



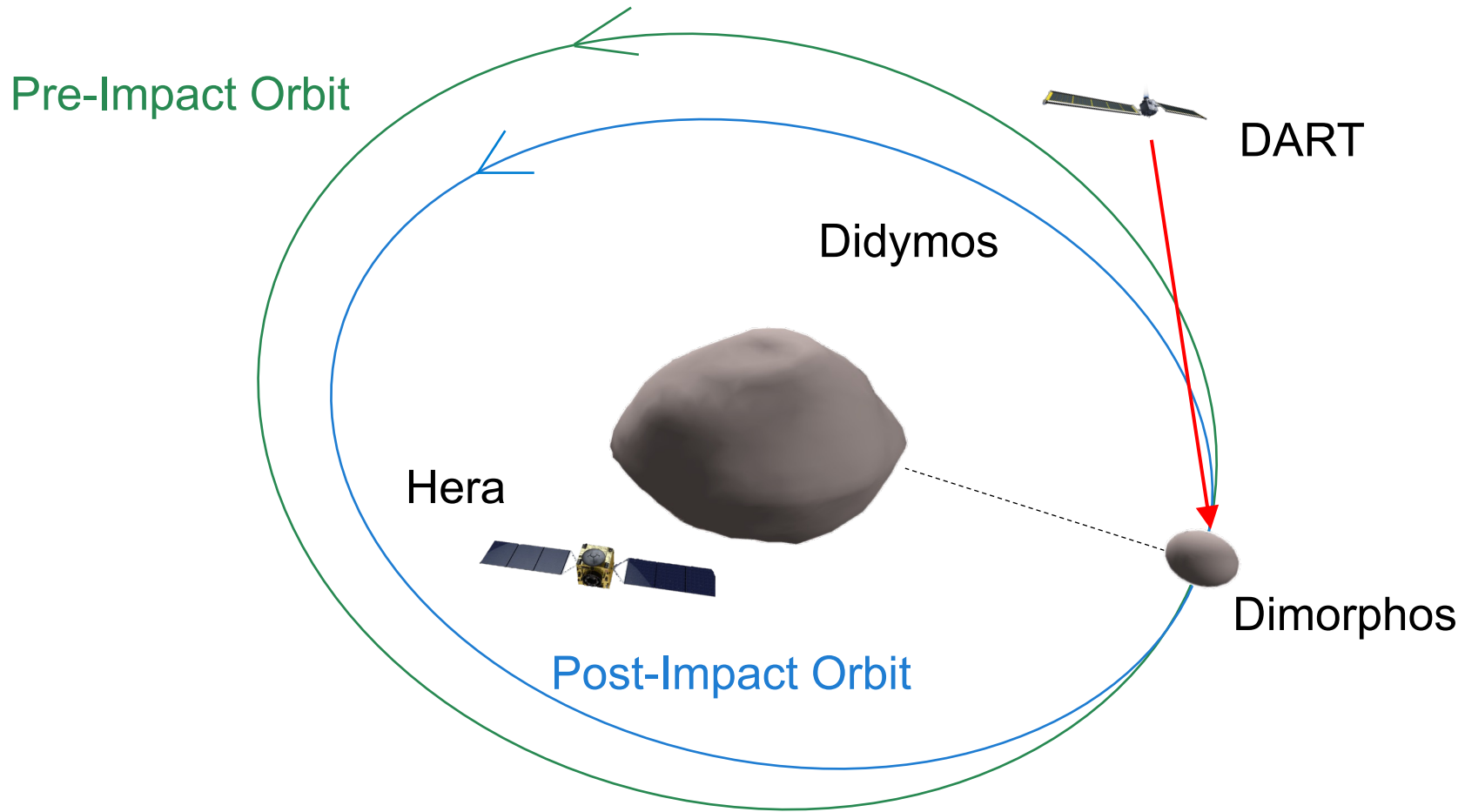
Energy Dissipation in Didymos Prior to Hera's Arrival

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Guillaume Noiset, Özgür Karaterkin, Harrison Agrusa,
Jay McMahon, Daniel Scheeres

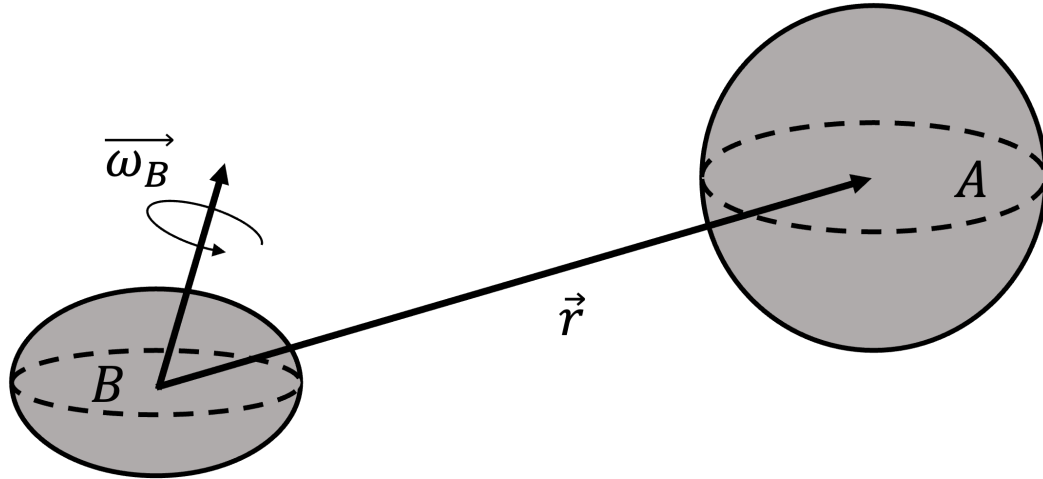
Planetary Defense Conference
April 5, 2023



Introduction



Full 2-Body Problem



$$\ddot{\vec{r}} + 2\vec{\omega}_B \times \dot{\vec{r}} + \dot{\vec{\omega}}_B \times \vec{r} + \vec{\omega}_B \times (\vec{\omega}_B \times \vec{r}) = \mathcal{G}(M_A + M_B) \frac{\partial U}{\partial \vec{r}}$$

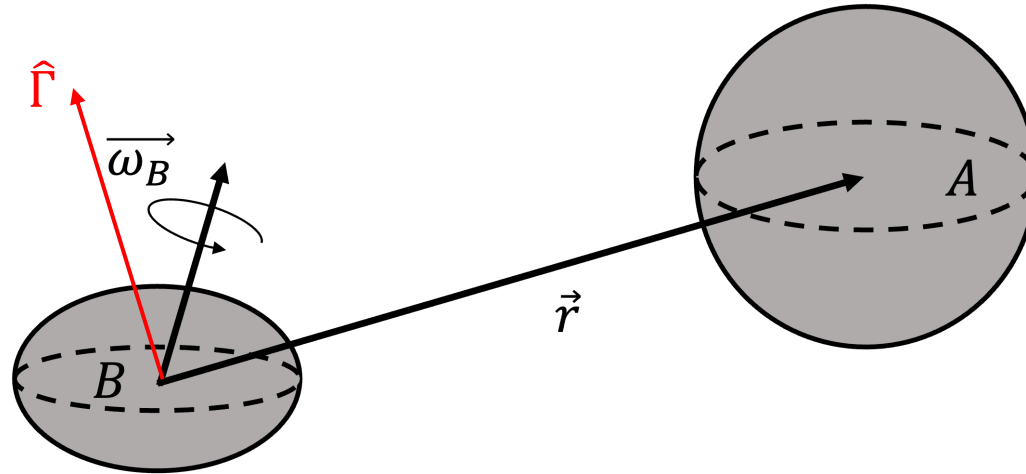
$$\mathbf{I}_B \cdot \dot{\vec{\omega}}_B + \vec{\omega}_B \times \mathbf{I}_B \cdot \vec{\omega}_B = -\mathcal{G}M_A M_B \vec{r} \times \frac{\partial U}{\partial \vec{r}}$$

$$U = -\frac{\mathcal{G}M_A M_B}{r} - \frac{\mathcal{G}M_A(A + B + C - 3\Phi)}{2r^3}$$

$$\Phi = \frac{Ax^2 + By^2 + Cz^2}{r^2}$$

Tidal Torque

$$\Gamma_i = -\text{sign}(\omega_i - \omega_{orb}) \frac{3}{2} \left(\frac{3}{4\kappa\rho_i} \right)^2 \frac{GM_A^2 M_B^2}{r^6 R_i} \frac{k_i}{Q_i}$$



