

Inclusive Al For Social Protection Challenges, Opportunities, and Strategic Roadmap

LEONG, Tze Yun, PhD, FACMI, FIAHSI

Professor | Computer Science | National University of Singapore

21 December 2024

Toward Inclusive AI for Social Protection

- Key Benefits:
 - Precise Targeting
 - Improved Service Delivery
 - Real-Time Insights
 - Localized Solutions
 - Sustainability

- Core Challenges:
 - Infrastructure Barriers
 - Data Quality and Privacy
 - Equity and Ethical Concerns

Guiding Framework for Inclusive Al

Four Core Approaches:

- 1. Strategic Readiness: Strengthen Foundational Infrastructure
- 2. Talent Development: Build Local Skills and Workforce
- 3. Ethical and Inclusive AI: Develop Localized Responsible AI Policies
- 4. Collaboration: Foster Partnerships and Resource Mobilization

Goal:

 Achieve sustainable, inclusive growth in social protection by leveraging AI responsibly and ethically across regions.

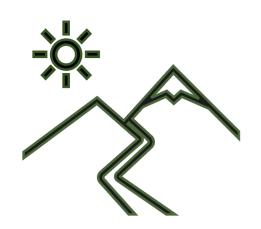
An Al Strategic Roadmap for Social Protection

Short-Term Road Map:

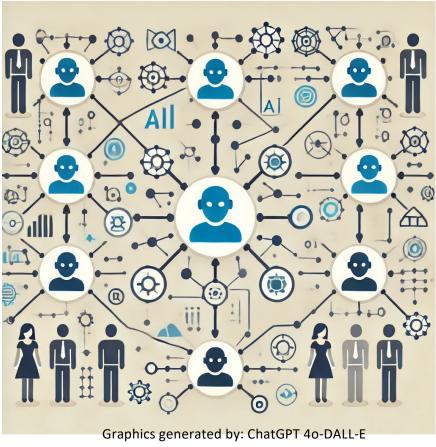
- Begin with pilot projects
- Establish data systems
- Create initial policies for AI use.

Long-Term Road Map:

- Scale Al applications
- Enhance digital and AI skills
- Continuously refine governance practices.



Future of Social Protection with Al



Cooperative Al!

Al for Social Protection 5

THE STRAITS TIMES

How can AI help?

Only 26% of low-income families on ComLink+ scheme send kids to pre-school regularly

• Incentives:

 S\$500 one-off, S\$200 per month top up every three months

• Concerns:

Cannot catch up with peers

• Solutions:

- Human "befrienders"
- Special programs

Source: the straits times https://www.straitstimes.com/singapore/only-26-per-cent-of-children-in-low-income-families-on-comlink-scheme-attend-pre-school-regularly
Al for Social Protection

AI: Core Capabilities

Sensing

Al "Brain"

Environment

Data, Information, Knowledge What is the likelihood that a 5-year-old child in City S, enrolled in the ComCare Program for 2 years, will not attend preschool regularly?

Agent graphics source: ChatGPT4o, accessed 8 Aug 2024

What is Generative Al?

- Key Features of Modern Generative Al
 - General Intelligence
 - Versatile across various tasks, adaptable to specific applications.
 - Learning from Data Patterns
 - Analyzes extensive data to understand and create innovative outputs.
 - Original Content Creation
 - Goes beyond traditional AI to produce new text, images, and ideas.

Al: Generative Capabilities

Sensing

Generative Al "Brain"

Environment

Data, Information, Knowledge Can you generate personalized educational materials tailored to a 5-year-old child X with background Y for Befriender Z to help X master basic 3R skills (reading, writing, arithmetic)?

Agent graphics source: ChatGPT4o, accessed 8 Aug 2024

Human-Al Value Alignment in Social Protection

Shaping Decisions

- Guide AI to balance fairness, transparency, and inclusivity.
- Align decisions with societal priorities and accountability.
- Examples:
 - Chain-of-Thought (CoT)
 - Reinforcement Learning with Human Feedback (RLHF)

Example: Working with Large Foundational Models ...

