

International Cooperation

Thematic Session – 17 May 2023

Co-operation on wildfire management for enhancing climate resilience and security: Experiences and perspectives of the OSCE



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OSCE's comprehensive approach to security

- World's largest regional security organization
- 57 participating States in Europe, Asia and North America
- Asian and Mediterranean Partners for Co-operation
- 3 Dimensions:
 - Politico Military Dimension
 - Economic and Environmental Dimension
 - Human Dimension



OSCE – disasters, climate change and security

- Disasters affect the security of people and nations. Climate change increases disaster risks and also acts as a threat multiplier.
- Co-operation on disaster risk reduction and tackling climate change can contribute to good neighbourly relations, conflict prevention and confidence-building.



OSCE – disasters, climate change and security



Implements activities on the ground

(South Caucasus, Eastern Europe, South-Eastern Europe, Central Asia) Offers a platform for political dialogue





Political dialogue

2014 OSCE Ministerial Council Decision "Enhancing Disaster Risk Reduction"





Acknowledges (among others) that:

- Disasters could be a potential additional contributor to conflict.
- Conflicts, poor governance, mismanagement and degradation of natural resources as well as migratory pressures can affect the vulnerability of society to disasters.
- Co-operation in disaster risk management is important in order to diminish tensions as part of a broader effort to prevent conflict, and to build mutual confidence and promote good neighbourly relations.

Calls for (among others):

- an integrated approach to disaster risk management
- promoting good governance and transparency in the field of disaster risk reduction.

Political dialogue

2021 OSCE Ministerial Council Decision

"Strengthening Co-operation to Address the Challenges Caused by Climate Change"



Acknowledges (among others) that:

- effects of climate change can exacerbate economic challenges and environmental degradation, which may negatively affect prosperity, stability and security in the OSCE area.
- effective co-operation by the OSCE participating States in addressing the challenges caused by climate change can be useful in building mutual confidence and promoting good neighbourly relations and thereby contribute to stability, resilience, and prosperity in the OSCE area.

Calls for (among others) **co-operation**:

- on analysis of climate-related risks and impacts
- on early warning
- to foster climate resilience, adaptation, and mitigation
- on disaster risk reduction and management
- on technology and innovation



OSCE activities on the ground

Landscape fire management and wildfire risk reduction

- Forest fire vulnerability assessments;
- Support for developing national fire management policies and early warning systems;
- Regional and cross-regional trainings on preparedness, prevention and response to wildfires;
- Dedicated trainings and exercises to manage fires burning on areas contaminated by radioactivity or unexploded ordnance and land mines;
- Support for establishing a Regional Fire Management Resource Center for Central Asia, based in Mongolia.













OSCE activities on the ground

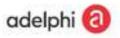
Climate change and security

- Raising awareness on potential security risks stemming from climate change;
- Regional climate security risk assessments and hotspot mapping using a participatory methodology;
- Developing co-operation strategies
 to reduce climate-related security risks
 and implementation plans for
 selected hotspots and pilot
 implementation of selected measures;
- Capacity building and networking within and across regions.









OSCE activities on the ground

Wildfire management to enhance climate resilience and security

In the South Caucasus:

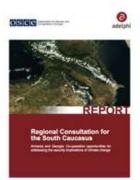
Facilitate cross-border cooperation in two shared hotspots in Northern Armenia and Southern Georgia and North-west Azerbaijan and North-East Georgia.

In South-Eastern Europe:

Strengthen fire prevention and preparedness capacities and promote community-based fire management in the Shar/Šara Mountains and Korab Massif area – a shared nature protection area.

Cross-regional:

Raise awareness on integrated approach to landscape fire management and facilitate networking and best practice sharing across regions.





















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THANK YOU

For more information

https://www.osce.org/oceea/446296

https://www.osce.org/node/521965

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