

Engaging External Fund Managers

OCTOBER 2023



RESERVE MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT

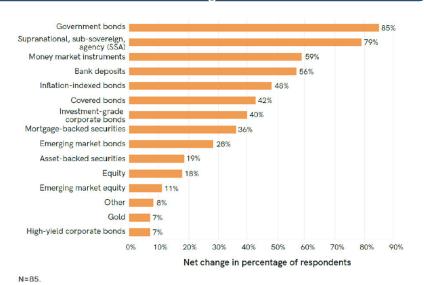
External Portfolio Managers in Central Bank



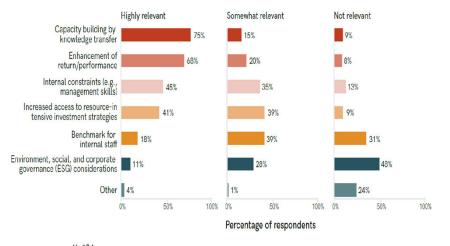
Background

Central banks commonly explore more diverse investment options for various reasons, with knowledge transfer and return enhancement being among the top motivations.

Asset classes approved by central banks for external managers



Central banks' motivation to have external managers



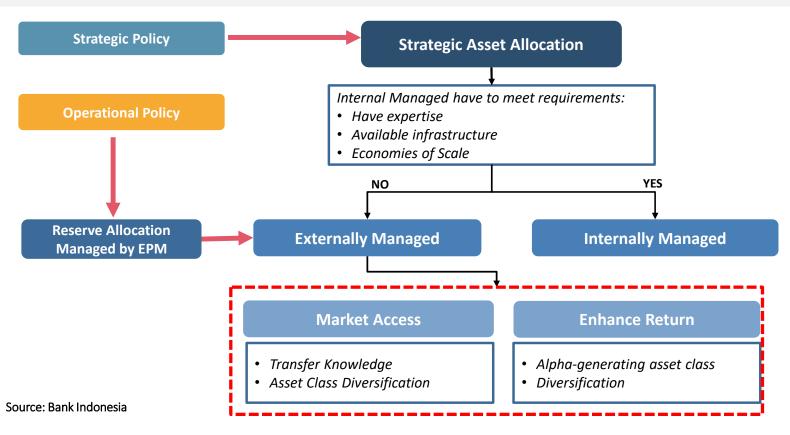
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Source: Third RAMP survey on the Reserve Management Practices of Central Banks

External Managed Framework



- Strategic Partnership with External Fund Manager is part of FX Reserve Management Strategy to implement strategic asset allocation (SAA)
- Main reason for using EFM are: i) Gaining market Access and ii) Enhance Return



Evolution of External Fund Manager Partnership



Bank Indonesia has been collaborating with a variety of external fund managers, with their current emphasis being on mandates related to spread products.

EFM Mandates	2002	2011	2012	2013	2019
Government Bond	Ø				
EMLC					
EMUSD		Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø
Corp			⊘	Ø	⊘
MBS				⊘	Ø
MSFI					Ø

International Financial Cooperation	2005	2019	2020
BIS – ABF 2	⊘	⊘	⊘
WB RAMP – US MBS		⊘	⊘
BIS – BISIP G3			⊘

Factors to be considered:

1. Level of Reserve

The larger the reserve, the more diverse the asset classes

2. Strategic Asset Allocation

Outlook, Risk Appetite, LT Strategic Business Plan

The Need for Effective Management



Establishing an external management program requires a comprehensive process for selecting, evaluating, and replacing asset managers, which also incurs costs.

EPM Management Cycle

4. FOLLOW-UP

- DIMA Adjustment;
- Mandate Addition or Reduction,
- Termination

3. EVALUATION

- Monthly
- Quarterly
- Yearly



1. SELECTION

- Planning (Type of Mandate, Allocation, management Style, benchmark and investment guideline)
- Selection (Interview, Due diligence)
- Appointment (Fee negotiation, legal document)

2. MONITORING

- Compliance (Limit TE, Derivatif, eligible asset)
- Performance (3yrs Excess Return, IR, consistency)

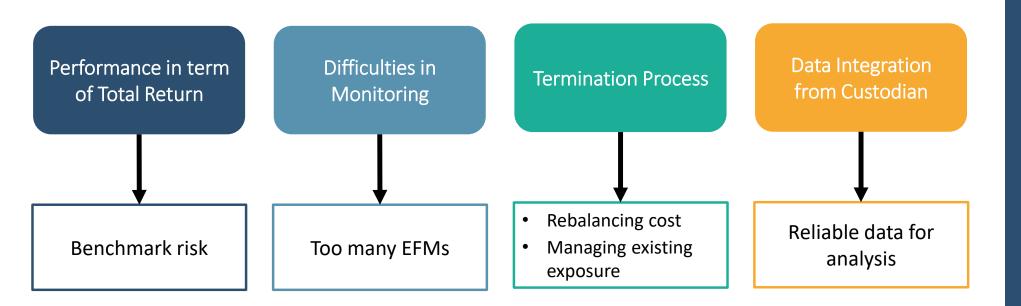
Source: Bank Indonesia

Note: In every stage, close coordination with Risk Management Department is being maintained.

