SPH Simulation of Bolide Entry

7th IAA Planetary Defense Conference

April 2021

Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

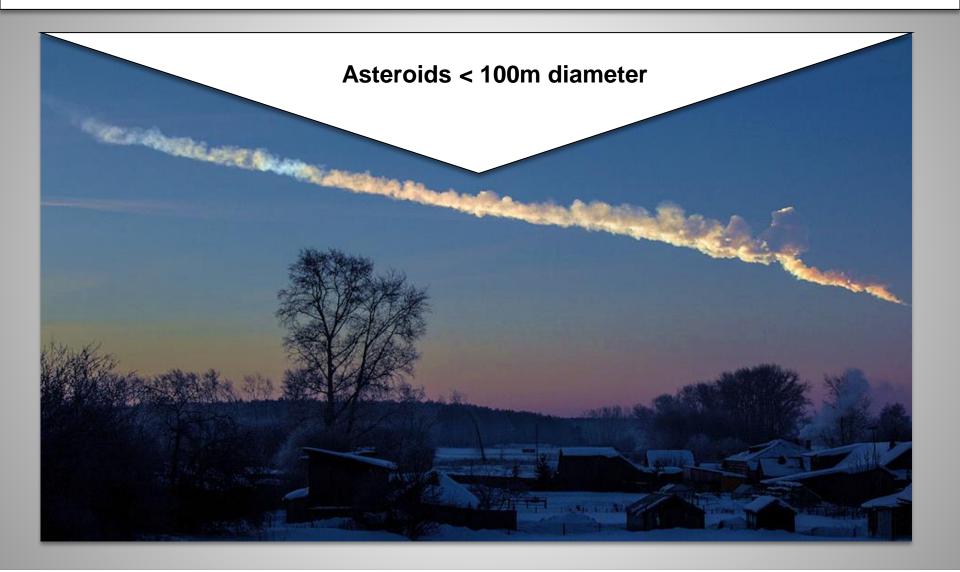
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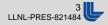
This work was performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy by Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory under Contract DE-AC52-07NA27344. Lawrence Livermore National Security, LLC

