

Why Physician Wellness Matters

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Creating a Healthy Workplace

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Disclosures

 Scotiabank, MD Financial Management and the Canadian Medical Association



















Boo the bear "watching", Kicking Horse Mountain, Golden, BC

Objectives

- To identify what workrelated hazards face physicians
- To discuss recent advances in the approach to physician wellness
- To describe how physician wellness links to work **culture** and **context**
- To consider how changes at the system-level can support physician wellness



White water rafting, Golden, BC https://www.tourismgolden.com/about/photos/whitewater-rafting-golden

Quality Indicator - Lancet 2009



Physician wellness: a missing quality indicator

Jean E Wallace, Jane B Lemaire, William A Ghali

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When physicians are unwell, the performance of health-care systems can be suboptimum. Physician wellness might not only benefit the individual physician, it could also be vital to the delivery of high-quality health care. We review the work stresses faced by physicians, the barriers to attending to wellness, and the consequences of unwell physicians to Faculty of Social Sciences the individual and to health-care systems. We show that health systems should routinely measure physician wellness, and discuss the challenges associated with implementation.

Introduction

"Healthy citizens are the greatest asset any country can have."

Sir Winston Churchill

Physicians are important citizens of health-care systems, and evidence indicates that many physicians are unwell. Physicians who are affected by the stresses of their work may go on to experience substance abuse, relationship troubles, depression, or even death.1-4 Results of emerging research show that physicians' stress, fatigue, burnout, depression, or general psychological distress negatively affects health-care systems and patient care. 5-11 Thus when physicians are unwell, the performance of the health-care system can be suboptimum. The corollary is that physician wellness might not only benefit the individual physician,

review the potential consequences of self-neglect by physicians, both individually and at the level of healthcare systems. We also address why health systems should routinely measure physician wellness as an indicator of health-system quality in view of the growing recognition that suboptimum physician wellness adversely affects system performance. We discuss some of the measurement and operational challenges associated with implementation of this missing quality indicator, and raise several issues that will need to be addressed to achieve the desired outcomes of improved physician wellness and system quality.

Risk of physician ill health

Practising medicine is stressful to many physicians. For example, authors of a Canadian study reported that 64% of

Objectives

■ To identify what work-related hazards face physicians



Heli-skiing, Blue River, BC

Burnout: A Work-Related Hazard

- Emotional exhaustion
- Depersonalization
- Reduced sense of accomplishment



"I am exhausted, I don't care, I am useless"

Burnout

Areas of Work Life Model (jøb-person match)

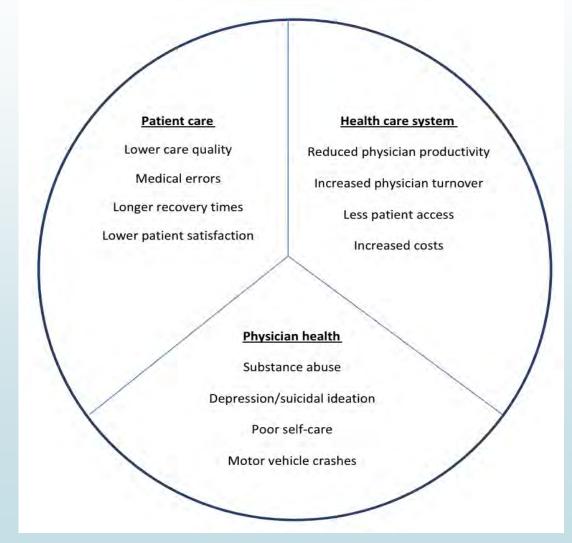
- Workload
- Control
- Reward
- Fairness
- Values



- Advancements in health care/complexity
- Long work hours, on-call hours
- Emotional and cognitive load
- Work environment/inefficiency
- Lack of work/life integration (gender and generational shifts)
- Loss of meaning of work

Shanafelt et al. Burnout and satisfaction with work-life balance among US physicians relative to the general US population. *Arch Intern Med.* 2012;172(18):1377-1385 Wallace JE, Lemaire JB, Ghali WA. Physician wellness: a missing quality indicator. *Lancet* 2009;374:1714-1721 Balch et al. Surgeon distress as calibrated by hours worked and nights on call. *J Am Coll Surg* 2010;211 (5) 609-619 Leiter, Maslach. A structured approach to organizational predictors of job burnout. Research in Occupational Stress and Well-Being. Oxford 2004

Physician Wellness Matters Because Rates of Burnout are Associated With ...



