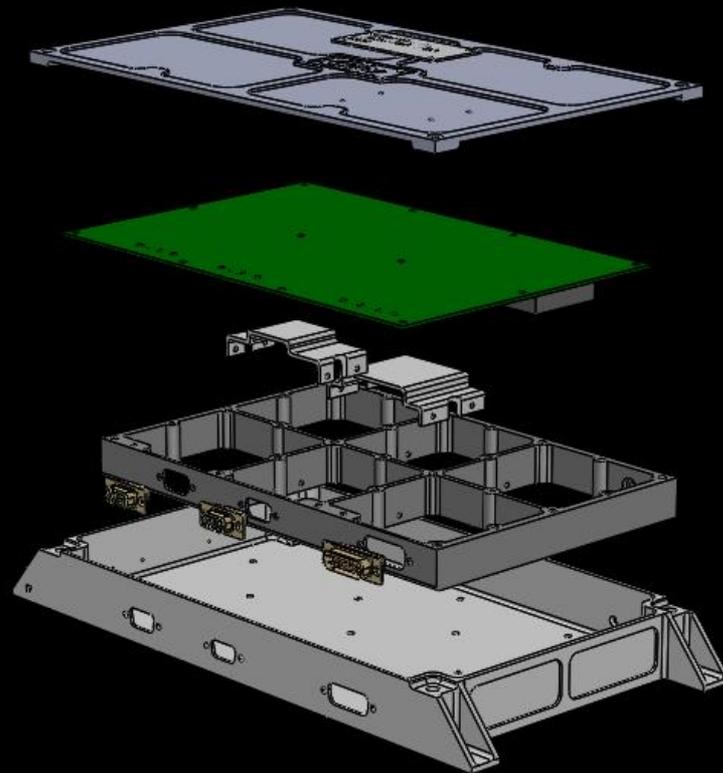


RECONFIGURABLE CO-PROCESSOR FOR SPACECRAFT AUTONOMOUS NAVIGATION

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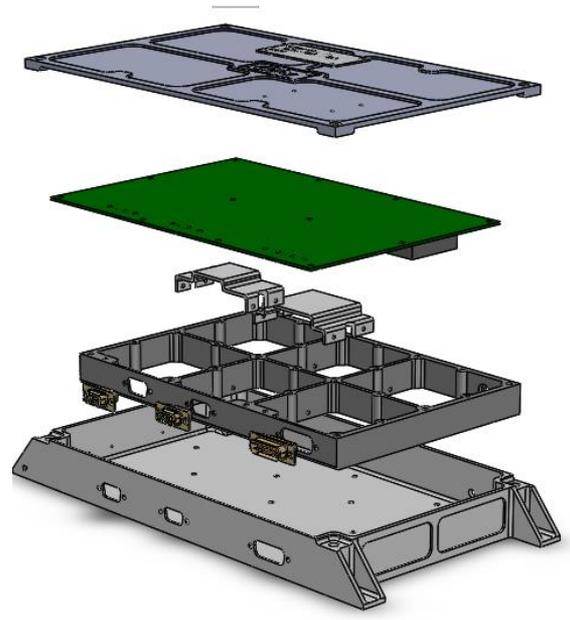
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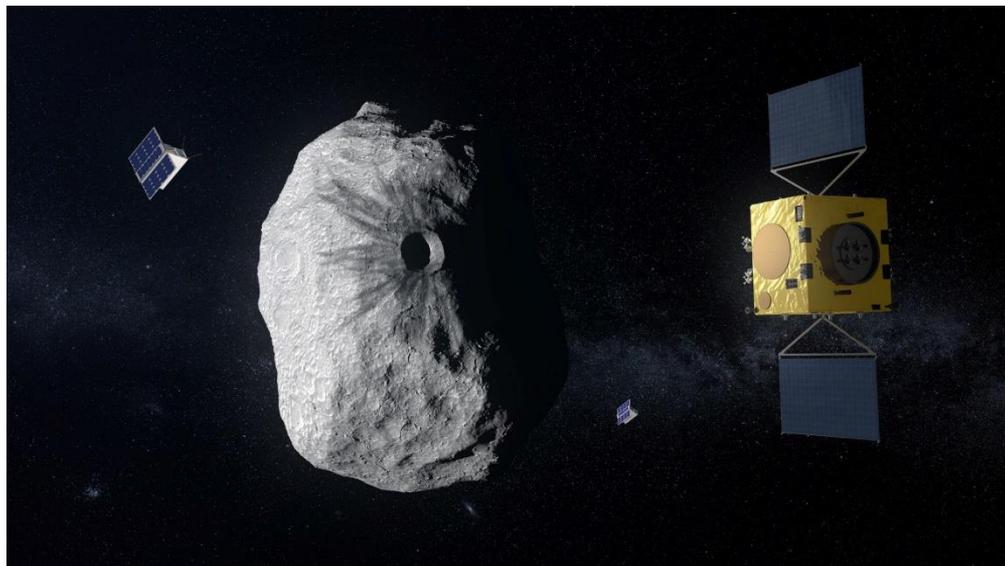
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CONTEXT : HERA MISSION