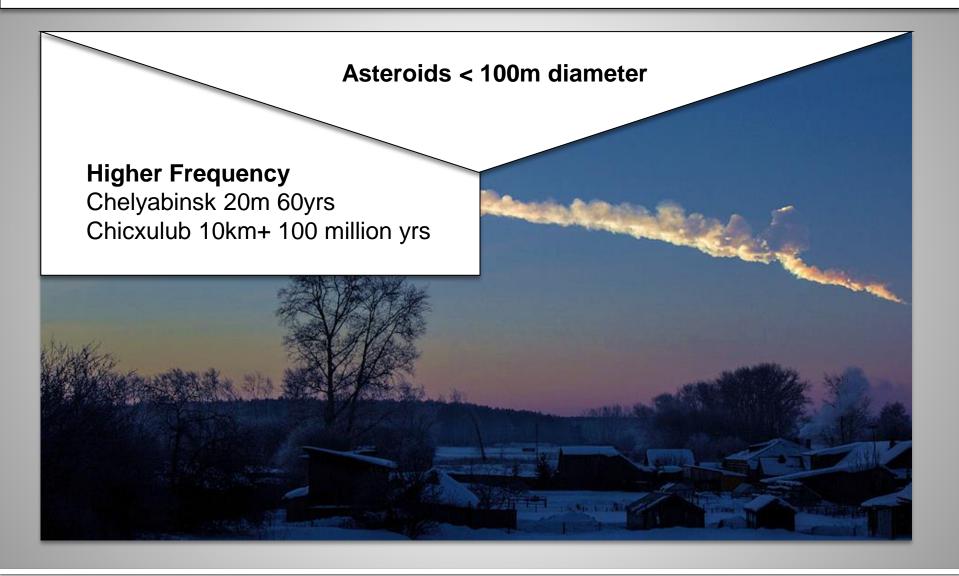
Jason Pearl, Cody Raskin & Michael Owen



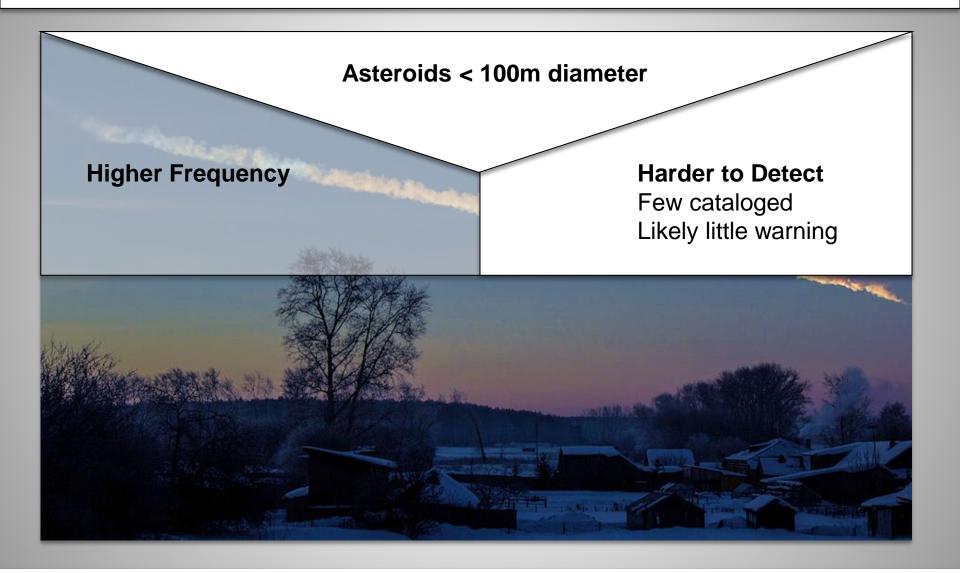


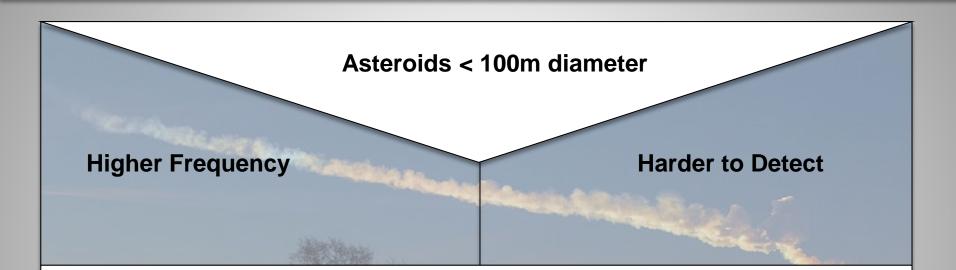




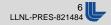


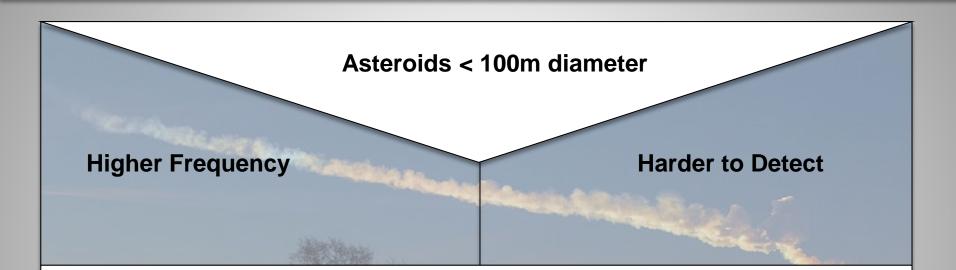






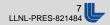
Evacuate / Shelter in place? Prepare infrastructure? Scale of emergency response? Scale of financial relief?





Evacuate / Shelter in place? Prepare infrastructure? Scale of emergency response? Scale of financial relief?

yield? Height of burst? Geometry of burst?

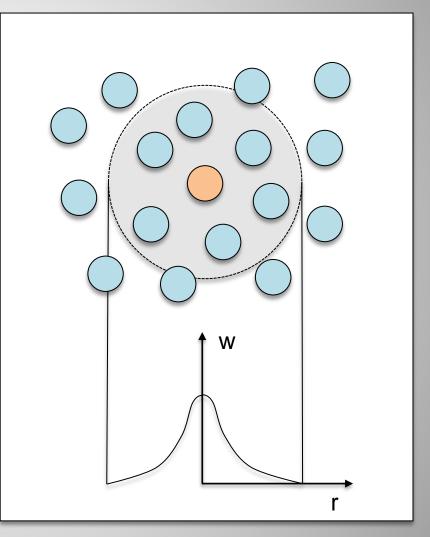


Smoothed Particle Hydrodynamics

Summary: Lagrangian meshless method, computational nodes interact with a dynamic neighbor set

Why SPH for Bolides?