West et al, J Intern Med. 2018 Jun;283A(6):516-529Cent

Annals of Internal Medicine®

MEDICINE AND PUBLIC ISSUES | 4 JUNE 2019

Estimating the Attributable Cost of Physician Burnout in the United States

Burnt out physicians

Exit medicine: 1.8x

Reduce work hours: 1.9-3.5x

\$4.6 BILLION

USA National Study of Surgeons

- 90% <u>believed</u> their well-being was at or above average
- ► When <u>tested</u> 70% scored in the bottom third for well-being

Distress and burnout are a "normal" way to feel



Cedar Waxwings, Calgary, AB

Suicide

Physicians Experience Highest Suicide Rate of Any Profession

NEW YORK — With one completed suicide every day, US physicians have the highest suicide rate of any profession. In addition, the number of physician suicides is more than twice that of the general population, new research shows.

A systematic literature review of physician suicide shows that the suicide rate among physicians is 28 to 40 per 100,000, more than double that in the general population.

Physicians who die by suicide often suffer from untreated or undertreated depression or other mental illnesses, a fact that underscores the need for early intervention, study investigator Deepika Tanwar, MD, Psychiatric Program, Harlem Hospital Center, New York City, told *Medscape Medical News.*

The findings were presented at the American Psychiatric Association (APA) 2018 annual meeting.

Work-related Musculoskeletal Disorders (MSDs)

JAMA Surgery | Original Investigation

Prevalence of Work-Related Musculoskeletal Disorders Among Surgeons and Interventionalists A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis

Sherise Epstein, MPH; Emily H. Sparer, ScD; Bao N. Tran, MD; Qing Z. Ruan, MD; Jack T. Dennerlein, PhD; Dhruv Singhal, MD; Bernard T. Lee, MD, MPH, MBA

IMPORTANCE Physicians in procedural specialties are at high risk for work-related musculoskeletal disorders (MSDs). This has been called "an impending epidemic" in the context of the looming workforce shortage; however, prevalence estimates vary by study.

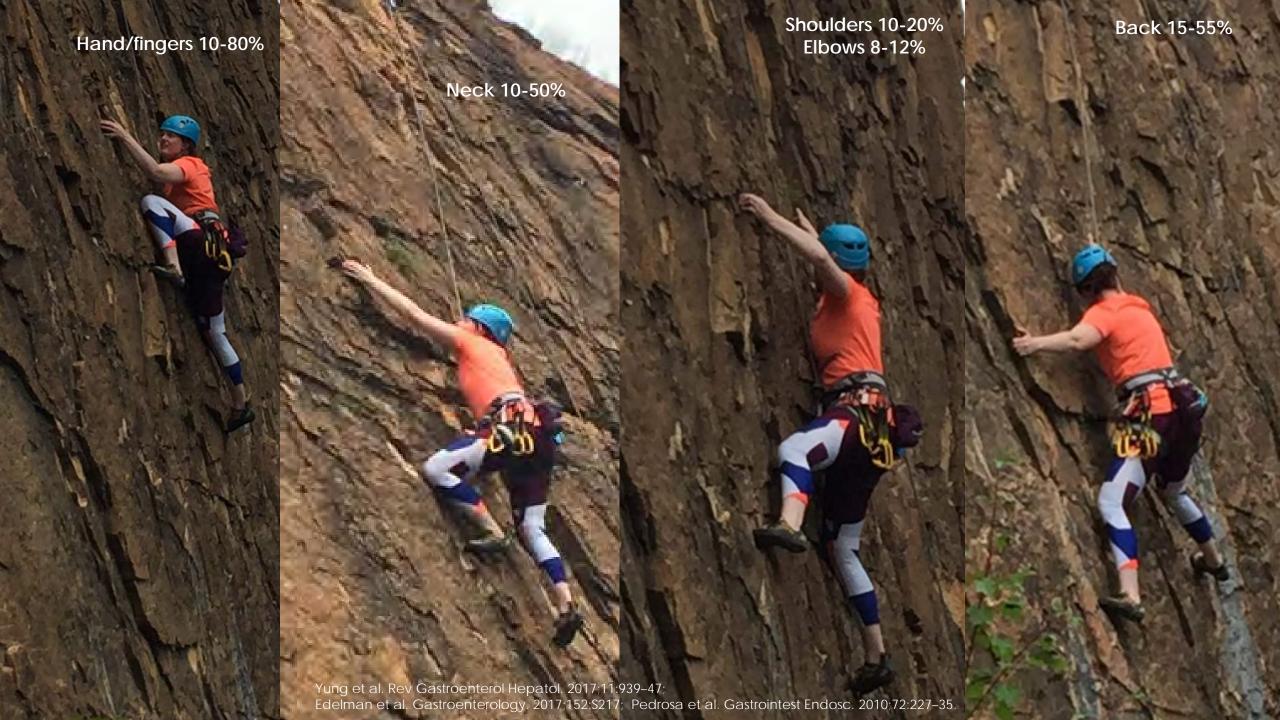
OBJECTIVES To estimate the prevalence of work-related MSDs among at-risk physicians and to evaluate the scope of preventive efforts.

