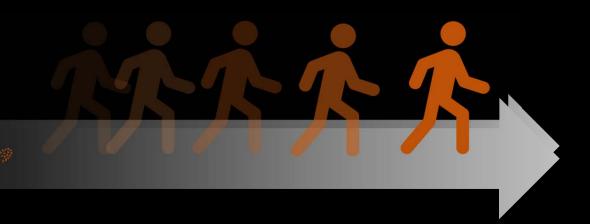




Pedestrian Route Choice at Road Crossings

Ajjima Soathong, Douglas Wilson, Prakash Ranjitkar, Subeh Chowdhury



Outline



- 1. When / Where / How pedestrian crashes occur?
- 2. Relating pedestrian road safety policies over time with performance?
- 3. How do pedestrians perceive mid-block jay-walking?
- 4. What can we do to improve pedestrian safety in New Zealand?



1. When / Where /How pedestrian crashes occur?



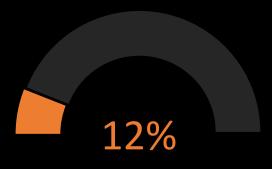
• Crash Analysis System (CAS) from 1990-2016



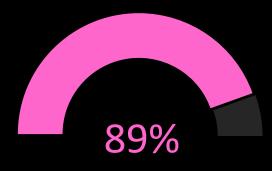
1. Commonality of NZ pedestrian crashes

Pedestrians are the most vulnerable road users.

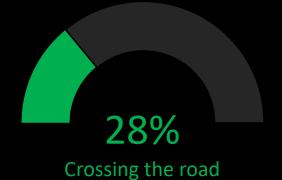




Pedestrian fatality in 2018 31 were killed 218 were seriously injured 592 were minor injured



Mid-block sections in urban environment

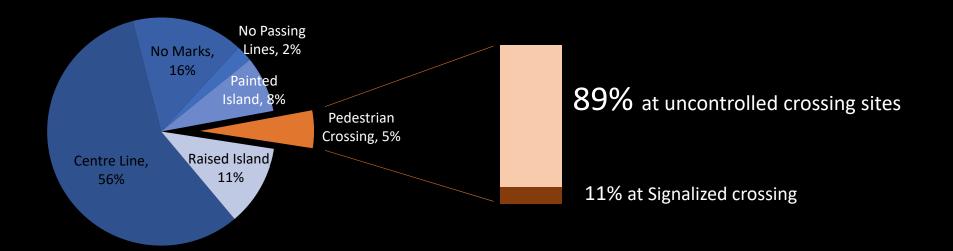


Data Source: Crash Analysis System (CAS) 2012-2018



1. NZ Pedestrian crashes by location

95% occurred outside of pedestrian crossing

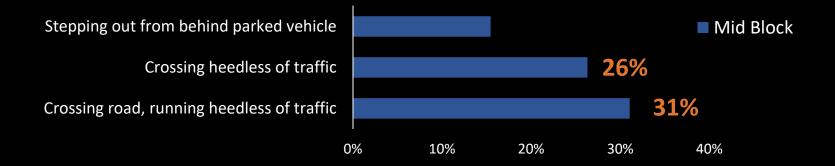


Data source: Crash Analysis System (CAS) 2012-2016



1. Human factors-NZ reported pedestrian crashes

89% of all factors related to road user behavior (people making unsafe choices)



Data source: Crash Analysis System (CAS) 2012-016



2. Relating pedestrian road safety policies over time with performance?



- Safer Journeys : 2010-2030
- road safety to 2010
- Getting there-on foot, by bicycle 2006-2009
- Pedestrian planning and design guide
- Neighborhood accessibility plans (NAP)















2. NZ Safe System Approach



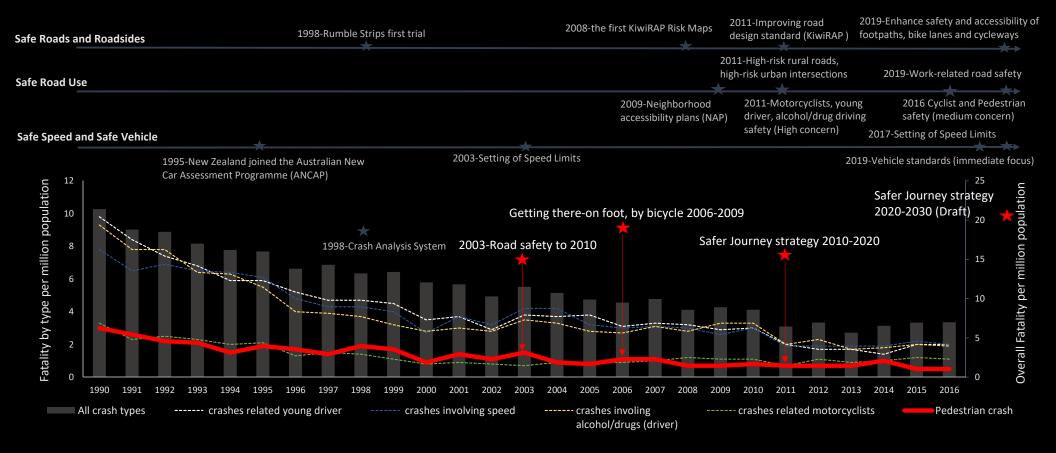


- Contribute to creating a safer transport system
- Safe road use focus on the drivers
- Less evidence-based practices on pedestrian behaviors
- Need to increase equity between users