- Naturally handles large deformations and interface tracking
- energy/momentum conservation
- Complement grid-code results

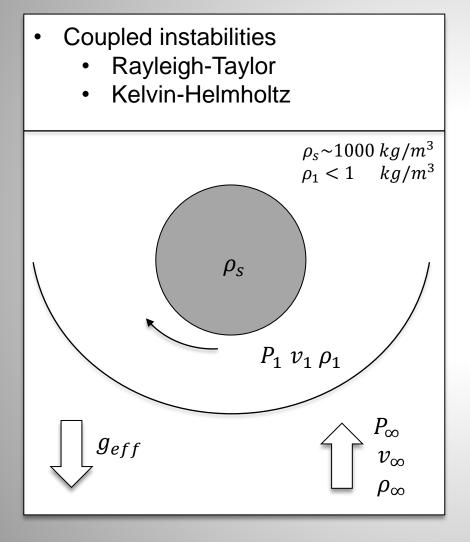


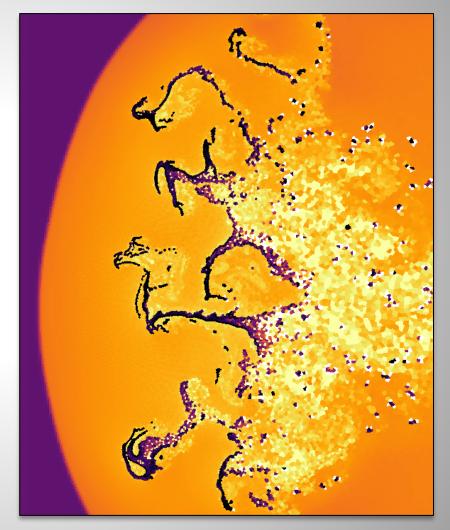


Physics

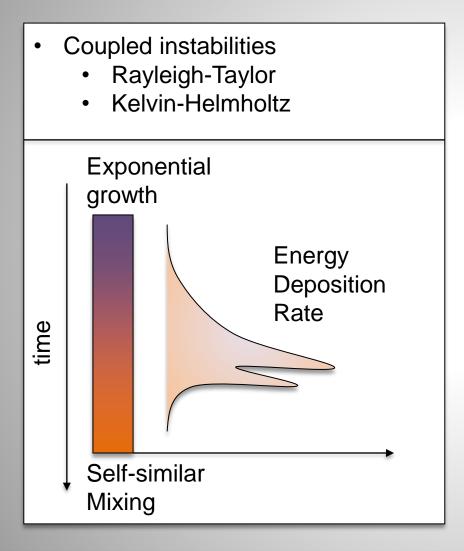
- 2D Planar
- Euler equations
 - No radiation
 - No heat transfer
 - Zero-strength
- Tillotson EOS for granite
- Gamma-Gas law for air ($\gamma = 1.4$)