DATA SOURCES AND STUDY SELECTION Systematic search in MEDLINE (Ovid), Embase (Elsevier), Web of Science, PubMed (National Center for Biotechnology Information), and 2 clinical trial registries, without language restriction, for studies reporting on the prevalence and prevention of work-related MSDs among at-risk physicians published until December 2016. The Meta-analysis of Observational Studies in Epidemiology (MOOSE) guidelines for

- Author Audio Interview
- Supplemental content
- CME Quiz at jamanetwork.com/learning



Hiking Purcell Mountains, near Golden, BC



Physician Wellness Matters Because

Physicians face
psychological/emotional
and physical work related
hazards because of the
work that we do...

. in addition to the expected stressors of a professional career

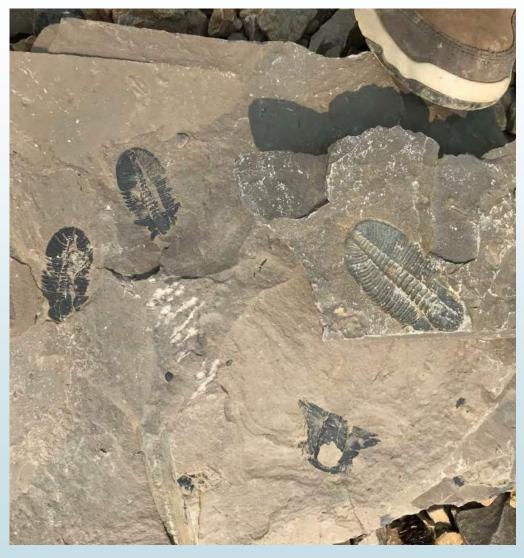


Powder skiing, Trout Lake, BC

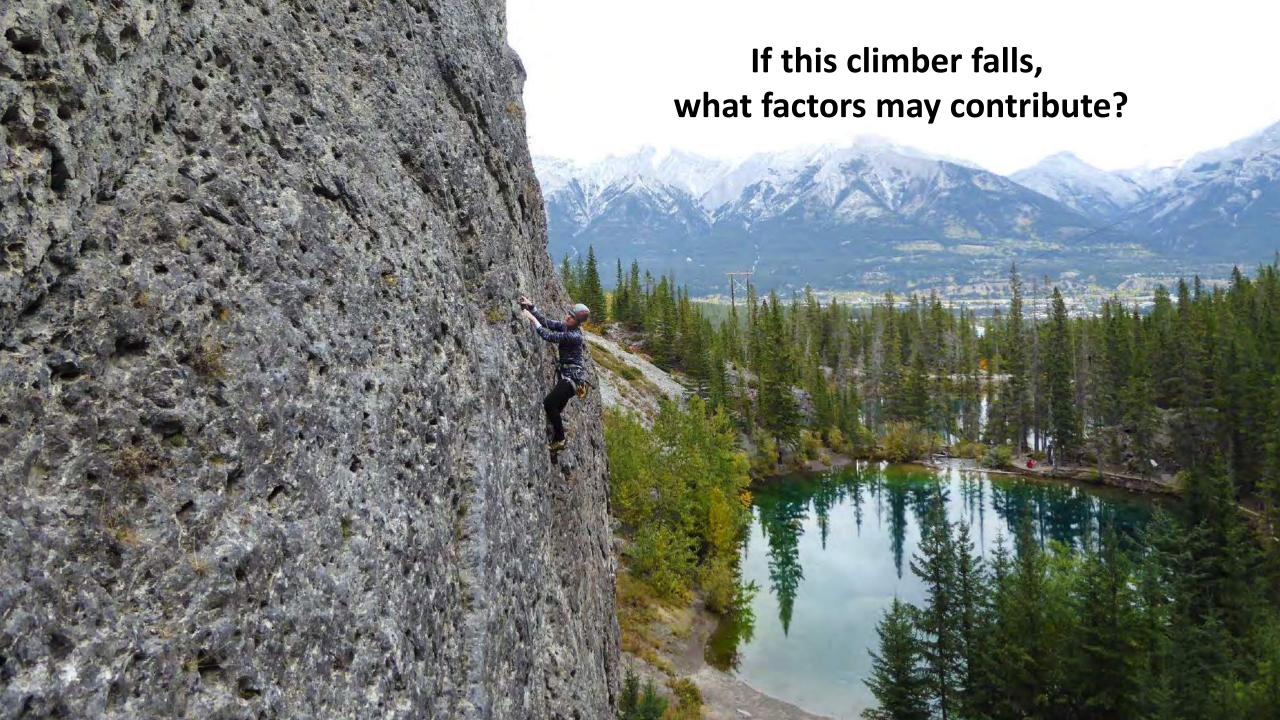
Objectives

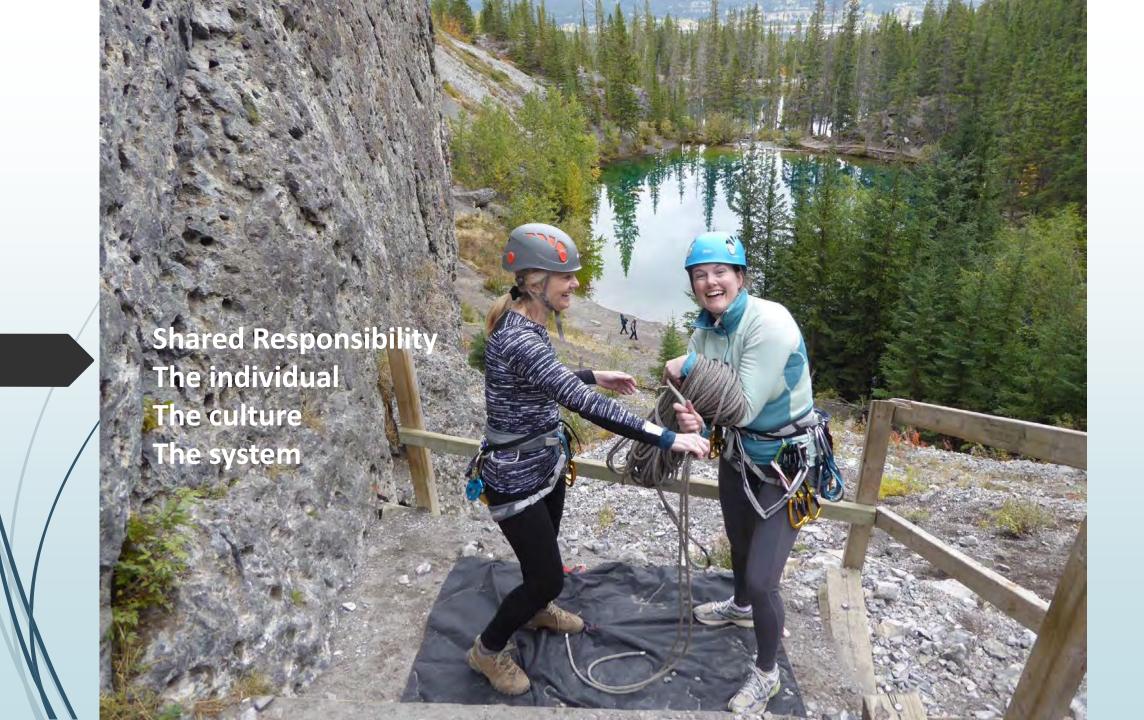
■ To discuss recent advances in the approach to physician wellness

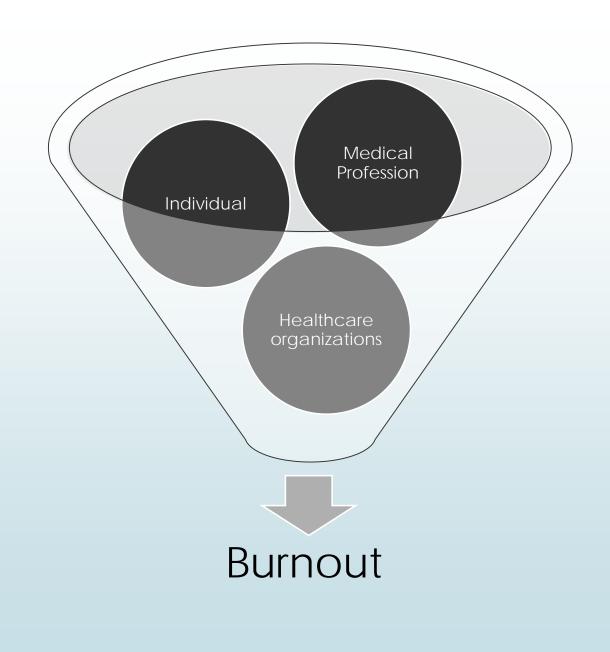
One-minute challenge



Mount Stevens Burgess Shale Trilobite Bed, Field, BC







Individual: Personality

- Workaholic, Control Freak, Type A
 - Many physicians describe themselves this way
 - Belief these traits makes one a better physician
- Perfectionism, Obsessive Traits

"I think it is necessary to be partly obsessive-compulsive, perfectionistic and a control freak when dealing with something as important people's lives and health..."