- Asteroid Impact and Deflection Assessment
- DART and HERA
- Target: Dydimos Binary Asteroid
- HERA – ESA Contribution
- Spacecraft Autonomous Navigation Required



<http://www.esa.int> credit for the images on this slide

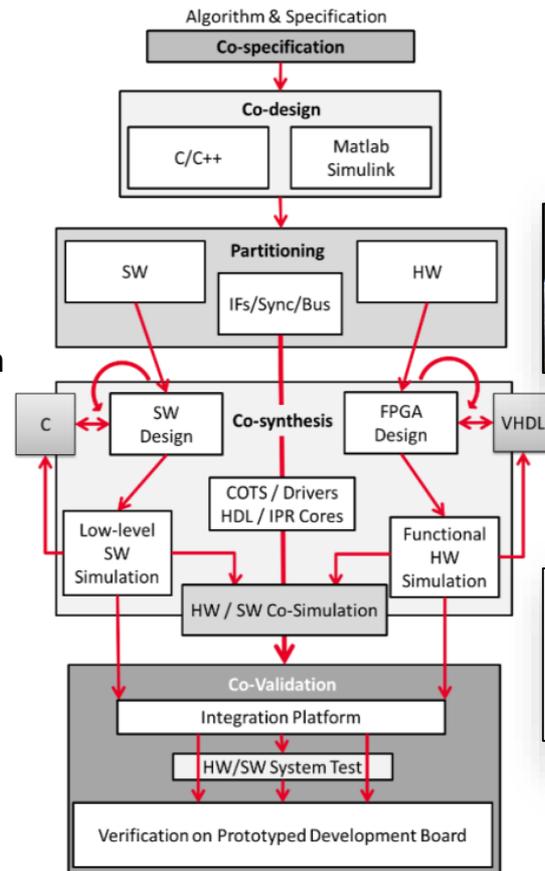
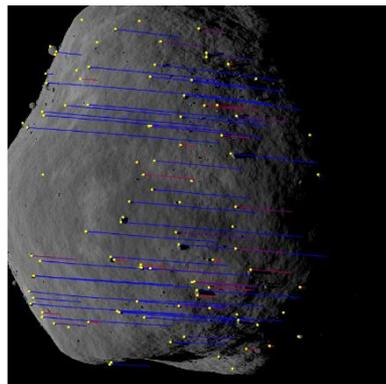


- DART – NASA contribution
 - launch 2021
 - Colission 2022
 - Kinetic impact on small body
- HERA – ESA Contribution
 - Launch 2024
 - Reaches Didymos in 2026
 - Detailed post impact survey
 - Demonstration of novel technologies