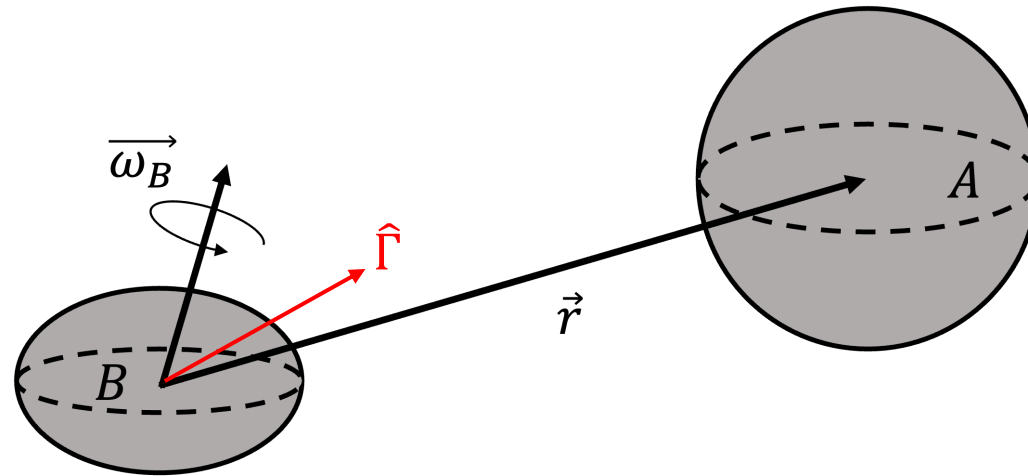
$$\dot{\phi} = \omega_i - \omega_{orb}$$

$$\hat{\Gamma}_i = -\frac{\dot{\phi} - (\dot{\phi} \cdot \hat{r})\hat{r}}{|\dot{\phi} - (\dot{\phi} \cdot \hat{r})\hat{r}|}$$

Murray & Dermott, 1999
Vokrouhlický et al, 2007

NPA Rotation

$$\dot{E}_{NPA} = \frac{a^4 \rho M_B \tilde{\omega}_B^5}{\mu Q} \Psi$$



$$\boldsymbol{\kappa} = \mathbf{H}_B \times \hat{\boldsymbol{z}}$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\Gamma}} = \frac{\mathbf{H}_B \times \boldsymbol{\kappa}}{|\mathbf{H}_B \times \boldsymbol{\kappa}|}$$