Lesson Learned



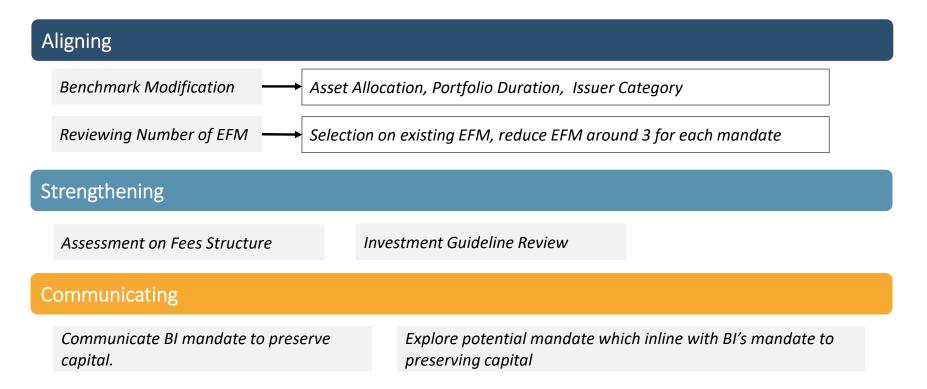
Overseeing diverse external fund managers, each with their own unique mandates, offers valuable insights that contribute to improved management of the current EFMs.



Next Step



To improve the management of EFMs, the next step involves aligning EFM management with reserve management purposes, strengthening the assessment and guidelines for each EFM, and effectively communicating these changes to the EFMs to support BI's mandate.



Conclusion



- Strategic Partnership with External Fund Manager is part of FX Reserve Management Strategy to implement strategic asset allocation (SAA), with main reason for using EFM are: i) Gaining market Access and ii) Enhance Return
- **02.** Bank Indonesia has been collaborating with a variety of external fund managers, which offers valuable insights that contribute to improved management of the current EFMs.
- The current financial market turmoil poses lesson learned in the management of foreign exchange reserves through EFM, such as: i) Alignment of investment strategy with central bank mandate, ii) monitoring of many EFM, iii) termination process and iv) data management.
- The next step involves aligning EFM management with reserve management purposes, strengthening the assessment and guidelines for each EFM, and effectively communicating these changes to the EFMs to support BI's mandate.

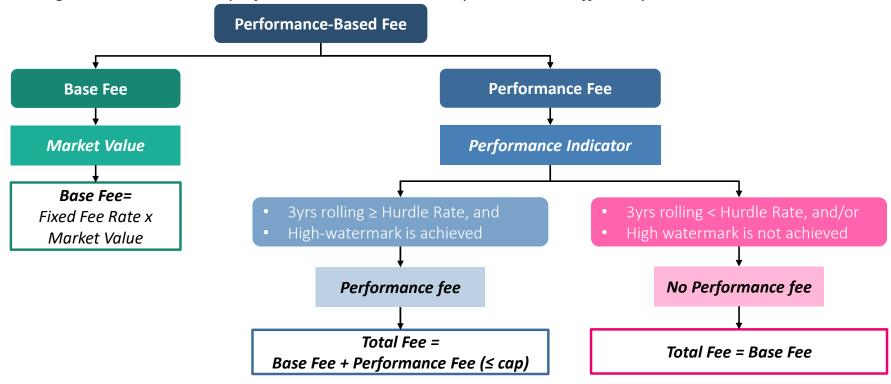


THANK YOU

Management Fee



- Management Fees consist of Base Fee and Performance Fee
- The implementation of a Performance-Based Fee (PBF) structure is expected to provide incentives for fund managers to enhance their performance, which will also promote cost efficiency based on historical simulation.



Source: Bank Indonesia

External Service Providers



Central banks not only have to manage relationships with external portfolio managers but also with external parties related with the external management program.

Custodian

- Provide secure custody services
- Manage cash flows associated with the portfolio
- Ensure compliance with regulatory requirements

Auditor

- Evaluate adherence to internal policies and procedures.
- Ensure transparency and accountability

Defining the Appropriate Mandate



The appropriate mandate for an EFM should align with the central bank's objectives, risk tolerance, and preferences, taking into consideration the associated costs.

Objectives

- Knowledge sharing?
- Enhance return?
- Seeking for EPM expertise?
- Increase access?
- Other objectives?

Preference

- Active vs Passive Management
- Target: Absolute vs Excess Return
- Active Risk: Conservative vs Aggressive
- Other risk such as credit risk, liquidity risk, etc.

Things to Consider

- Management Fees
- Procurement and Legal Process
- Oversight and Monitoring Cost

Leveraging External Portfolio Managers



Enhancing the effective use of an EPM could be done by giving attention to qualitative aspects such as communication and intangible benefits.

Maintaining continuous communication

Regular Monitoring and Meeting

- Daily, weekly, monthly, and annual reporting and monitoring
- Performance review presentation
- Review and outlook for specific asset classes for a certain period

Inquiry

- Performance/Portfolio-related topic
- Survey of EPM's opinion regarding specific topic

Utilization of Intangible Benefit

Training Program

- On-site or Online training for specific topic, related to mandate or not
- Attachment Program
- Customized research paper

Speaker for Events

By inviting EPM representation as speaker in events held by central banks