CONTEXT : AUTONOMOUS NAVIGATION

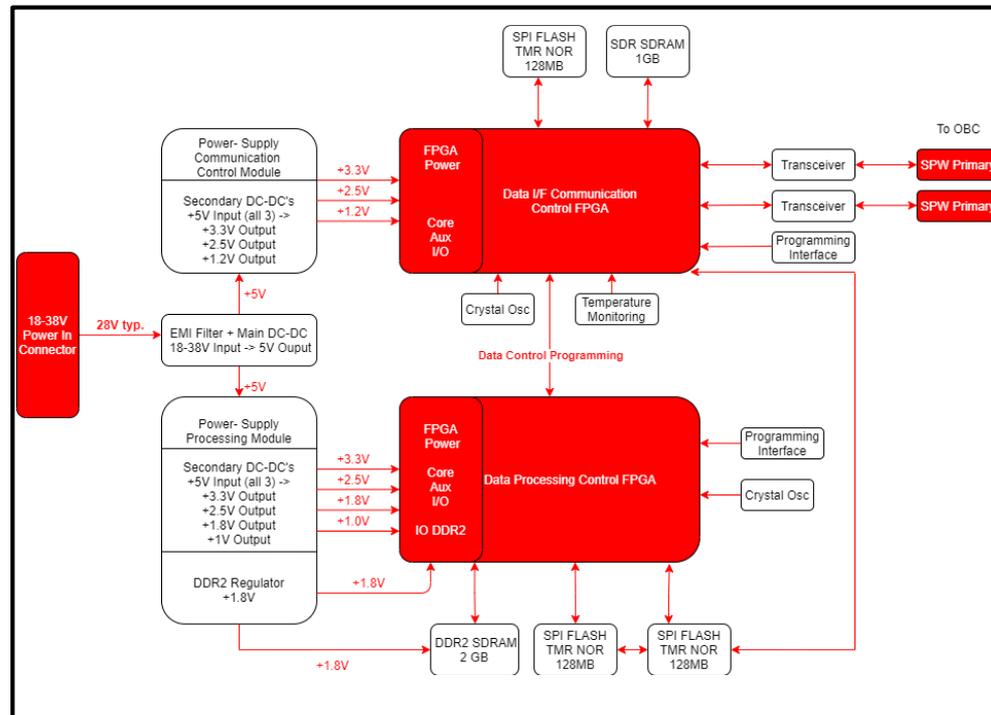
- Avionics unit for Image Processing on HERA S/C
- HW/SW Co-design approach for Navigation
- GNC implemented in HERA S/C OBC LEON3
- Image Processing Unit
 - 2 FPGAs: Virtex5 and NG-MEDIUM Rad-Hard FPGAs
 - Feature Tracking HW-acceleration
 - Lambertian Sphere Correlation Centroid HW-acceleration
 - Interfaces Management in FPGA

**Feature Tracking and Centroid IP functionality are also implemented in HERA S/C OBC*



IPU CONCEPT : ELECTRONICS

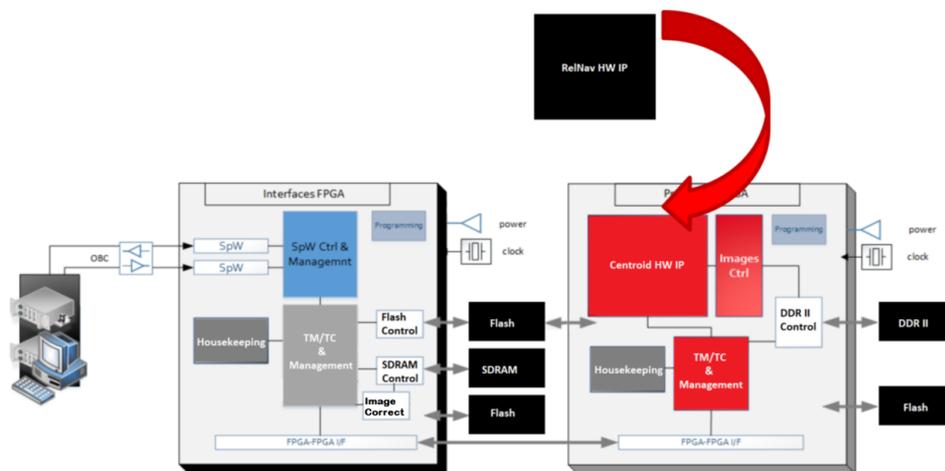
- Co-processor for Autonomous Navigation:
 - NanoXplore NG-Medium
 - Xilinx Virtex5
- Input: 28V Unregulated
- External DDR2 devoted to Virtex5
- External SDRAM devoted to NG-Medium
- 2 x SpaceWire ports – connected through transceivers
- Reconfigurable Processing FPGA
- LVDS Interlink between the two FPGAs
- Protections against failure propagation
 - External Overvoltage Protection on main DC/DC
 - Internal Overvoltage Protection on secondary DC/DCs