Breiter et al, 2012

Tidal Parameters

Tidal quality number Q

Tidal Love number k

Lamé constant μ

} Related in basic tidal theory

No strong constraints: treat as unknowns

Likely range for $\frac{Q}{k}$: $10^3 - 10^6$

Nimmo & Matsuyama, 2019
Goldreich & Sari, 2009

Primary Rotation



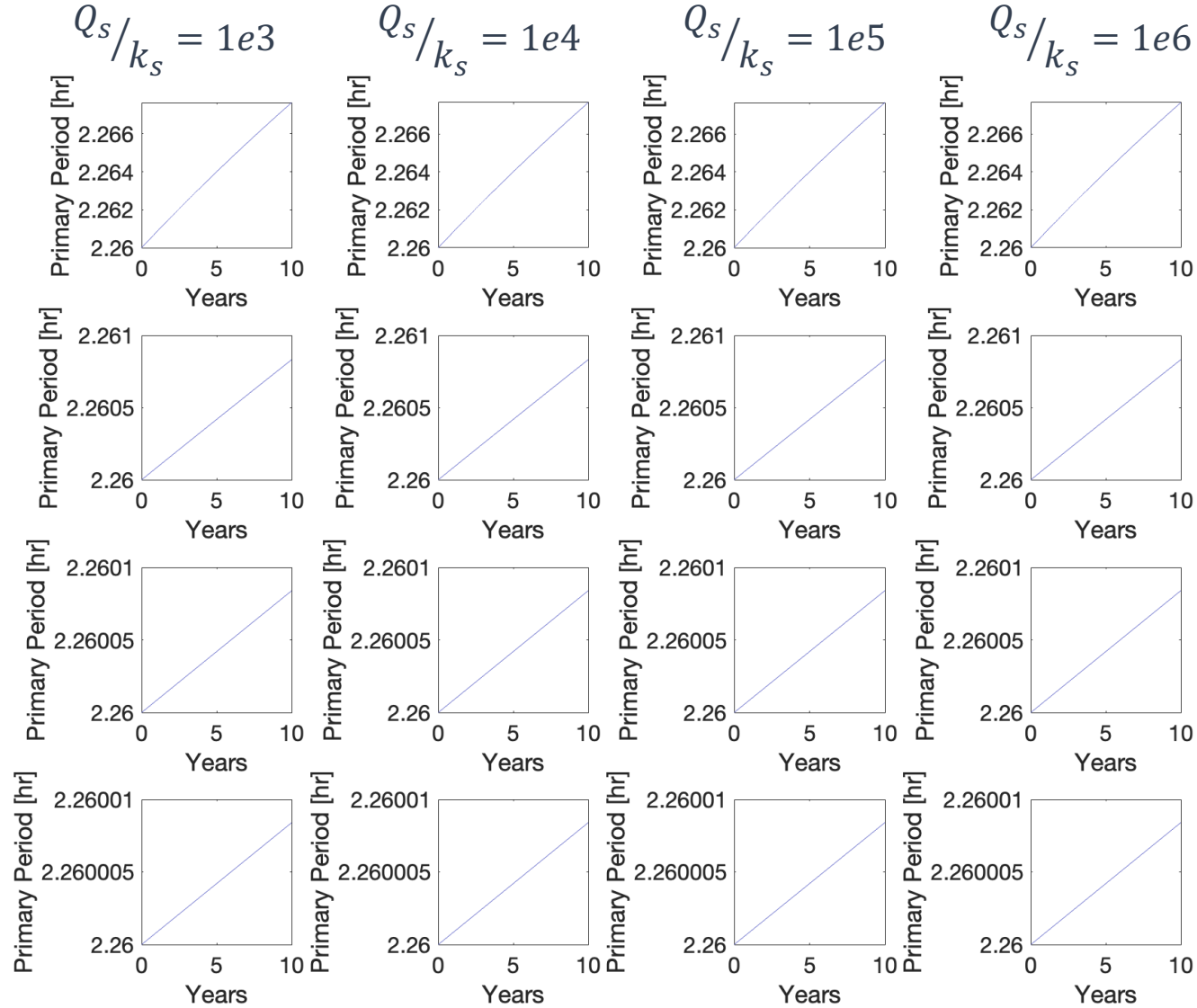
Spin Period

$$Q_p/k_p = 1e3$$

$$Q_p/k_p = 1e4$$

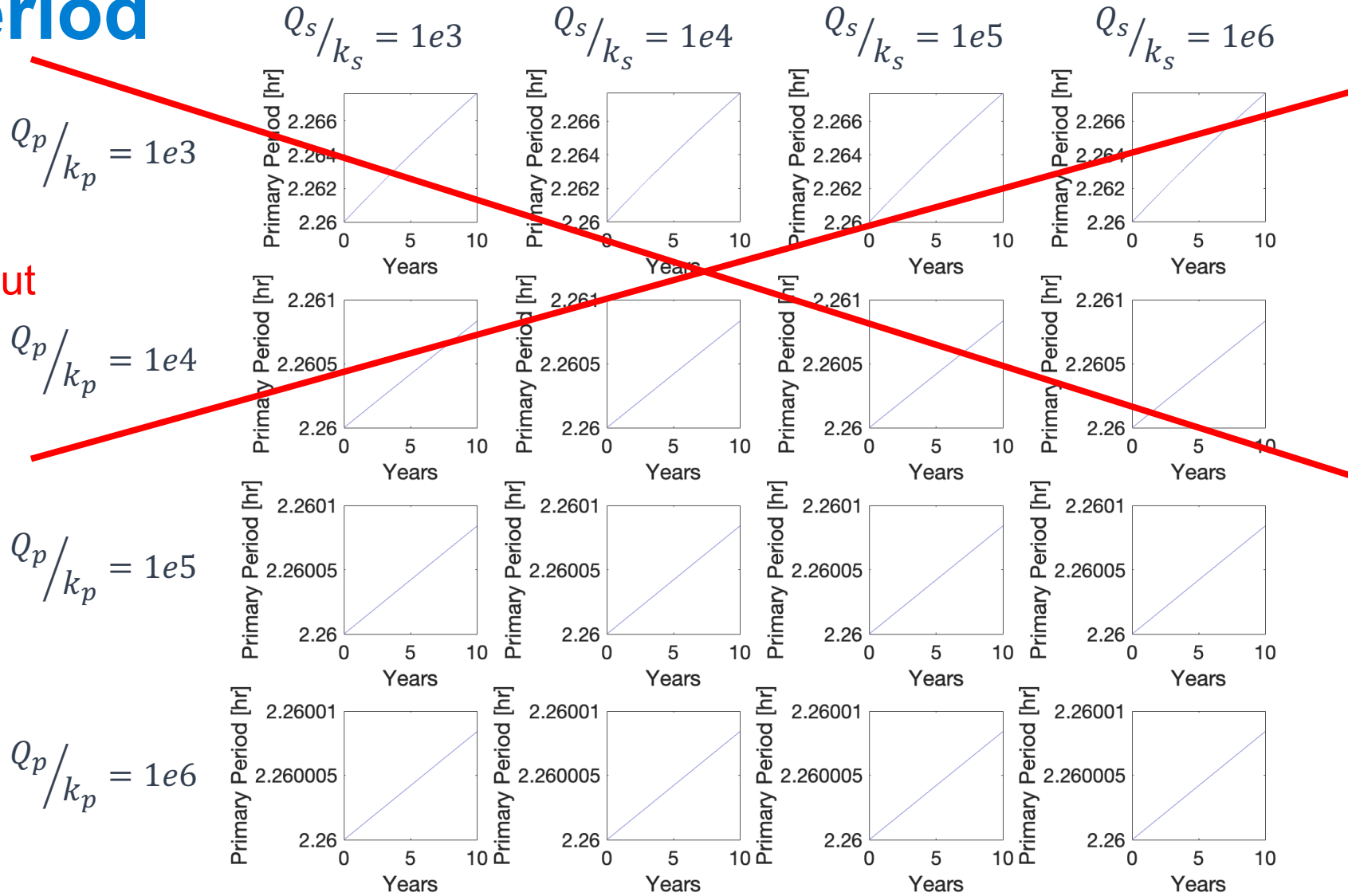
$$Q_p/k_p = 1e5$$

$$Q_p/k_p = 1e6$$



Spin Period

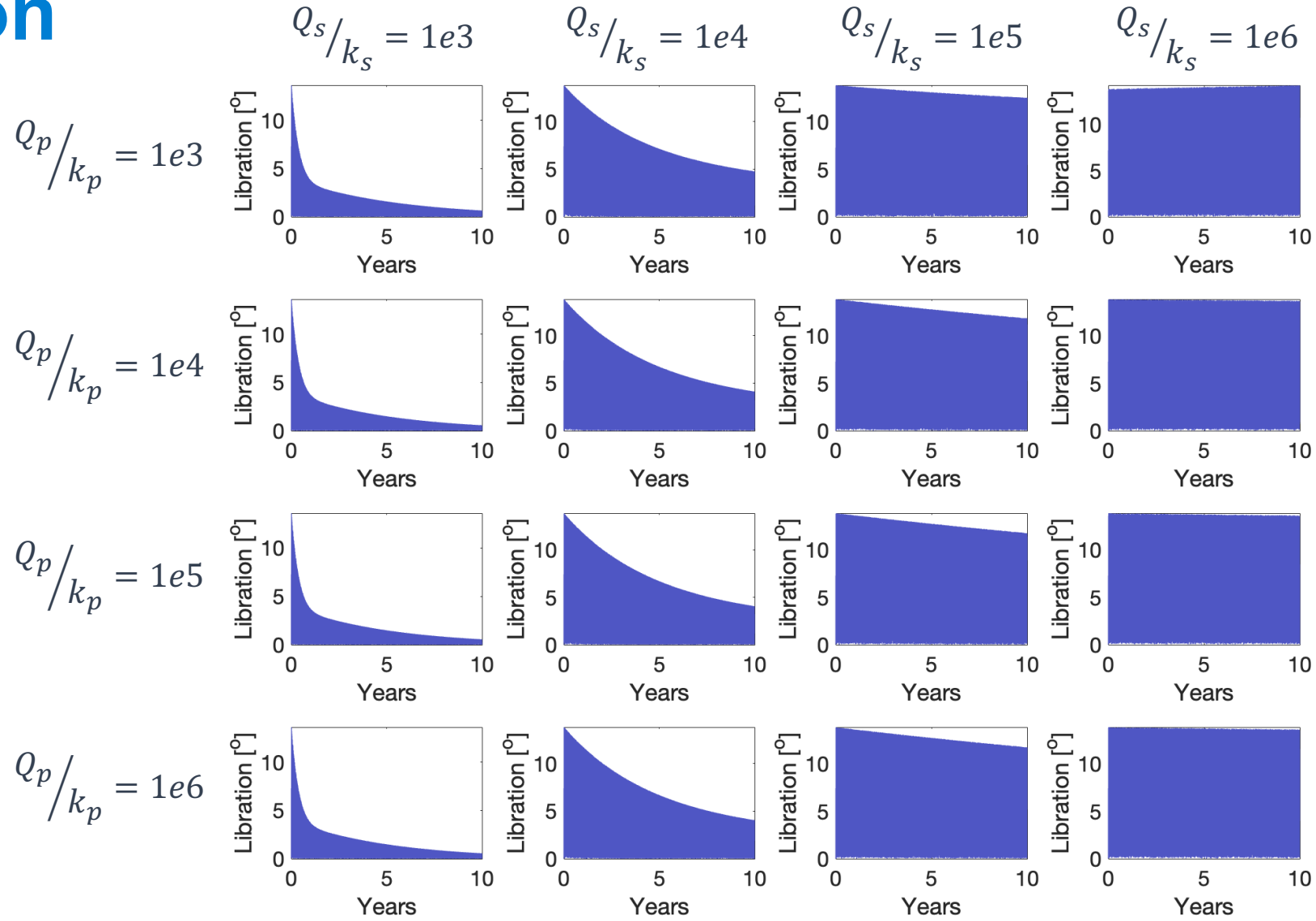
Observations
reasonably rule out



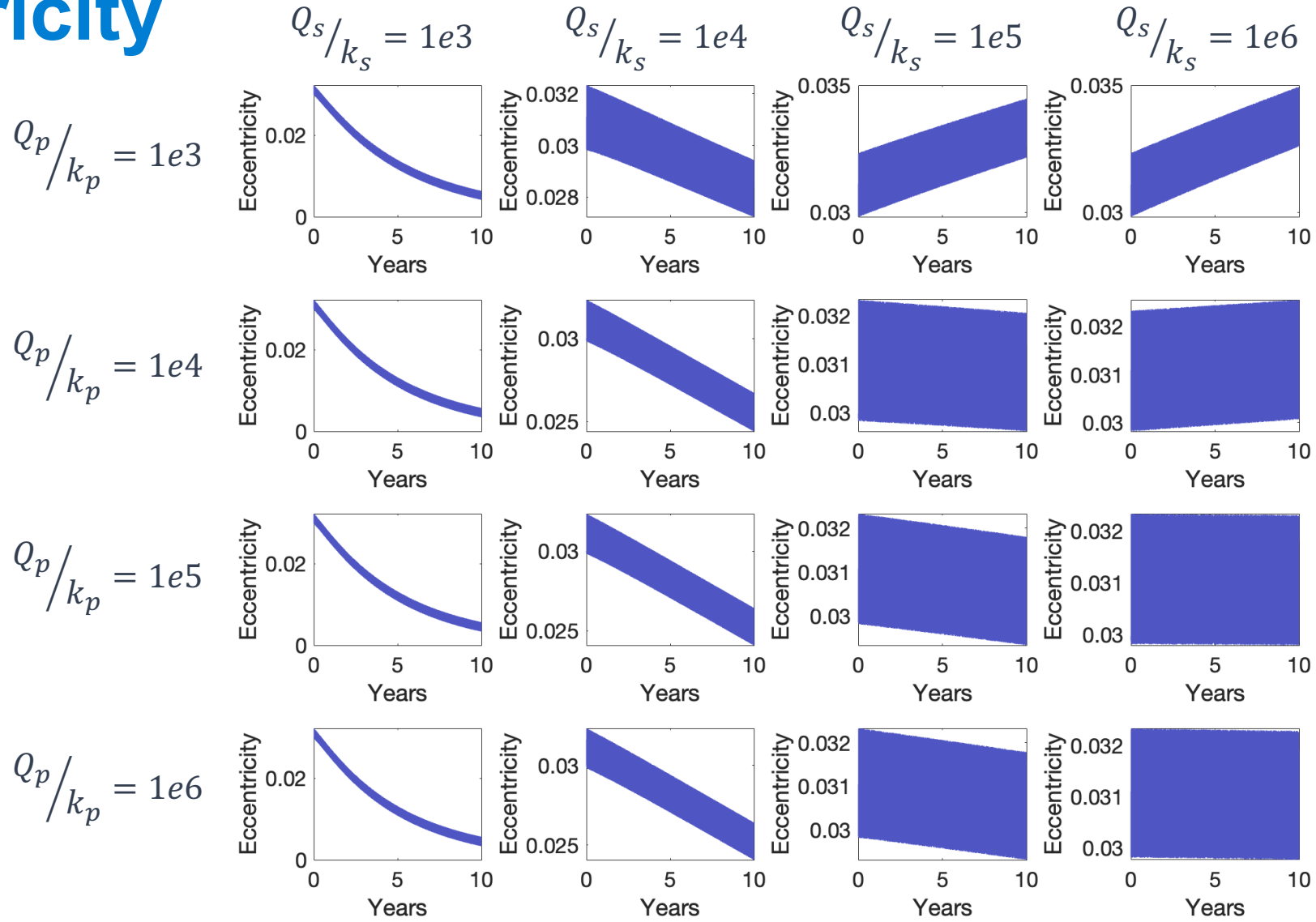