Was this response better or worse? **Better**

Worse

Same

X

Source: ChatGPT4o, accessed 13 October 2024

Human-Al Value Alignment in Social Protection

Shaping Decisions

- Guide AI to balance fairness, transparency, and inclusivity.
- Align decisions with societal priorities and accountability.

Reducing Bias

- Teach AI fairness, privacy, and cultural relevance.
- Embed ethics in data, design, testing, and oversight.

Key Questions in Al4SocialProtection

Fairness and Equity

• How can AI models in social protection be designed to prioritize vulnerable and marginalized groups in benefit eligibility and resource allocation?

Transparency and Trust

 What steps can be taken to make AI-driven social protection decisions transparent, accessible, and easy for beneficiaries to understand and trust?

Cultural Sensitivity and Local Relevance

 How can AI-generated content, such as social assistance or support materials, be adapted to align with local languages, customs, and cultural values to ensure accessibility?

Key Questions in Al4SocialProtection

Community Feedback and System Adaptability

 How can beneficiaries actively provide feedback on AI-based social protection services, and how can AI systems be modified to reflect community needs and insights?

Data Privacy and Security

• What data governance standards should be implemented to protect sensitive beneficiary information, particularly for vulnerable groups, and how can these standards ensure data security and confidentiality?

Human Oversight and Responsible Governance

• How can human oversight be integrated into AI-driven social protection systems to review, validate, and adjust AI decisions, especially in critical areas like financial aid, healthcare and social insurance access, and emergency support?

Challenges in Human-Al Cooperation

- Over-Reliance (Automation Bias):
 - Users overly trust AI, ignoring their judgment.
 - Leads to uncritical acceptance of false positives or negatives.
- Under-Reliance (Algorithm Aversion):
 - Users distrust AI and ignore useful suggestions.
 - Reduces the system's effectiveness and utility.
- Opacity of Judgments:
 - Difficulty assessing AI decision reliability.
 - Lack of transparency hinders optimal use of insights.

Ref: Riverberi 2022

Toward Responsible Generative Al

- How should we govern and regulate Generative AI systems and use?
- Analogous to the Vehicle and Transportation Rules
 - Vehicle design and manufacturing
 - Vehicle imports and sales
 - Traffic lights and traffic rules
 - Rules for drivers Driving licenses
 - Rules for passengers Seat belts
 - Guidance for good pedestrian behavior
- Education is key!

Conclusion and Call to Action

Summary:

• Inclusive AI can be a transformative tool for social protection, but careful planning and responsible considerations are essential.

Next Steps:

• Leverage guidance from the authoritative frameworks, e.g., Singapore&Rwanda's AI Playbook, ADB/GIZ, OECD, ISSA guidelines for public and social protection, to build effective foundational AI capabilities.

Encouragement:

• Communities and governments should collaborate to drive responsible, impactful, cooperative AI deployment in social protection.



Contact: leongty@nus.edu.sg

Al for Social Protection

21

References

- Al Playbook for Small States
- Infocomm Media Development Authority (IMDA). (2024). AI Playbook for Small States. Singapore: IMDA.
- IMDA
- G7 Toolkit for Artificial Intelligence in the Public Sector | OECD
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). (2024). *G7 Toolkit for Artificial Intelligence in the Public Sector*. OECD Publishing.
- OECD
- Mapping the Development, Deployment, and Adoption of AI for Enhanced Public Services in the G20 Members
- Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD). (2024). *Mapping the Development, Deployment, and Adoption of AI for Enhanced Public Services in the G20 Members*. OECD Publishing.
- OECD

Al for Social Protection

References

- Zaber, M., Casu, O., & Brodersohn, E. (2024). Artificial Intelligence in Social Security Organizations. International Social Security Association (ISSA) and United Nations University (UNU-EGOV).
- ISSA/UNU
- Asian Development Bank (ADB) & Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale
 Zusammenarbeit (GIZ). (2020). AI in Social Protection Exploring Opportunities and
 Mitigating Risks. Asian Development Bank and GIZ.
- ADB 1
- Ohlenburg, T. (2022). Social Protection in a Pandemic Trends, Challenges & Technology. Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH and Asian Development Bank (ADB).
- ABD 2