IPU CONCEPT : FPGA DESIGN

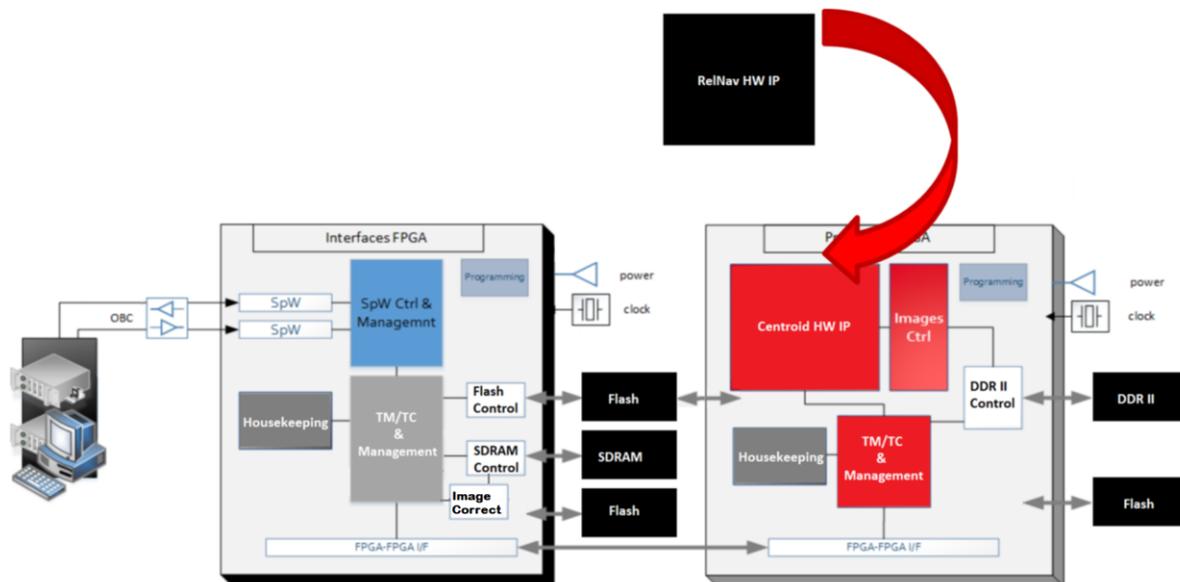
- Interfaces FPGA:
 - NG-Medium
 - Image Pre-Processing Capabilities (Camera corrections)
 - Deals with the SpaceWire interfaces of the IPU to the S/C OBC
 - Manages the reprogramming of the Processing FPGA
 - Master FPGA – allows safe reconfiguration of Processing FPGA (control over Processing FPGA is not lost in case of wrong configuration)

- Processing FPGA: Image Processing HW IP-core (high-performance & high-density SRAM-based FPGA)
 - Virtex-5QV VFX130T
 - Hosts Feature Tracking HW IP and Centroid HW IP



IPU CONCEPT : RECONFIGURATION

- Reprogramming of Processing FPGA Virtex 5
- Managed by Interfaces FPGA NG-Medium
- Scenarios:
 - Select a new bitstream from the already preloaded options in the FLASH #1 (Centroid or FeatureTracking).
 - Upload a new bitstream to the IPU that was not preloaded before launch (using FLASH #2).