Stable Libration



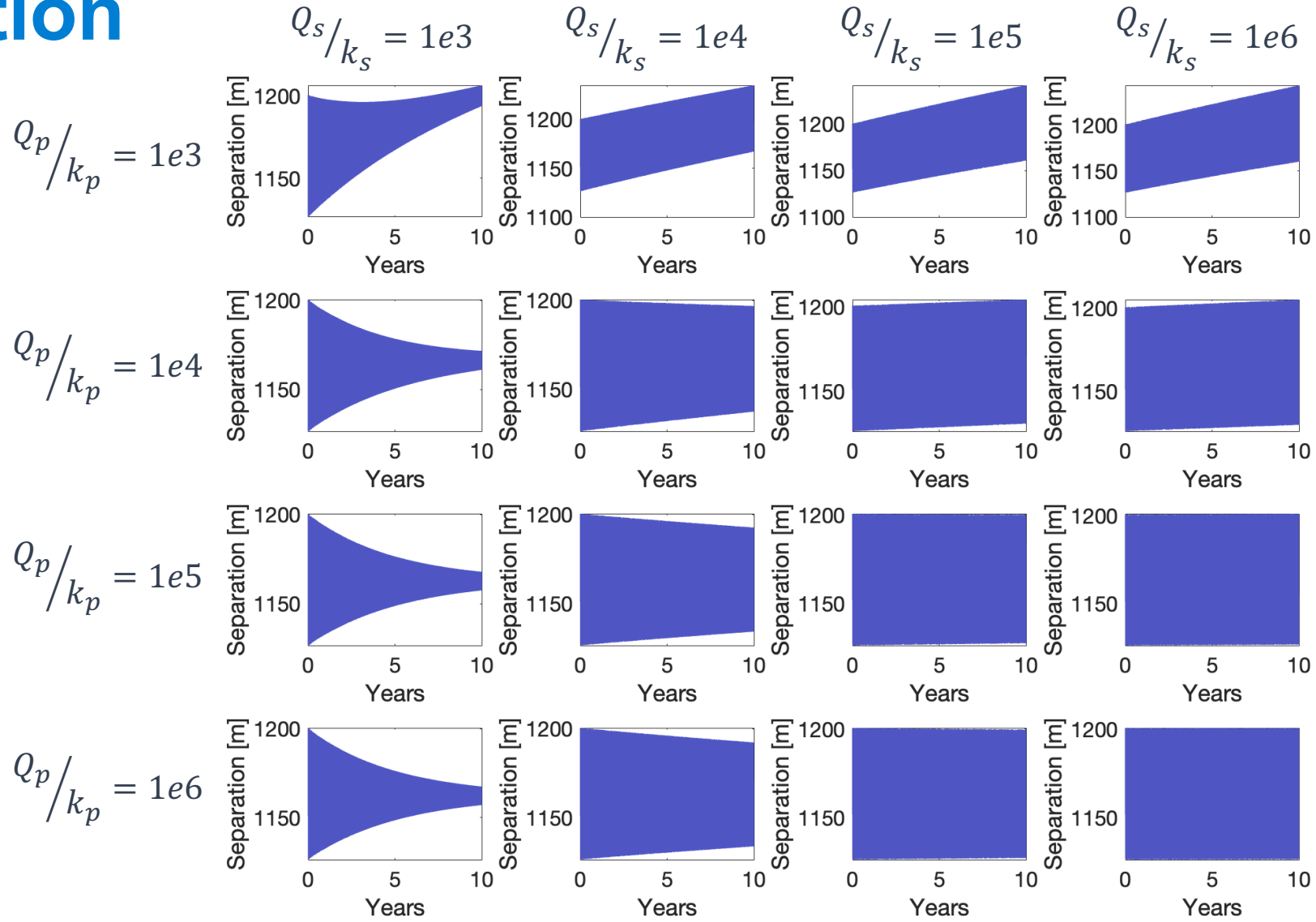
Libration



Eccentricity

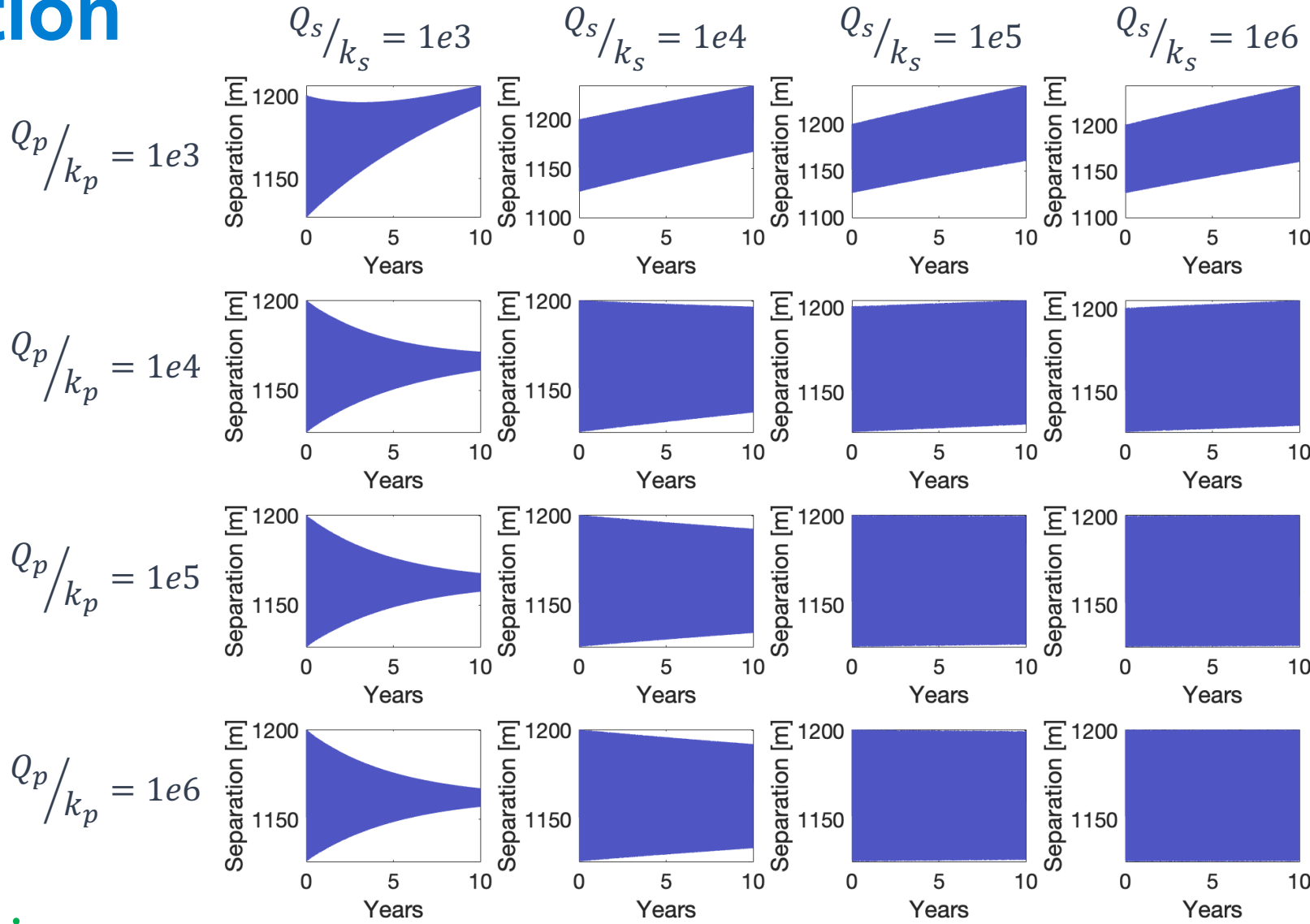


Separation



Separation

$$\dot{a} > \dot{e}$$



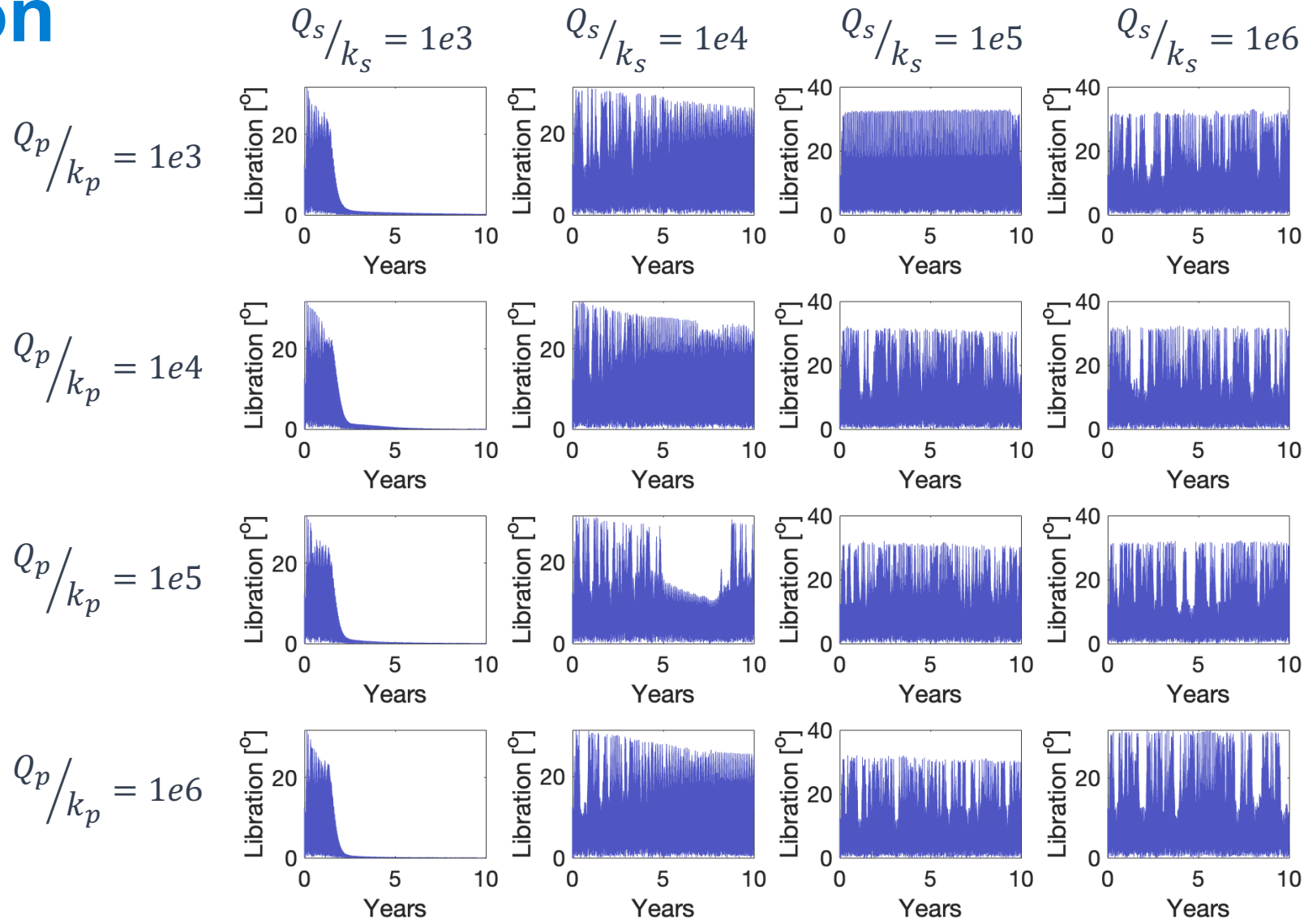
$$\dot{e} > \dot{a}$$



Tumbling



Libration