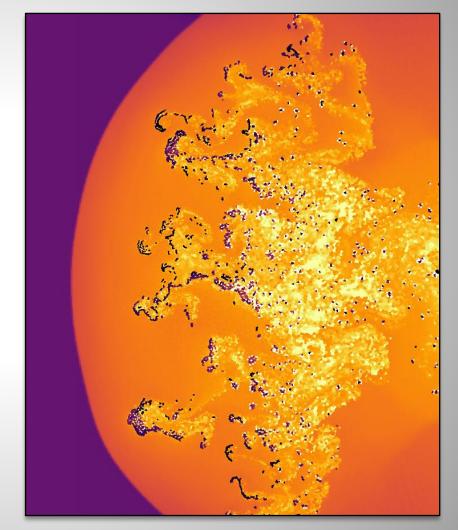
Role of Hydrodynamic Instabilities





Role of Hydrodynamic Instabilities

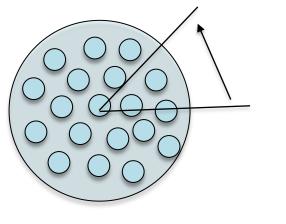


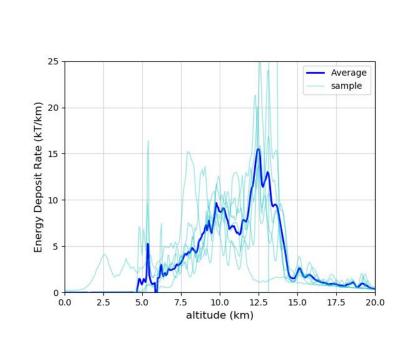




Sensitive Dependence on Initial Conditions

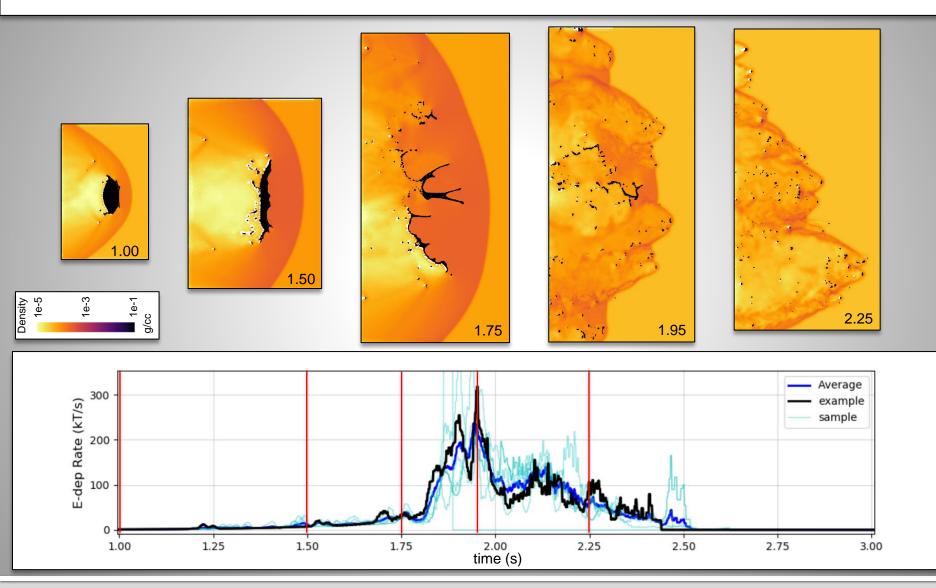
- Strengthless
- $\rho = 2.68 \text{ g} / \text{cc}$
- Initial velocity = 1.5 km / sec
- Radius = 17.5 m
- 6 perturbed cases run
- Node distribution of bolide rotated to introduce perturbation
- [0.5,1.0,1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0] radians







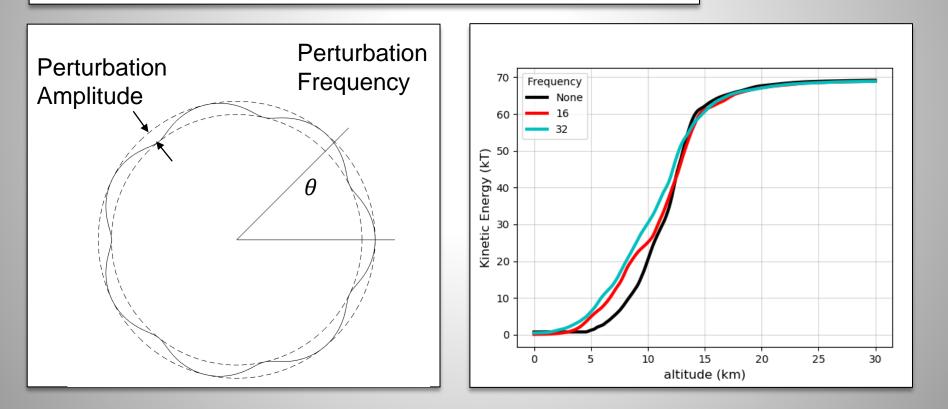
Sensitive Dependence on Initial Conditions