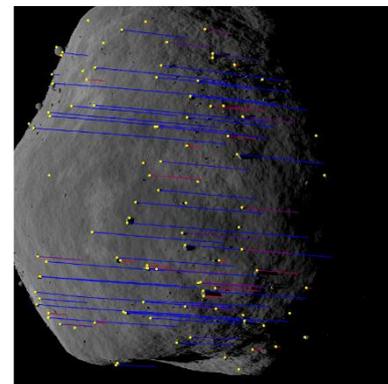
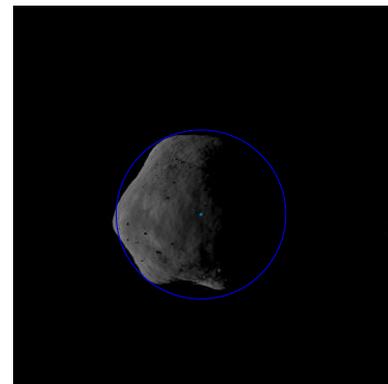


DATA PROCESSING : GNC STRATEGY

- Image Processing Techniques
 - Centroid (for distance to Didymos higher than 9.5 km)
 - Feature Tracking (for distance to Didymos less than 9.5 km)

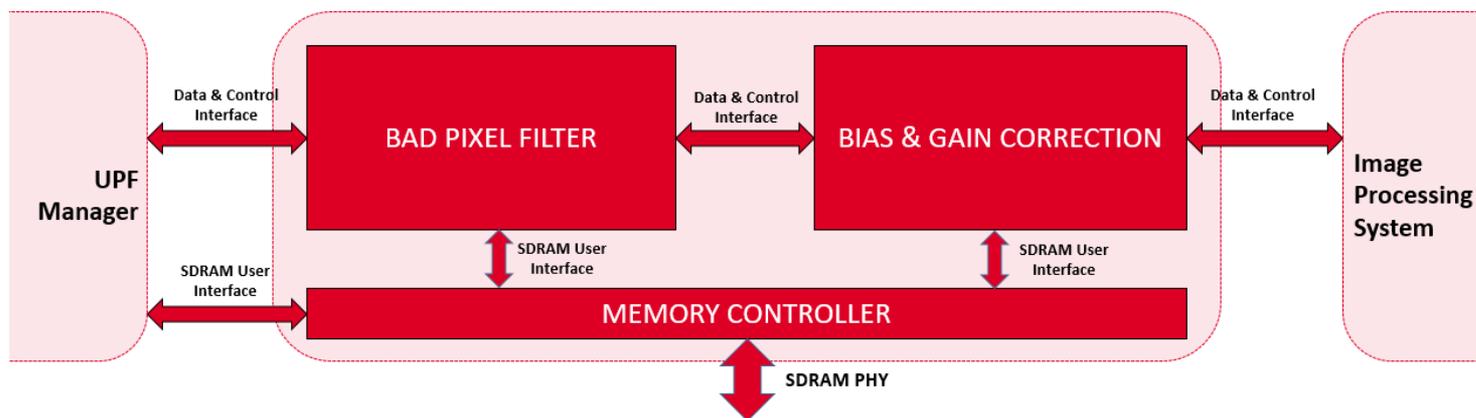
- Implementation
 - HERA S/C OBC
 - Feature Tracking Execution Time: 10s
 - Centroid Execution Time: 9s
 - HERA IPU
 - Offloads HERA S/C OBC
 - Typical Power Consumption: 20W (Peak), 15W (Idle)
 - Execution time of HW IPs: less than 1s
 - Execution time for entire data flow inside IPU (including image correction): less than 3s

Lower execution times (2s) can be achieved for IPU for higher FPGA design clock frequency and in case Image correction is not needed