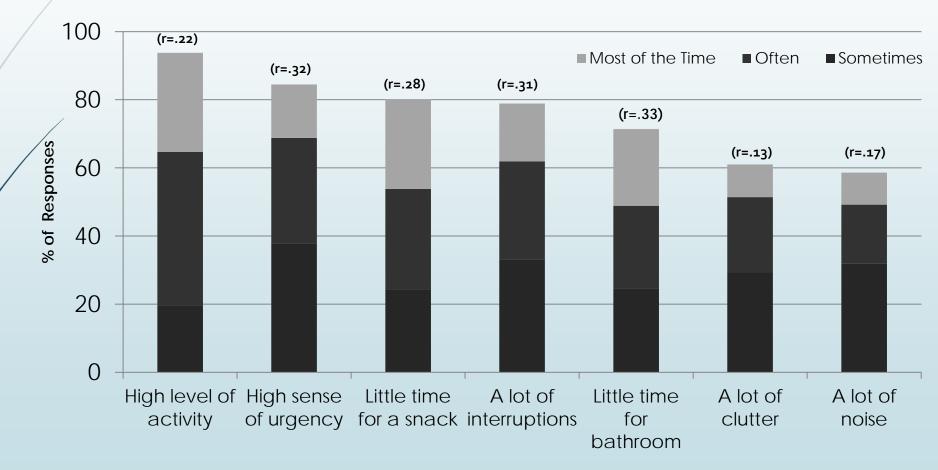
Marmot with a personality, Kicking Horse, BC

Medical Profession: Toxic Aspects

- Belief that physician wellness is at odds with professionalism
- Stigma around mental health issues: "If you can't take the heat get out of the kitchen"
- .. dysfunctional behaviors are valorized as an indicator of commitment... (Montgomery)
- Incentives
- Colleague bashing, tribalism, micro-aggressions

Healthcare Systems: Work Environment

Frequency of stressful work environment characteristics and correlations with emotional exhaustion (N=1178)



Linking Work Conditions to Burnout

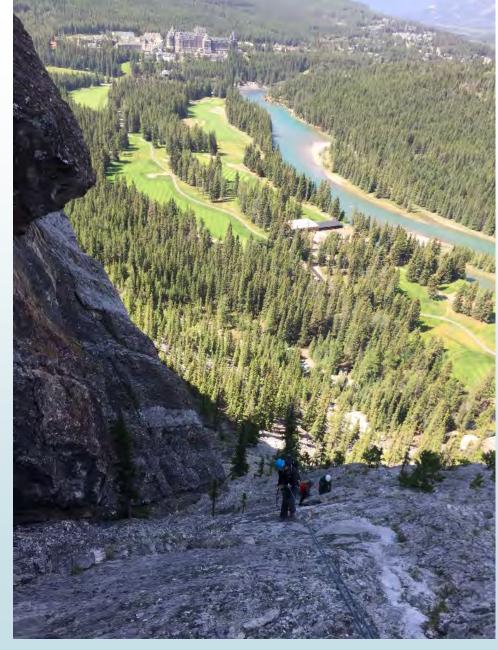
"Adverse workflow (time pressure and chaotic environments), low work control, and unfavorable organizational culture were strongly associated with low physician satisfaction, high stress, burnout, and intent to leave"

Linzer M, Manwell LB, Williams ES, et al. Working conditions in primary care: physician reactions and care quality. Ann Intern Med 2009 Jul 7;151(1):28-36. MEMO (Minimizing Error, Maximizing Outcome) Investigators.

Linzer M, Poplau S, Grossman E, et al. A cluster randomized trial of interventions to improve work conditions and clinician burnout in primary care: results from the Healthy Work Place (HWP) study. JGIM 2015 Aug 1;30(8):1105-11.

Many Factors
Contribute to
Burnout...

...Solutions have mostly focused on the individual



Multi-pitch climbing above Banff Springs Golf Course

Resilience



Research

JAMA Internal Medicine | Original Investigation | PHYSICIAN WORK ENVIRONMENT AND WELL-BEING

Controlled Interventions to Reduce Burnout in Physicians A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis

Maria Panagioti, PhD; Efharis Panagopoulou, PhD; Peter Bower, PhD; George Lewith, MD; Evangelos Kontopantelis, PhD; Carolyn Chew-Graham, MD; Shoba Dawson, PhD; Harm van Marwijk, MD; Keith Geraghty, PhD; Aneez Esmail, MD

IMPORTANCE Burnout is prevalent in physicians and can have a negative influence on performance, career continuation, and patient care. Existing evidence does not allow clear recommendations for the management of burnout in physicians.