Effects of Surface Perturbations

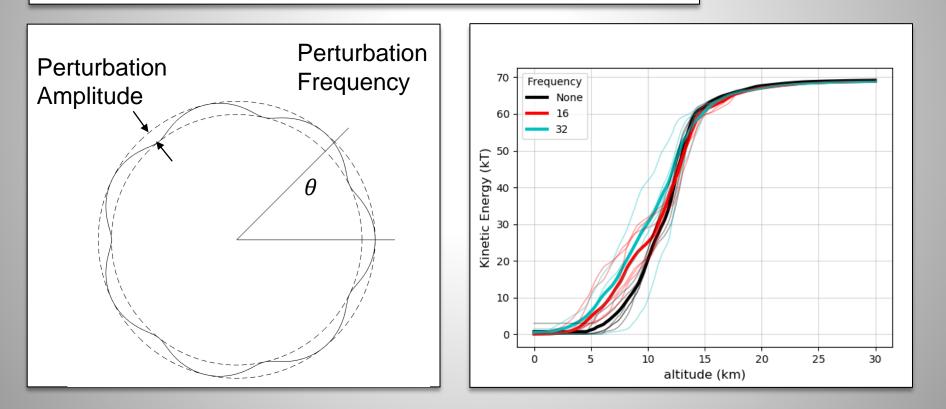
- Strengthless
- $\rho = 2.68 \text{ g} / \text{cc}$
- •
- Radius ~ 17.5* m
- Constant mass
- Sinusoidal surface perturbations •
- v0= 15.0 km / sec Amplitude = 0.1 Radius
 - Plots averaged over 6 perturbed runs

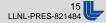




Effects of Surface Perturbations

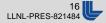
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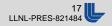
Effects of Surface Perturbations

Constant mass Strengthless • $\rho = 2.68 \text{ g} / \text{cc}$ Sinusoidal surface perturbations ٠ v0= 15.0 km / sec Amplitude = 0.1 Radius • • Radius ~ 17.5* m Plots averaged over 6 perturbed runs • Perturbation Perturbation Frequency Frequency Amplitude None 14 16 Deposit Rate (kT/km) 32 12 10 A 8 6 Energy [5 10 15 20 25 30 altitude (km)



Conclusions

- Sensitive dependence on initial conditions responsible for considerable spread in results.
- Surface perturbations flatten the curve?
 - On average, cases with surface perturbations deposited energy at low altitudes with smaller peaks.
 - Variation in averages smaller than SDIC variation.



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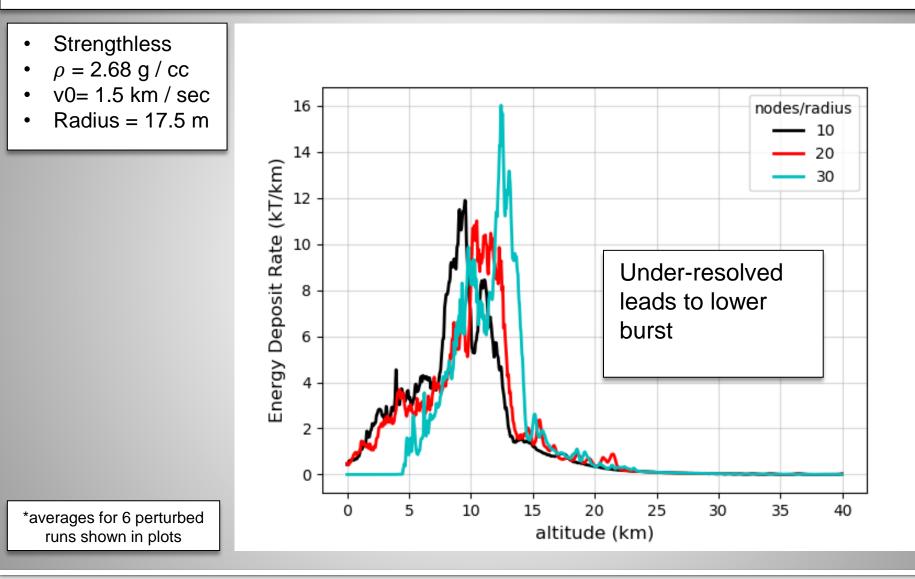
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Resolution



Reference

Korycansky, D.G. and Zahnle, K.J., Mac Law, M.M "High-resolution simulations of the impacts of asteroids into the venusian atmosphere" Icarus, 146, 387-403, 2000.