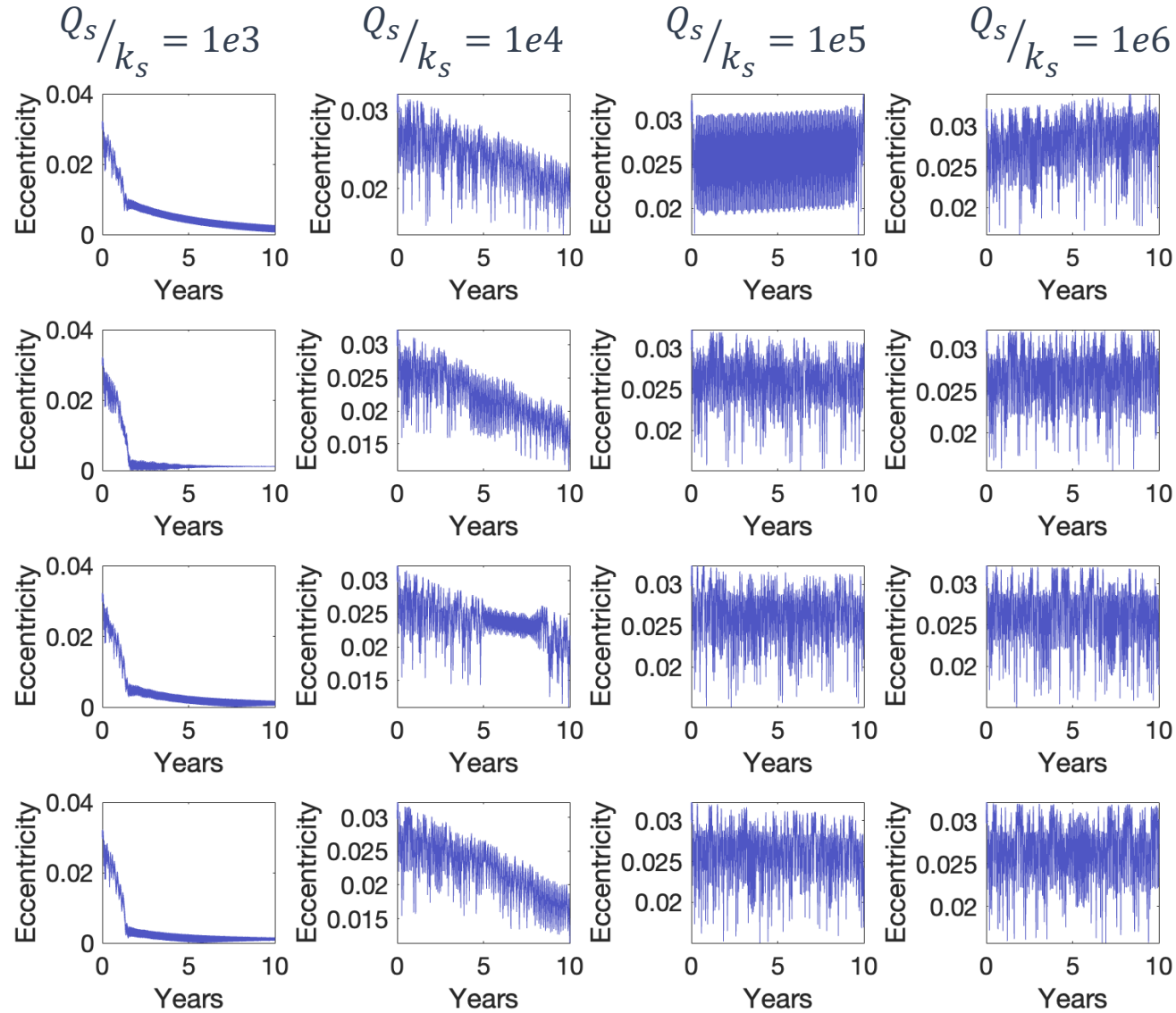
Eccentricity

$$Q_p/k_p = 1e3$$

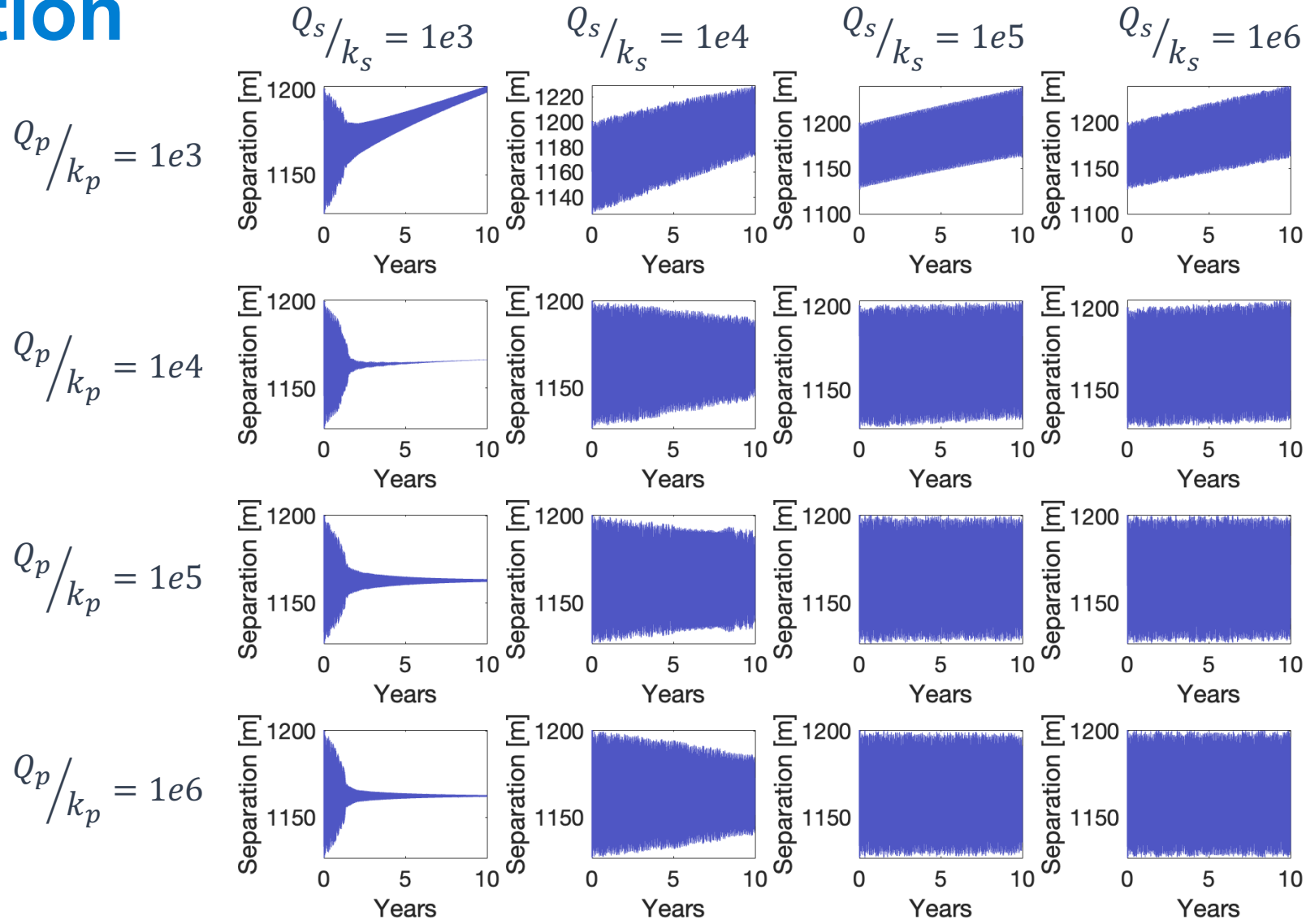
$$Q_p/k_p = 1e4$$

$$Q_p/k_p = 1e5$$

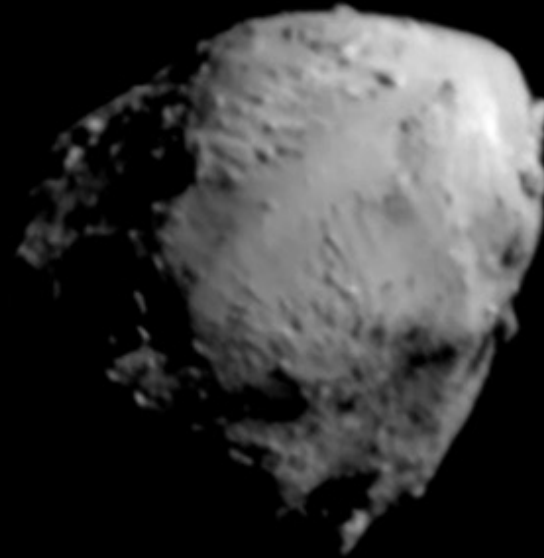
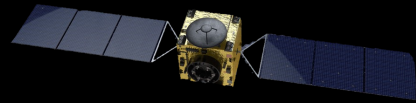
$$Q_p/k_p = 1e6$$



Separation



What Will Hera See?

