

Governance in Reserves Management: The National Bank of Georgia

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Introduction

The National Bank of Georgia (NBG) serves as the cornerstone of Georgia's financial system, playing a pivotal role in ensuring economic stability and growth.

- Importance of Reserves Management:
 - Support of the existing FX regime and policy
 - Provide assistance to The Government of Georgia to render unimpeded expenditures (Inc. external debt payments)
 - Meeting the foreign currency demand of the economy during external shocks, crisis, or other types of emergency situations





The Backbone of Governance: Legislation for Reserves Management

Excerpts from Legislation:

- Article 68 of Constitution of Georgia: "The National Bank shall be independent in its activity. ... The National Bank shall be accountable to Parliament and shall annually submit an activity report to it.
- Article 68 of Constitution of Georgia: "The... guarantees for the independence of the National Bank, shall be determined by the organic law.

Article 3 of Organic Law of NBG: NBG "own, keep and dispose of the official international reserves";

Article 9 of Organic Law of NBG: NBG board may: "review and approve the key principles of managing and disposing of international reserves";



Who owns the Foreign Reserves?

- The legal ownership in Foreign Reserves rests in National Bank of Georgia
 - According to Article 3 paragraph 3, subparagraph d) of the Organic Law - The function of the National Bank of Georgia is to <u>own, keep and</u> <u>dispose of</u> the official international reserves
- Foreign Reserves held outside of Georgia has the protection of the Sovereign Immunity. (Unless duly waived by NBG)
 - Majority of Jurisdictions where NBG's assets are held honor this important principle of International Public Law.
 - NBG's Assets shall be immune even to the claims against the Government or other state bodies of Georgia.



Protection of Reserve Assets

Central bank is Independent from Government

Constitution and Central Bank Law In some international cases CB reserves are threatened by international litigations

Central bank is not responsible for Government obligations

Government is not Responsible for NBG



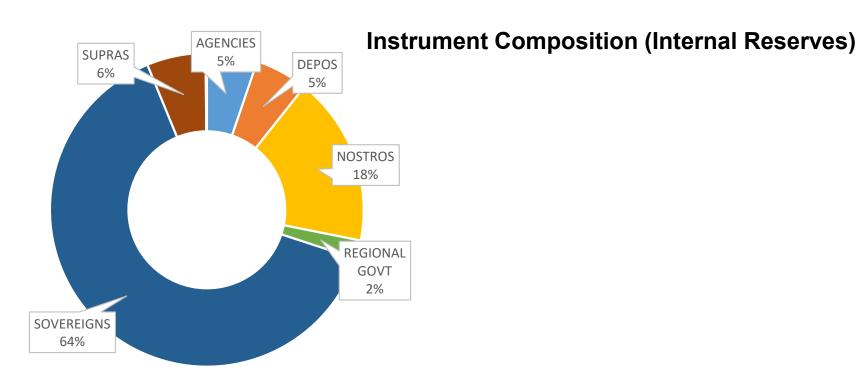


Diverse Assets for Stability: Composition of Official International Reserves

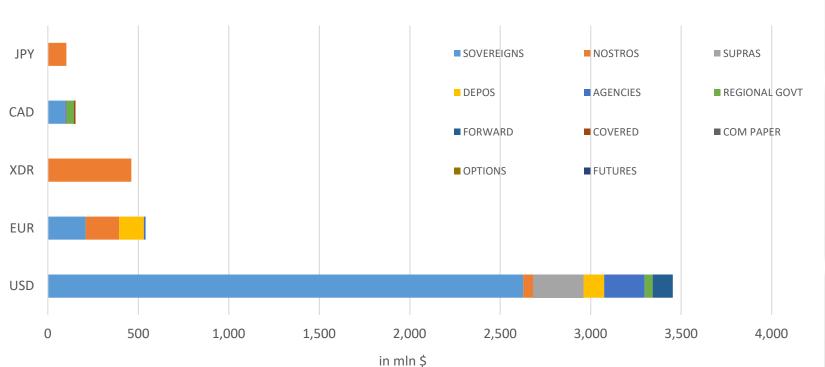
- a. Monetary Gold
- b. Foreign Currency (Coins and Banknotes)
- c. Foreign CurrencyBalances in BankAccounts
- d. Special Drawing Rights (SDR) and IMF Reserve Position

- e. Bills of Exchange and Deposit Certificates
- f. Debt Instruments
- g. Derivatives and Purchase Agreements
- h. Other UniversallyRecognizedInternational Reserves





Instrument Composition by currency (Internal Reserves)





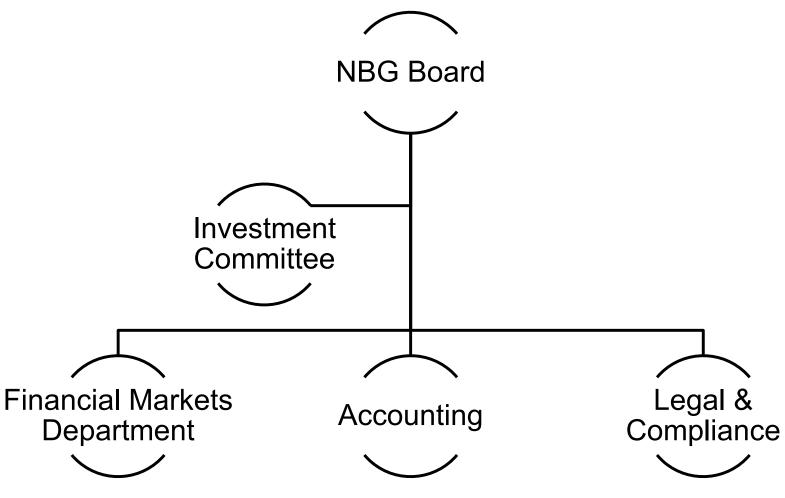
Guiding Principles for Prudent Management

- Governance Structure
- Delegation
- Transparency and Accountability
- Asset Allocation
- ® Risk Management





Foundations of Oversight: Governance Structure at NBG





Governance in Practice

Set of rules and procedures



Market Info



Investments

Approved Benchmarks Board Trading Desk Investment Risk Committee Management SAA Proposal Reporting საქართველოს ეროვნული ბანკი National Bank of Georgia

Safeguarding Stability: Risk Management in Reserves Management

- Identification, assessment, and quantification of various risks associated with official international reserves.
- ® Risks include market volatility, credit risk, liquidity risk, and geopolitical factors.
- Diligent risk mitigation strategies:
 - Diversification of assets.
 - Currency hedging.
 - Stress testing.





Risk Management

Board

Audit Committee

3rd _ine

Internal Audit

Monitors Compliance Conducts periodic audit

2nd Line

Centralized Risk Unit Umbrella Function Defines Risk Strategy Coordinates Operational Risks

1st Line

Financial Markets

Risk Owner Manages Financial Risks Operational Risks Locally





Balancing Returns and Safety: Investment Strategies at NBG

- Diversification across asset classes to mitigate risks while maximizing returns and ensuring safety and liquidity.
- The universal principles of the management:
 - Safety
 - Liquidity
 - Profitability





Open Communication: Ensuring Transparency in Reserves Management

- Regular reporting practices
 - Contents of reports: reserves composition, performance, changes, compliance
- Stakeholder engagement: authorities, institutions, public
- Transparency in investment decisions





Global Synergy: Strengthening Reserves Management through Collaboration

- Partnerships with international financial institutions (IMF, World Bank, ADB, BIS)
- Participation in multilateral agreements for knowledge exchange
- © Collaboration with central banks of other nations





Thank You!

Questions?