OBJECTIVE To evaluate the effectiveness of interventions to reduce burnout in physicians and whether different types of interventions (physician-directed or organization-directed interventions), physi characteristics (prim

DATA SOURCES MED Trials were searched other relevant syster







⟨♠ ♠ Interventions to prevent and reduce physician burnout: a systematic review and meta-analysis

Colin P West, Liselotte N Dyrbye, Patricia J Erwin, Tait D Shanafelt

Summary

Lancet 2016; 388: 2272-81

September 28, 2016 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/ S0140-6736(16)31279-X

See Comment page 2216

Division of General Internal Medicine and Division of **Biomedical Statistics and** Informatics (Prof C PWest MD), Division of Primary Care (Prof L N Dyrbye MD), Medical Library (P | Frwin MIS), and

Background Physician burnout has reached epidemic levels, as documented in national studies of both physicians in training and practising physicians. The consequences are negative effects on patient care, professionalism, physicians' own care and safety, and the viability of health-care systems. A more complete understanding than at present of the quality and outcomes of the literature on approaches to prevent and reduce burnout is necessary.

Methods In this systematic review and meta-analysis, we searched MEDLINE, Embase, PsycINFO, Scopus, Web of Science, and the Education Resources Information Center from inception to Jan 15, 2016, for studies of interventions to prevent and reduce physician burnout, including single-arm pre-post comparison studies. We required studies to provide physician-specific burnout data using burnout measures with validity support from commonly accepted sources of evidence. We excluded studies of medical students and non-physician health-care providers. We considered potential eligibility of the abstracts and extracted data from eligible studies using a standardised form. Outcomes were changes in overall burnout, emotional exhaustion score (and high emotional exhaustion), and depersonalisation

Individual Targeted Interventions for Burnout

- Mindfulness
- Stress reduction techniques
- Education around communication skills, exercise, nutrition, and self-confidence



+ Organizational Targeted Interventions for Burnout

- Rescheduling shifts
- Reducing workload
- Enhancing teamwork
- Enhancing leadership



Stanford Model: Professional Fulfillment

The Reciprocal Domains of Physician Well-Being

Chart illustrating the 3 domains of physician well-being, with each domain reciprocally influencing the others.



Source: Patty Purpur de Vries
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NEJM Catalyst (catalyst.nejm.org) © Massachusetts Medical Society

- Efficiency of Practice:
 Implementing safe, reliable and efficient processes that enable physicians to deliver preeminent patient care, while addressing physician practice pain points.
- Personal Resilience: Providing tools and resources that enable our physicians to take responsibility for maintaining their own physical, emotional, and professional health.
- Culture of Wellness, Support and Appreciation: Promoting wellness as a critical health system quality indicator, building a culture of support and appreciation for physicians and staff.



Objectives

To describe how physician wellness links to work culture and context



Hiking, Durand Glacier, BC



Well Doc? Module 1

How does workplace nutrition affect physicians?



Work, Teaching, Learning, Context, Culture

Anecdotal Examples

No food near the operating room

Not ok to scrub out to get sustenance

Admonished for grabbing cookies

No schedules nutrition breaks during long clinics or OR cases

No healthy or fresh food evenings/nights



Nutrition and cognition: "Doctors don't take the time to eat"









Barriers to nutrition

- Lack of time
- Limited access to nutrition and water
- Limited food choices
- Cost
- Work ethic
- Professionalism and doctors' attitudes



Impact of inadequate nutrition:

- Emotional symptoms (irritable, frustrated)
- Physical symptoms (tired, hungry, nauseated)
- Cognitive symptoms (can't focus or think clearly)
- Can't finish work tasks
- Poor interactions with colleagues



Cognition testing







Cognition

On intervention day, cognition was superior....

 ...equivalent to cognition from a brain that was a decade younger





Well Doc? Module 1

Does Nutritional Intake During Work Hours Impact Physicians' Cognitive Function?

Personal Report for Dr A

Prepared by

Jane Lemaire, Department of Medicine; Jean Wallace, Department of Sociology; Kelly Dinsmore and Delia Roberts, Faculty of Kinesiology December 2008