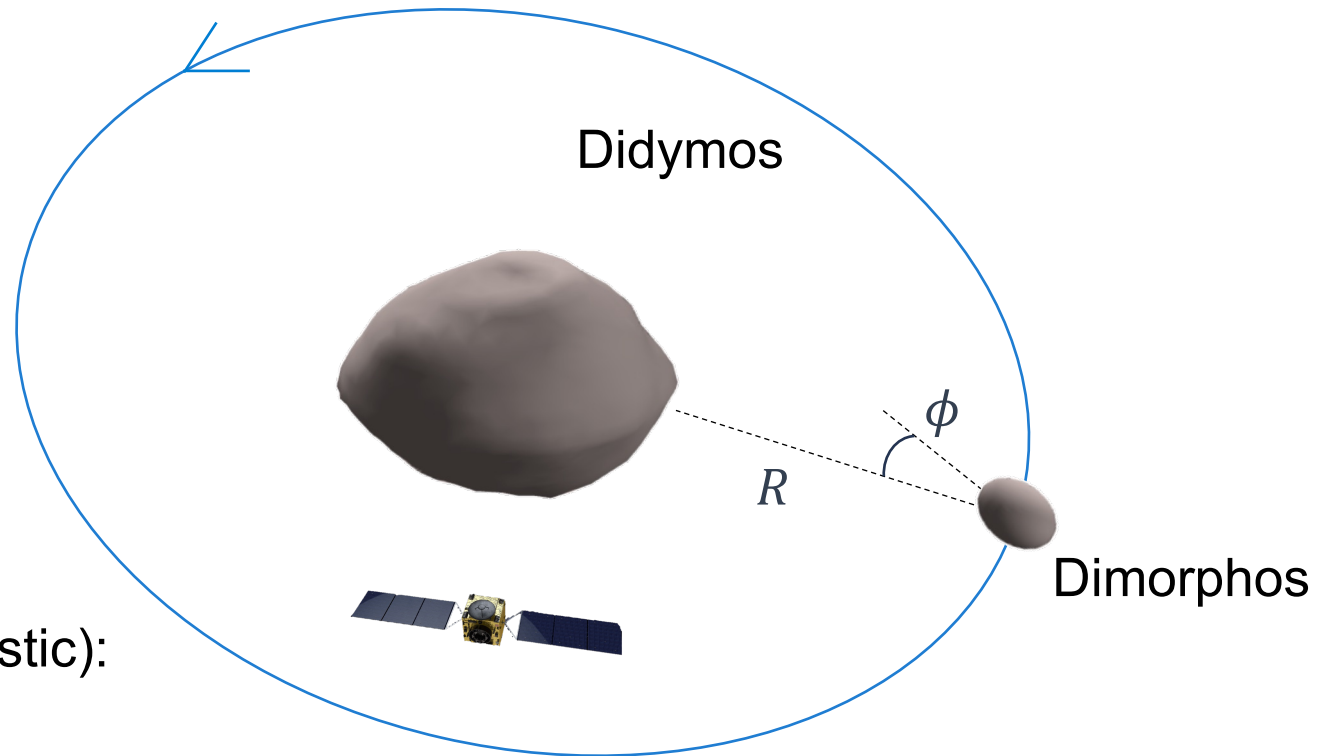


Hera Mission

Key measurements:

Libration amplitude
Separation distance

Is dissipation observable?



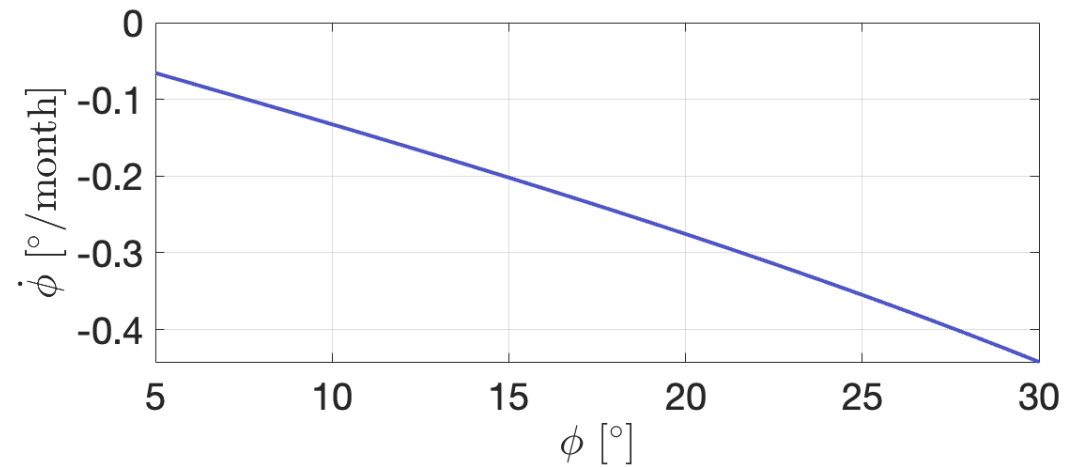
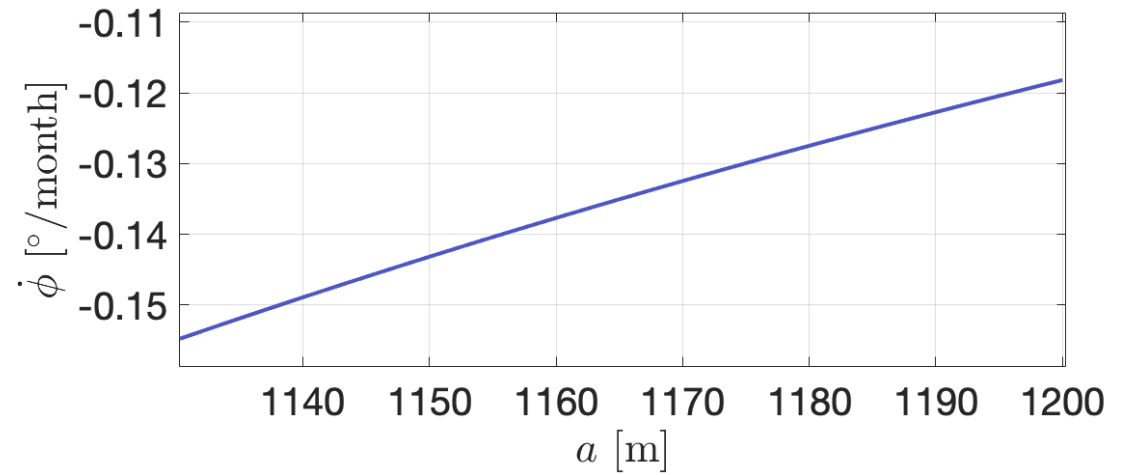
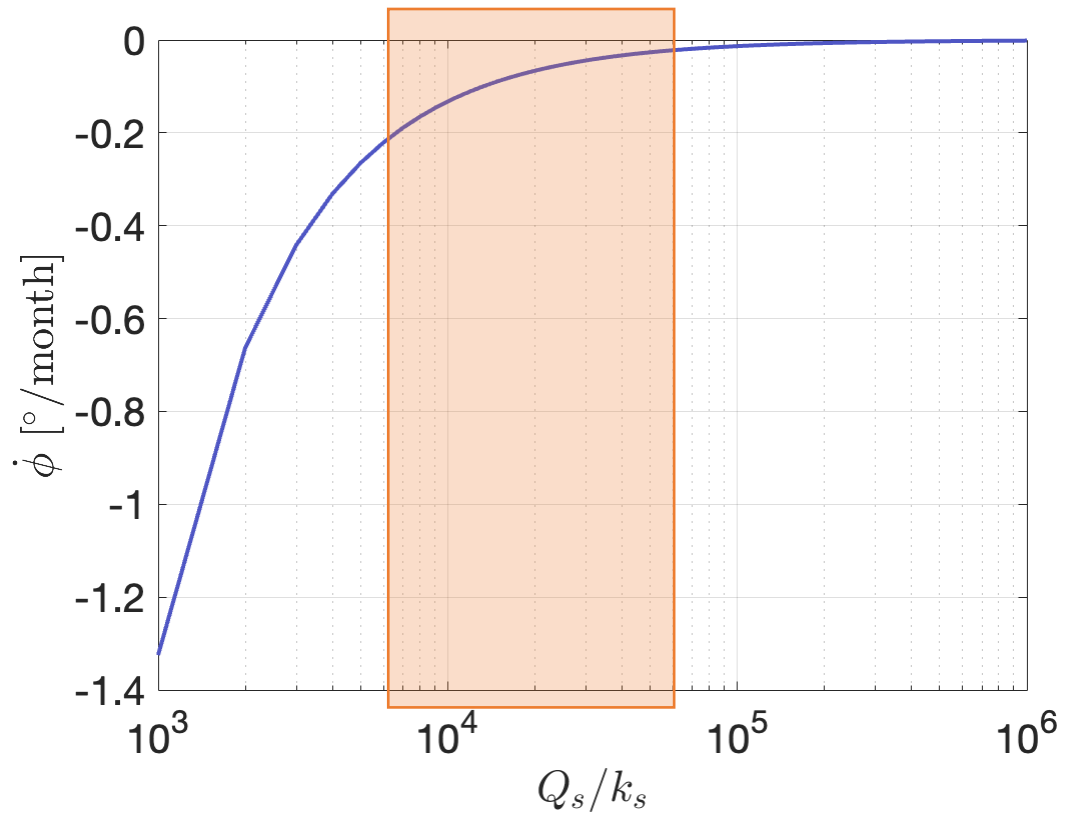
Measurement accuracy (optimistic):