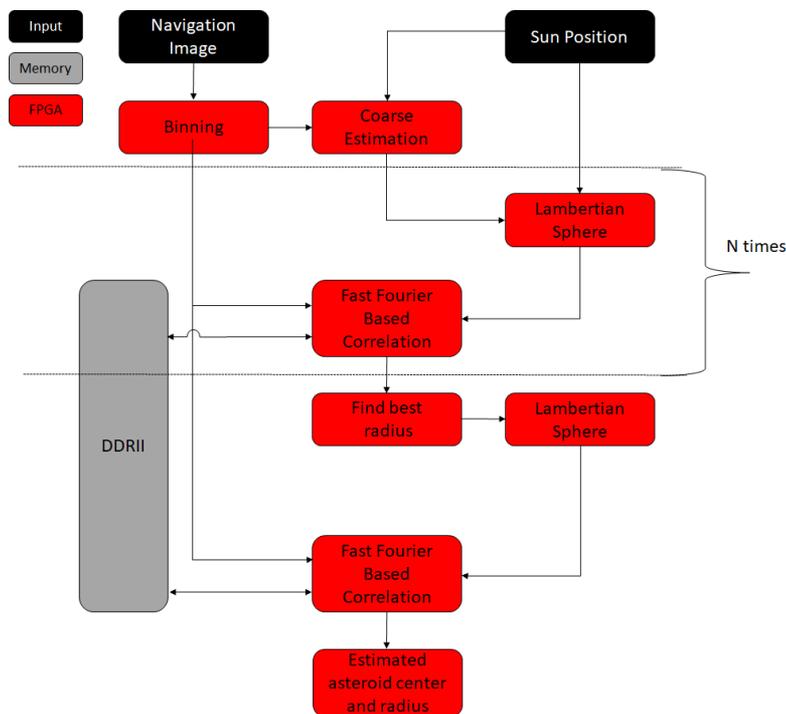
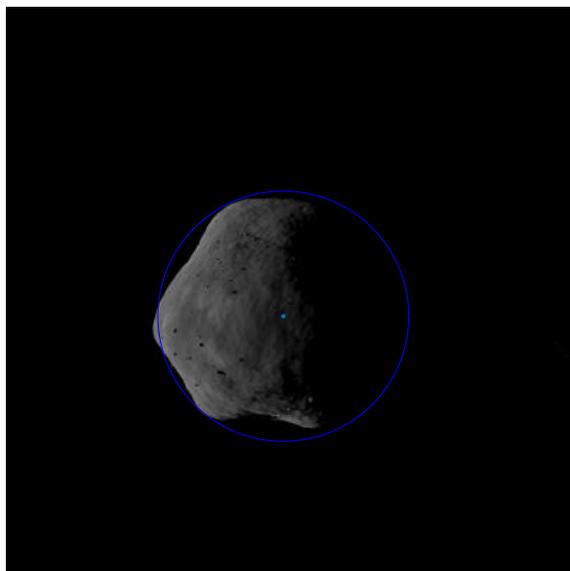
DATA PROCESSING : IMAGE CORRECTIONS

- Usually provided by Navigation Camera
- Performed by Interfaces FPGA NG-Medium on 1024x1024 pixel images (8 bit pixel depth)
- Implemented also on Processing FPGA as back-up
- External Volatile memory SDRAM used by Interfaces FPGA
- Approach
 - Bias & Gain Correction (Pre-Processing)
 - Bad Pixel Correction (Pre-Processing)
 - Lens Distorsion Correction (Post Processing)