Department of Medicine

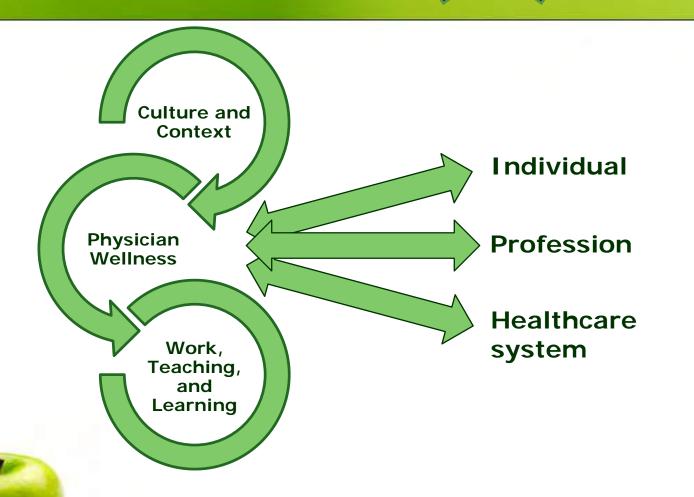


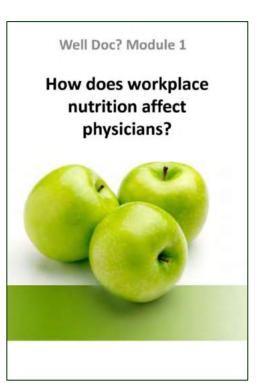






"Doctors don't the time to eat"





Physician Wellness Matters Because

It is intricately linked to patient care, teaching, learning, culture and context of healthcare systems



Walking with wolves, Golden, BC

How about Solutions?



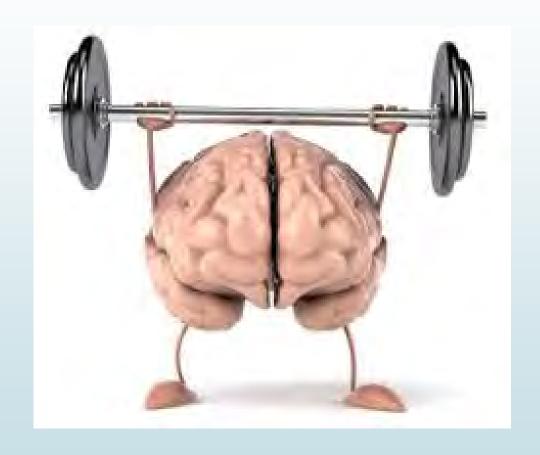
Golden Ultra Race, 55 KM, 7000 vertical feet

Individual: Training



Personal Training: Psychological/Emotional

- Re-shaping Brains
 - **■**Mindfulness
 - Meditation
 - Relaxation techniques
 - **■**Positivity



Fox et al. Meditation associated with altered brain structure? A systematic review and meta-analysis of morphometric neuroimaging in meditation practitioners. Neurosci Biobehav Rev. 2014:48-73

Objectives

To consider how changes at the system-level can support physician wellness

...big or small...

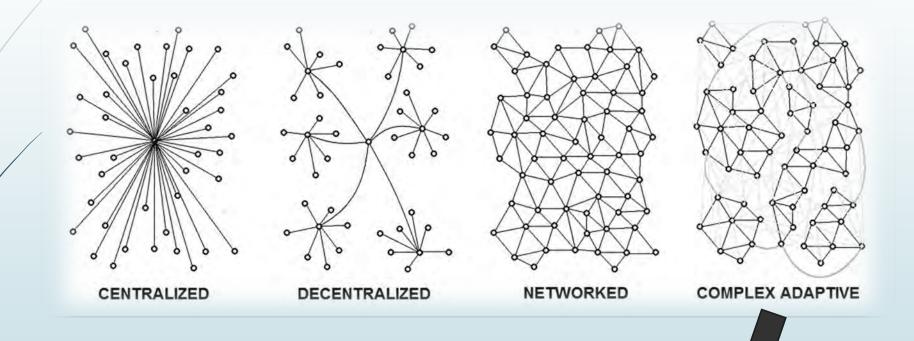


Backpacking in the Grand Canyon - South Bass Canyon Primitive Zone

The Practice of Medicine has Changed



Healthcare is a Complex Adaptive System



Edge of Chaos...

Systems with multiple elements adapting or reacting to the pattern these elements create (Arthur 1990's)

Chaos in Ambulatory Care Settings

- Physicians working in these chaotic clinics were prone to stress, burnout, and leaving the practice

Context and Chaos

Ethnographic study of attending physicians documented a very chaotic hospital work environment



Medical Teaching Unit Preceptor Study



A day in the life of... By Sarah Newman MD

Organizational Strategies to Promote Engagement and Reduce Burnout



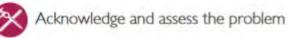
SPECIAL ARTICLE

Executive Leadership and Physician Well-being:
Nine Organizational Strategies to Promote
Engagement and Reduce Burnout

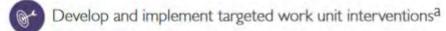
Tait D. Shanafelt, MD, and John H. Noseworthy, MD, CEO