~1 deg libration angle*

~0.1 m separation*

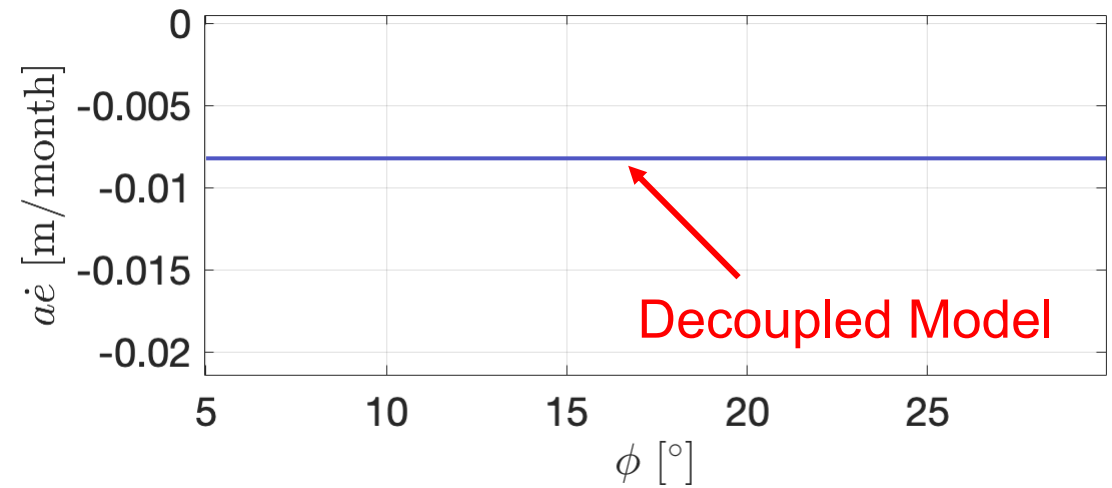
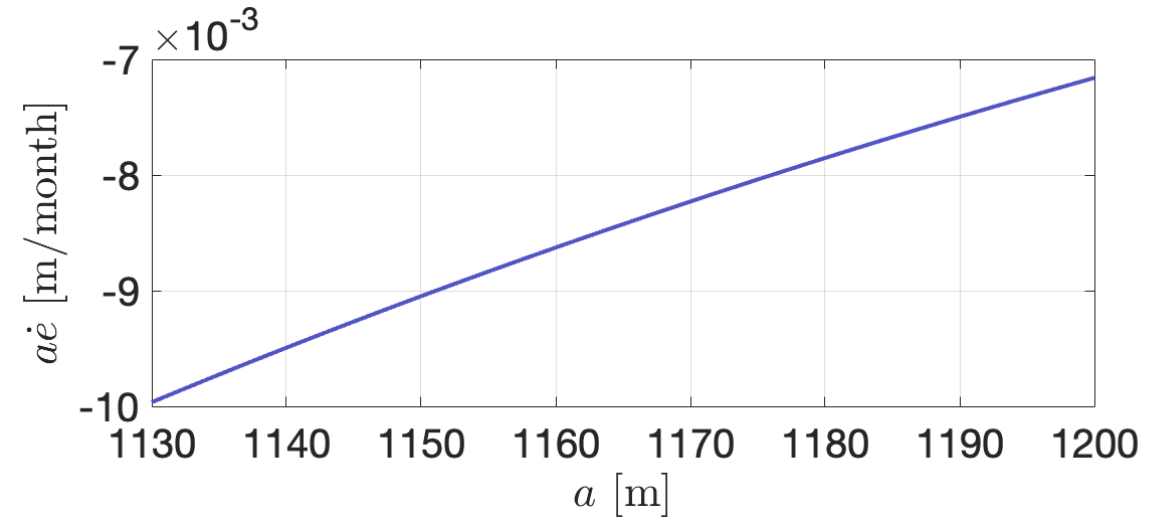
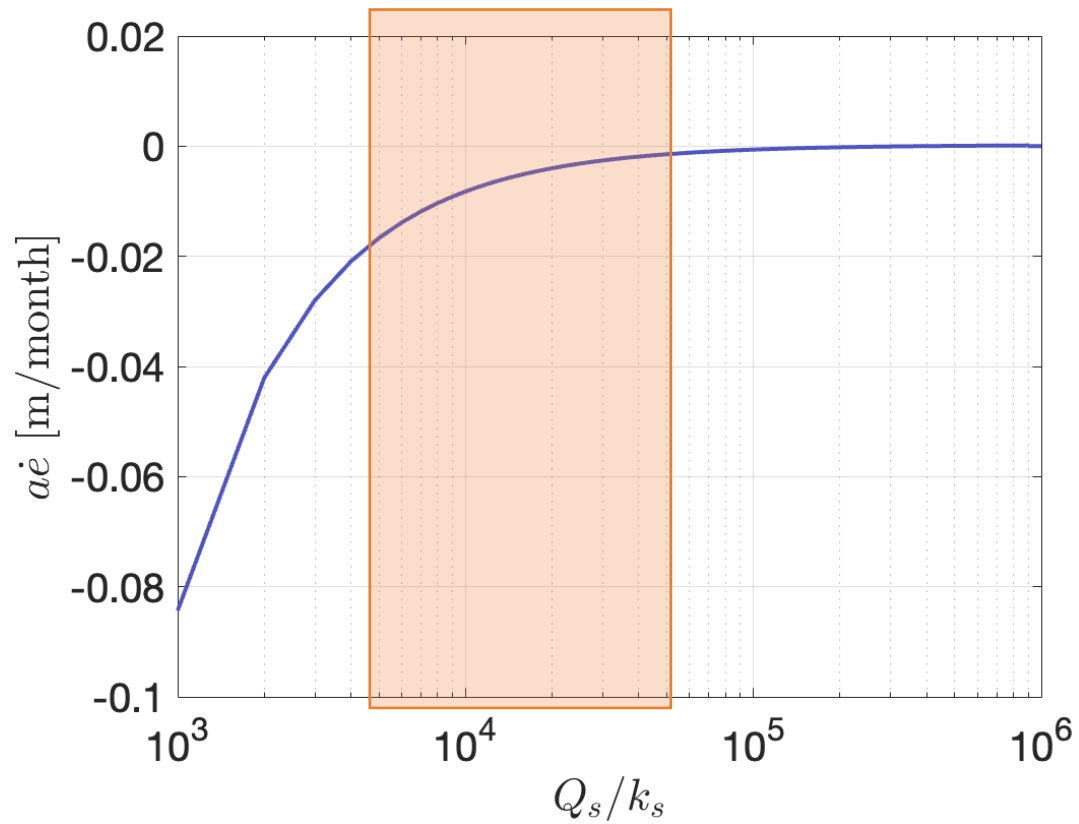
*Hera requirements document

Libration Damping



Jacobson et al, 2014
Jacobson & Scheeres, 2011

Eccentricity Damping



Jacobson et al, 2014
Jacobson & Scheeres, 2011

Hera Mission

Planned 6 month mission

Measurement accuracy (optimistic):

~1 deg libration angle*

~0.1 m separation*

*Hera requirements document

Potential first measurement of
small body dissipation

Primary parameters are
likely unobservable

More difficult if tumbling

