Photoionization and Photoabsorption in the Rydberg resonance region

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Synopsis Hickman's theory (1984, J. Phys. B 17 L101), developed for dielectronic recombination, is extended to photoionization.

As illustrative example of the presented theory, we choose photoionization of $1s^22s^2$ ground level of beryllium atom (Be). Between 2s and 2p ionization thresholds are 2 Rydberg series of autoionizing levels, 2pnl and 2pnd ($n \ge 3$), interfering with $2s\varepsilon p$ continuum ($0 \le \varepsilon \le 0.285508$).



Figure 1. Be photoabsorption/photoionization crosssections obtained from QDT (Dubau et. al, 1973)

From 1966, Seaton developed the Quantum Defect Theory (QDT) (see review [1]), especially for Rydberg series interaction with continuum: analytical expression of scattering matrix **S** as function of electron energy ε . From QDT, Dubau and Wells [2] obtained (1). They also tabulated coefficients (*a*, *b*₂, *b*₃, χ'_{22} , χ'_{33}) used to draw Fig. 1 ($\varepsilon = 0.285508 - 1/v^2$)

$$|\mathscr{H}_{1}(\mathbf{S})|^{2} = |a|^{2} \left| 1 + \frac{b_{2}}{\exp(-2i\pi\nu) - \chi_{22}'} + \frac{b_{3}}{\exp(-2i\pi\nu) - \chi_{33}'} \right|^{2}$$
(1)

To introduce radiative resonance decay for dielectronic recombination, Hickman [3] replaced v real by v_c complex in the QDT expression of **S**. We can do the same in (1): $\varepsilon + i\Gamma_r = 0.285508 - 1/v_c^2$. Photoabsorption (Fig 2 (a)) becomes now different of photoionization (Fig 2 (b)). Present photoabsorption cross-section (Fig 2 (a)), including innerelectron 2p radiative decay, was obtained by convolution of Fig (1) data with a Lorentzian of Γ_r width.



Figure 2. Synthetic photoabsorption (a) /photoionization (b) cross-sections including 2p radiative decay: width $\Gamma_r = 7.4 \times 10^{-4}$ Ryd (non-physical for Be)

For isolated resonances, it is also possible to directly compute photoionization and photoabsorption crosssections including radiative decay, e.g. Zabaydullin and Dubau [4].

References

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