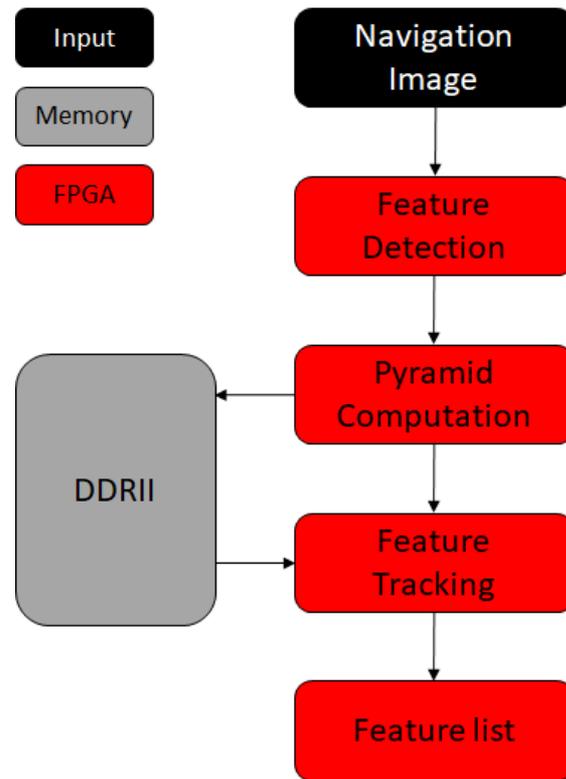
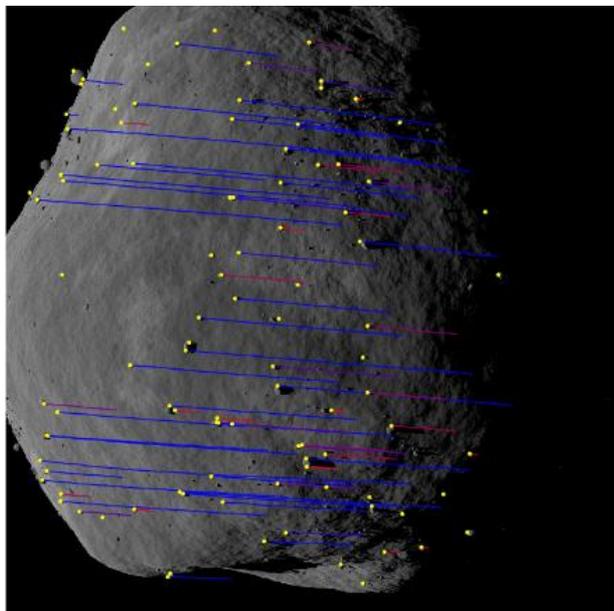
DATA PROCESSING : CENTROID

- Reduced User Interface
 - Inputs: Sun Vector, Navigation Image 1024x1024 pixels (8 bit per pixel)
 - Outputs: Asteroid Center, Estimated Radius
- External Volatile memory required
- HW IP Processing time: 900 ms

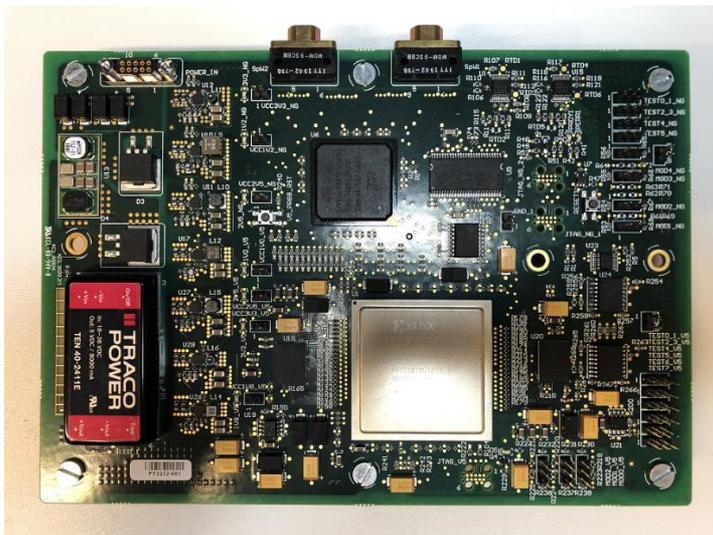


DATA PROCESSING : FEATURE TRACKING

- TRL 6 achieved in CAMPHORVNAV with different tuning
- Reduced User Interface
 - Input: Navigation Image 1024x1024 pixels (8 bit per pixel)
 - Output: 100 features
- HW IP-Core Processing Time: 120 ms
- External volatile memory required



HARDWARE : HERA IP-ICU (IPU EBB)



