Rubidium Magnetic-Optical-Trap Reaction Microscope

Renyuan Li^{*, †}, Qiuxiang Meng^{*, ‡}, Junyang Yuan^{*, ‡}, Yizhu Zhang^{*}, Xincheng Wang[§], Matthias Weidemueller[⊥], Y.H. Jiang^{*, †, ‡ 1}

* Shanghai Advanced Research Institute, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 201210, China
[†] University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China
[‡]ShanghaiTech University, Shanghai 201210, China
[§] Fudan University, Shanghai 200433, China
[⊥] Heidelberg University, Heidelberg 69117, Germany

Abstract: We have built a set of magnetic-optical-trap reaction microscope which includes techniques of the preparation of cold atomic target, fast switch of magnetic field, and the load of high-density atom beam. And the set will be used for the research of such as the double ionization progress.

Reaction Microscope (ReMi) imposes gas targets on subjects of study due to the supersonic jet technique. For the materials of solid phase at room temperature, ReMi gives considerably low resolutions of momentum measurements. Here, we integrate two advanced experimental techniques, magnetic optical trap (MOT) and reaction microscope (ReMi), and develop a new approach with high resolution and multi-body coincident measurement. The magnetic-opticaltrap reaction microscope (MOTReMi) (see Figure 1) is expected to be characterized that the atomic density reaches 10⁹ cm⁻³, the temperature is below 1mK, and the momentum resolution of ion is better than 0.1 a.u. For this goal, several techniques should be focused on, which are the preparation of cold atomic target, fast switch of magnetic field, and the load of highdensity atom beam. The MOTReMi will be used for the research of double ionization [1] process and the electron correlation of hydrogen-like atom, as well as strong-field ionization of laser-prepared atomic states [2]. Here, the research progress of the set-up, the design and characterization of the whole vacuum cavity,

the source of cold atoms (2D MOT [3]) and the



Figure 1. Set-up diagram of MOTReMi.

References

 G. Zhu *et al.* 2009 *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 103008
F. Morales *et al.* 2011 PNAS. 1105916108
S. Götz *et al.* 2012 *Rev. Sci. Instrum.* 10.1063/1.4738643

optical system is introduced particularly.

¹E-mail: jiangyh@sari.ac.cn