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Overview

Concepts:
Role of SP for a Just
Transition?

Design & Practice:

Where are we now?

Financing & effective reform:

3

What does the evidence say?

How to institutionalize SP for a Just Transition?

Concepts: A "Just Transition"



Minimize not only emissions, but also negative social impacts and vulnerability (to CC)

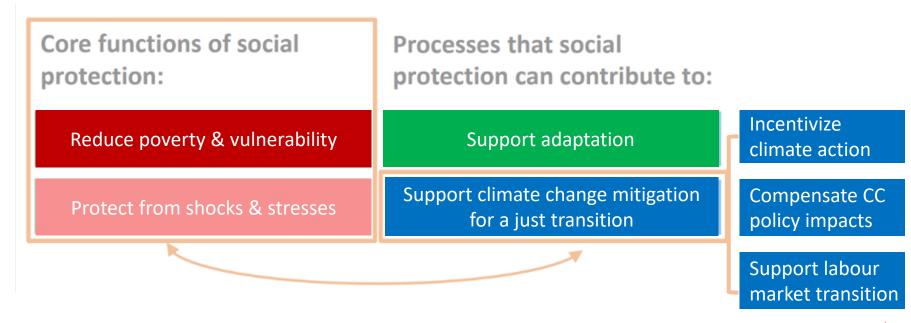
Maximize opportunities, for the green economy but also inclusion (quality jobs, income security/wellbeing)



Adapted from ILO (2015) Just Transition Guidelines.

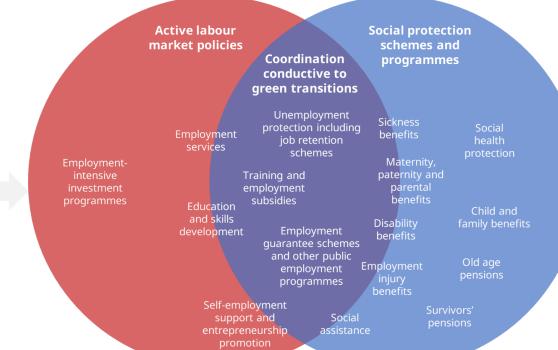
Concepts: The role of social protection

...in context of climate change and a just transition



Design & practice Supporting labour market transitions

Temporal misalignments



Design & practice

Cushion negative impacts of policy responses (price increases)

Price control measures

Income support

e.g

- Fixing or capping prices
- Reduced taxes, fees, excises
- Exemptions
- Rebates
- -> Subsidies
- Non-contributory (e.g. child, family, unemployment benefit extension /increase)
- Supplements (e.g. energy/housing/transport allowances through e.g. unemployment or pension schemes)
- Contributory schemes (benefit ext., reduced/-scheduled contributions; relaxed eligibility; improved access etc.)
- Linked to work (e.g. job-retention / short-time work benefits, severance pay, employment guarantee / PWP)

Design & practicePromoting sustainable behaviours and investments, livelihoods diversification

e.g.

- Linking non-contributory schemes to climate-related objectives (e.g. decreased) deforestation in Colombia and Indonesia, substitution of traditional fuels in Pakistan)
- **Payment for ecosystem services**, sometimes explicitly linked to social protection programmes/objectives (e.g. Brazil's Bolsa Verde and Bolsa Familia)
- Cash Plus and sustainable livelihood programmes (asset transfers and training in combination, some examples of coordinated measures, e.g. PROEZA)
- **Environmentally sensitive public works programmes** (e.g. South Africa, Ethiopia, India, Malawi)

Financing & effective reform

What does the evidence say? An example

Cross-regional study based on 6 low/middle-income countries

- Indonesia and Viet Nam
- Ecuador
- South Africa, Tanzania and Zambia

2 climate-change mitigation policies

- Carbon pricing 20 USD/tCO2, 50 USD/tCO2, 80 USD/tCO2
- Removal of fuel and electricity subsidies

3 potential social-assistance reforms

- Increased generosity of existing schemes
- Increased coverage of existing schemes
- New categorical grant for children, elderly and individuals with disabilities

Outcome measures

- Poverty impact and income changes
- Total population and different population subgroups

SASPRI / Gasior et al. (forthcoming)

Analysis is based on novel tax-benefit microsimulation models

Financing & effective reform What does the evidence say?

- All 3 reform scenarios cushion overall drop in mean income/consumption
- In Ecuador, Viet Nam & South Africa, more significant poverty reduction through vertical expansion of existing benefits than increasing the coverage (where poverty concentrated at the bottom, as in Viet Nam)
- Where big existing coverage gaps, better cushioning effects with higher coverage **scenario** for lower quintiles (South Africa and Zambia for example)
- Categorical benefits: stabilising income/consumption in most countries but seem better option for countries where poverty is not concentrated at the bottom (e.g. Tanzania and Zambia) also given potentially easier administration
- Potential shortcomings of existing SP system are amplified when introducing climate change mitigation policies and need to be considered for SP/JT reforms

Institutionalization: Governance

High level National strategy and definition **Just Transition Strategy** Legislative and regulatory framework and Urgent Action Plan Institutional structures and policy designs High-level coordination mechanisms Mid level Programme-level MIS companies and government Integrated MIS International frameworks **Just Transition Agreements** Street level Contribution collection mechanisms Horizontal coordination at operational level Payment systems Grievance and appeals mechanisms Avenues for stakeholder participation

Institutionalization: Outlook

...globally, regionally, nationally

- International commitments (incl. Nationally Determined Contributions)
- International partnerships and initiatives (JET-Ps, P+)
- Integration in strategy/policy frameworks (incl. Just Transition Strategies)
- Social protection design and practice in context of climate change adaptation and mitigation
- Even countries with stronger SP system may need to reform these (if targeted based on income), given impacts across income groups
- Sustainable SP financing considering climate change; revenue recycling / earmarking (complementary)



