other demonstrator projects

Space Rider will be an important step for ESA towards reusability KNOW-HOW and experience





THANK YOU! for your attention ©



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