Abstract

These are challenging times for health care executives. The health care field is experiencing unprecedented changes that threaten the survival of many health care organizations. To successfully navigate these challenges, health care executives need committed and productive physicians working in collaboration with organization leaders. Unfortunately, national studies suggest that at least 50% of US physicians are experiencing professional burnout, indicating that most executives face this challenge with a disillusioned physician workforce. Burnout is a syndrome characterized by exhaustion, cynicism, and reduced effectiveness. Physician burnout has been shown to influence quality of care, patient safety, physician turnover, and patient satisfaction. Although burnout is a system issue, most institutions operate under the erroneous framework that burnout and professional satisfaction are solely the responsibility of the individual physician. Engagement is the positive antithesis of burnout and is characterized by vigor, dedication, and absorption in work. There is a strong business case for organizations to invest in efforts to reduce physician burnout and promote engagement. Herein, we summarize 9 organizational strategies to promote











Align values and strengthen culture

Promote flexibility and work-life integration

Provide resources to promote resilience and self-care

Facilitate and fund organizational science

FIGURE 5. Organizational strategies to reduce burnout and promote physician engagement. ^aOften will focus on improving efficiency and reducing clerical burden but should focus on whichever driver dimension (Figure 1) deemed most important by members of the work unit (Figure 3).

Shanafelt, Noseworthy. Mayo Clin Proc 2017

- Acknowledge and assess the problems
 - ■Track physician wellness as an important metric



Physician wellness: a missing quality indicator

Jean E Wallace, Jane B Lemaire, William A Ghali

Department of Sociology, (Prof) EWallace Phb), Department of Medicine, Faculty of Medicine (Prof.) B Lemoire MD; Prof W A Ghall MD), and Department of Community Health Sciences, Faculty of Medicine (Prof W.A. Ghall), University of Calgary, Calgary,

Prof Jean E Wallace, Department of sociology, University of Calgary, 2500 University Drive NW,

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review the potential consequences of self-neglect by physicians, both individually and at the level of healthcare systems. We also address why health systems should routinely measure physician wellness as an indicator of health-system quality in view of the growing recognition that suboptimum physician wellness adversely affects system performance. We discuss some of the measurement and operational challenges associated with implementation of this missing quality indicator, and raise several issues that will need to be addressed to achieve the desired outcomes of improved physician wellness and system quality.

Risk of physician ill health

Practising medicine is stressful to many physicians. For wellness might not only benefit the individual physician, example, authors of a Canadian study reported that 64% of

- Harness the power of leadership
 - Correlates with burnout and satisfaction
 - Leadership development

Develop and implement targeted interventions

Examples: Targeted Interventions

Drivers of unwellness	Targeted interventions
Excessive workload Consult service too busy	Split workload into 2 services Share rotation: week/weekend
Work inefficiency Can't find equipment to do procedures	Dedicated procedure cart
Work-home conflict Life events cause unavoidable absences	Formal back-up schedule

Challenge the toxic aspects of the culture of medicine Role model wellness

- Cultivate community at work
 - Group gatherings for collegial support
 - Peer support teams, mentorship, coaching
 - **■**Practice transition support

DOM Peer Support Team

THE DOM RECOGNIZES THAT OUR MEMBERS ARE OUR MOST VALUABLE ASSETS. IT BELIEVES THAT MEMBERS SHOULD BE SUPPORTED THROUGH DIFFICULT TIMES.

WHO ARE WES

We are DOM members available as resources for our colleagues. We aim to be supportive listeners, offer guidance, and act as liaison for accessing outside resources (i.e., professional services) and ensuring safety.

WHY ARE WE HERE?

The practice of medicine may be rewarding, but may also at times be challenging. A member of the DOM may feel the need to seek support from a colleague. This may arise from any number of different situations, including imbalance between work and personal life; involvement in an adverse event, where a patient suffered serious or fatal harm; perceived inequity within the workplace; personal conflicts at home or at work; conflicts of interest; financial concerns; professionalism matters; or career-track indecision.

Be empathetic listeners

Offer guidance to existing resources

beta the physician and patient safety



- Promote flexibility and work-life integration
- Accommodatediversity

There aren't enough spacesuits of the right size.



IFLSCIENCE.COM

NASA Cancels All-Women Spacewalk Due To Lack Of Suitable Suits

Career Adaptation Guidelines To Support Diversity and Flexibility

- Illness or disability
- Gender, generational shifts
- ← Career stage
- Practice choice

Department of Medicine
Career Adaptation Guidelines
For Reassessing Physicians' Work Responsibilities



Physician Wellness Matters



Esplanade Range, Columbia mountains, BC

What About Patients' Views?

- They notice
- They form judgments based on what they notice that impact:
 - Their views of the care they receive
 - ■Their feelings
 - ■Their actions
- They worry about the doctor
- They may be powerful allies



Charter on Physician Well-Being

Guiding principles

- Effective patient care promotes and requires physician well-being
- Physician well-being is related with the well-being of all members of the health care team
- Physician well-being is a quality marker
- Physician well-being is a shared responsibility

