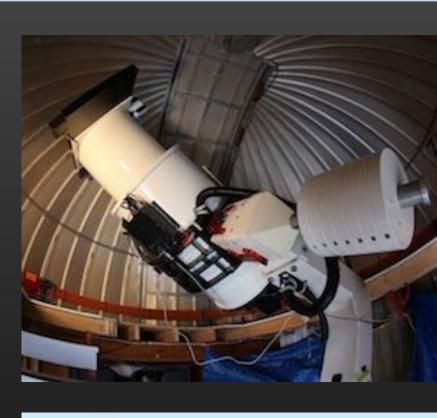


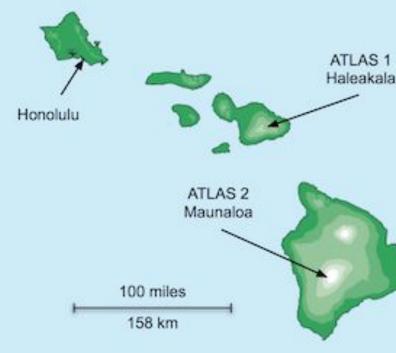
# The ATLAS Archive at the NASA PDS Small Bodies Node

<sup>(1)</sup> NASA Planetary Data System's Small Bodies Node, Dept. Of Astronomy, University of Maryland, 20742, U.S.A. <sup>(2)</sup> Institute for Astronomy, University of Hawaii, 2680 Woodlawn Drive, Manoa, HI 96822, U.S.A. \* gye@umd.edu

# The ATLAS Survey

- An asteroid impact early warning system developed by the University of Hawaii.
- Currently consists of two 0.5-m wide-field telescopes on Haleakala and Mauna Loa, 150 km apart.
- Scans the sky down to V=19.5 four times every other night, providing warnings of approaching small asteroids weeks to days before impact.
- Two additional telescopes in Chile and South Africa are being added.





## PDS4 dictionary upgrade

- Astronomical datasets such as the ATLAS dataset employs different standards compared to mission datasets archived at PDS.
- We propose new PDS4 classes and subclasses to incorporate information provided by astrophysics datasets, such as the World Coordinate System (WCS).
- WCS information such as plate solutions and distortion correction can now be retrieved from the PDS4 labels.

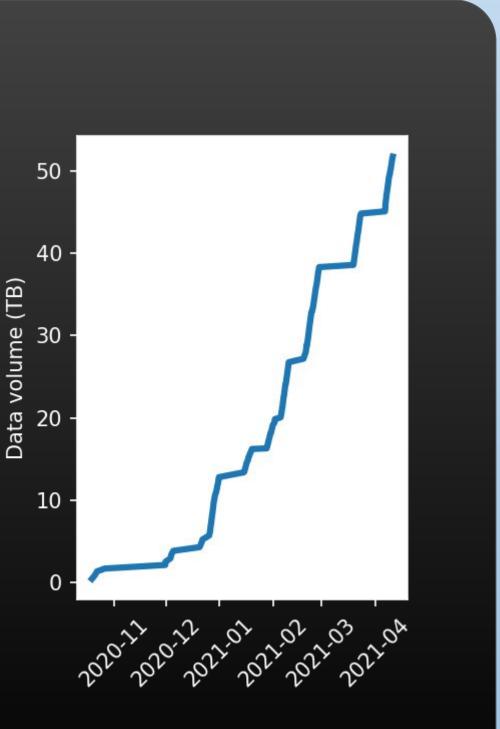
- <geom:World Coordinate System> <geom:Reference\_Frame\_Parameters> <geom:wcs axes> <geom:equinox>
- <geom:coordinate system celestial pole longitude> <geom:coordinate\_system\_celestial\_pole\_latitude> <geom:World Axis>
  - <geom:coordinate name>
  - <geom:coordinate\_system\_projection>
  - <geom:reference point>
  - <geom:vertical\_coordinate\_pixel> <geom:Referene Frame Identification> <geom:name>
  - <geom:Coordinate Frame Transformation Matrix> <geom:Pixel Axes>
  - <geom:horizontal axis>
  - <geom:vertical axis> <geom:Transformation Element>
  - <geom:world\_axis\_index>
  - <geom:pixel axis index>
  - <geom:element\_value> <geom:PV Distortion Matrix>
  - <geom:Distortion Element>
  - <geom:world\_axis\_index> <geom:parameter number>
  - <geom:element\_value>

Q.-Z.  $Ye^{(1)^*}$ , L. Denneau<sup>(2)</sup>, A. Heinze<sup>(2)</sup>, J. Tonry<sup>(2)</sup>, P. Lawton<sup>(1)</sup>, B. Hirsch<sup>(1)</sup>, M. S. P. Kelley<sup>(1)</sup>, D. Darg<sup>(1)</sup>, J. Bauer<sup>(1)</sup>, The ATLAS Team<sup>(2)</sup>



## The archive at a glimpse

- ATLAS provides a large volume of data: a total of 1 PB (2 million science exposures) to date and growing. The data rate is ~0.5 TB/night, and expected to double when the Chile and South Africa nodes come online.
- Using a GigaPoP service we are able to move the data efficiently. Downloading one full night's data from UH to UMD typically takes about 1.5 hours.
- As of 2021 April 15, 50 TB of data from 172 nights have been delivered and validated.



Increase of received data volume at PDS SBN

#### Next step

- We will continue to walk through the data backlog (ATLAS-Haleakala goes back to 2016; ATLAS-Mauna Loa goes back to 2017).
- We will also incorporate the data products and metadata into CATCH, a new, web-/API-based moving object search tool being developed at the PDS SBN. CATCH will provide image search and cutout service for a number of survey data, including ATLAS.

### More information