- Electronics manufactured 2020 – Model is currently used for VHDL Development
- Physical Information
 - 140x200mm large
 - 12 layers stack-up
 - Polyamide Arlon 35N, designed for sequential lamination
 - PCB Design mostly ECSS Compliant
- IP-ICU EBB Fully representative to HERA mission needs in terms of function, interface and processing power.
 - 2 x SpaceWire I/Fs providing >40 Mbps (autostart/ autodetect functionality included)
 - External volatile memory (SDRAM) allocated to UIF for Navigation Image Reconstruction/ Pre-Processing
 - Processing Capabilities by means of UPF Virtex-5 & allocated external volatile memory (DDR II)
 - Reprogramming Capabilities (Centroid & Feature Tracking IPs can be stored prior launching into one flash memory; second flash memory allocated to Virtex-5 can be let for in-flight reprogramming with bitstream received from ground)
 - 28 VDC unregulated bus

HARDWARE : EM AND HIGHER TRLS

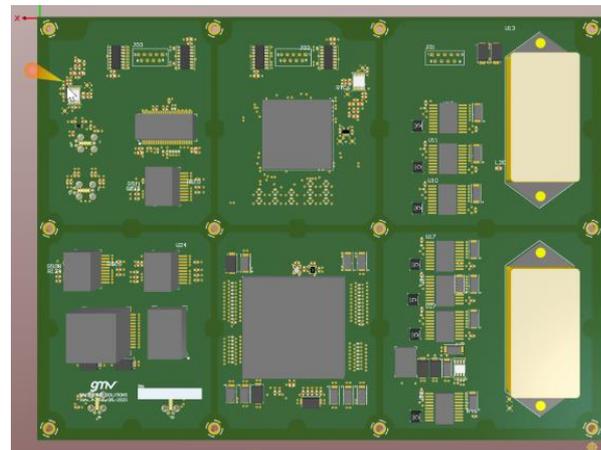
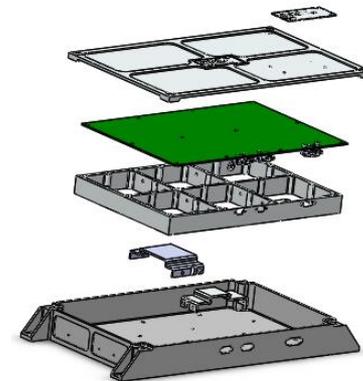
Evolution of IP-ICU EBB into fully functional EM

■ Electronics

- Replacement of passive components. Chosen components with packages in dimensions for the EM model based on the target space graded components.
- Full compliance to ECSS of the PCB design.
- Some critical electronic components are maintained with respect to the EBB (FPGAs, transceivers)
- DC/DCs and EMI Filter are replaced with exact commercial counterparts from same vendor as for EQM (representativeness for space grade components) => Upgrade of some EBB parts while maintaining critical ones in order to be as realistic as possible to what will be used in EQM
- Removal of jumpers, switches, push-buttons
- Removal of LEDs and transistors that drive the LEDs
- 240 mm x 160 mm Layout

■ Mechanical Integration

- Metallic enclosure box with stiffeners
- Metallic heatsinks for some of the components
- Envelope 350 x 180 x 40 mm



Evolution into flight hardware EQM/PFM

- Only RHA components
- ECSS soldering
- Environmental qualification campaign
- PFM completion August 2022

CONCLUSIONS

- ❑ Two FPGAs architecture for Image Processing Board, validated at TRL 4/5 already.
- ❑ Reliability assured by means of separating functionalities between two FPGAs.
- ❑ Reprogramming functionality managed by Master FPGA NG-Medium for keeping control over the unit in case wrong reprogramming of the Processing FPGA Virtex-5QV
- ❑ SpaceWire CCSDS/PUS for reusability and integration
- ❑ Image correction techniques can be used by IPU in case navigation camera does not provide these capabilities
- ❑ Compact dimensions and power consumption values that allow simple integration into satellite avionics architecture





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