Data source: MOT, 2004; MOT, 2006; NZTA, 2015; NZTA, 2018, 2019 Picture form http://www.saferjourneys.govt.nz

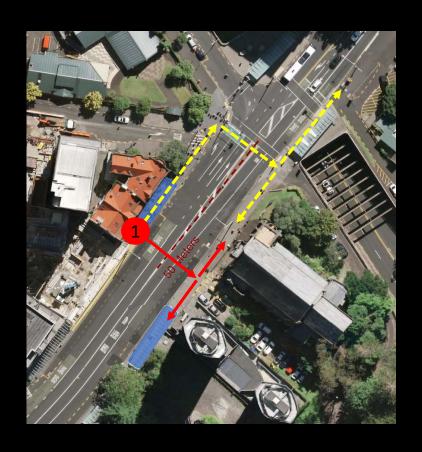


2. Pedestrian fatalities & major road safety policies





3. How do pedestrians perceive mid-block jay-walking?



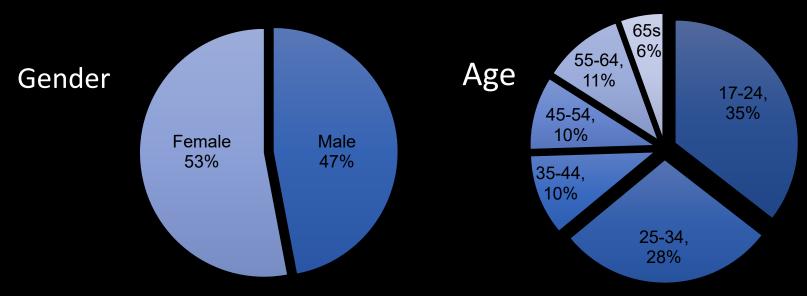




3. On-Street Survey Participants

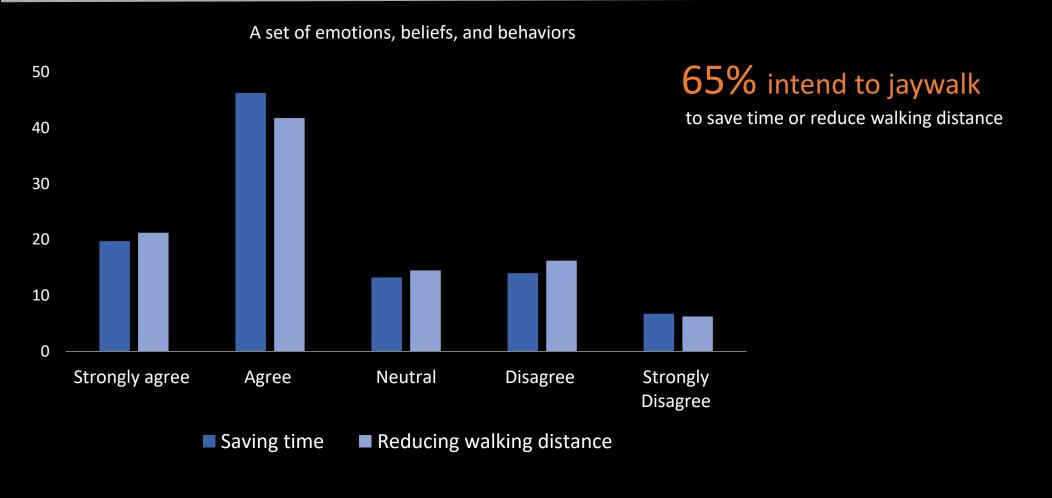


- On-street survey (400 participants)
- 15 questions using a five-point Likert scale
 - Strongly disagree Disagree Neutral Agree Strongly agree
- 4 selected sites in Auckland CBD :
 - Symonds St, Grafton North Rd, Park Rd, and Broadway Rd



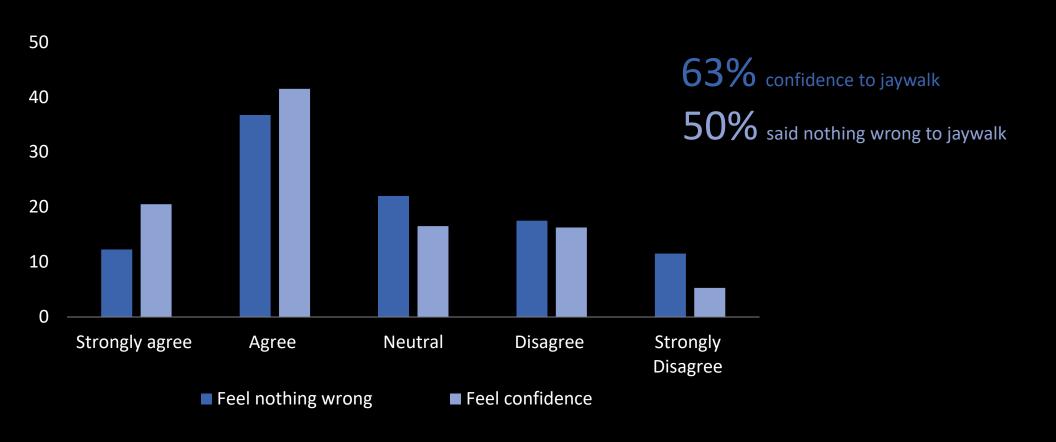


3. Pedestrians' attitude towards jaywalking





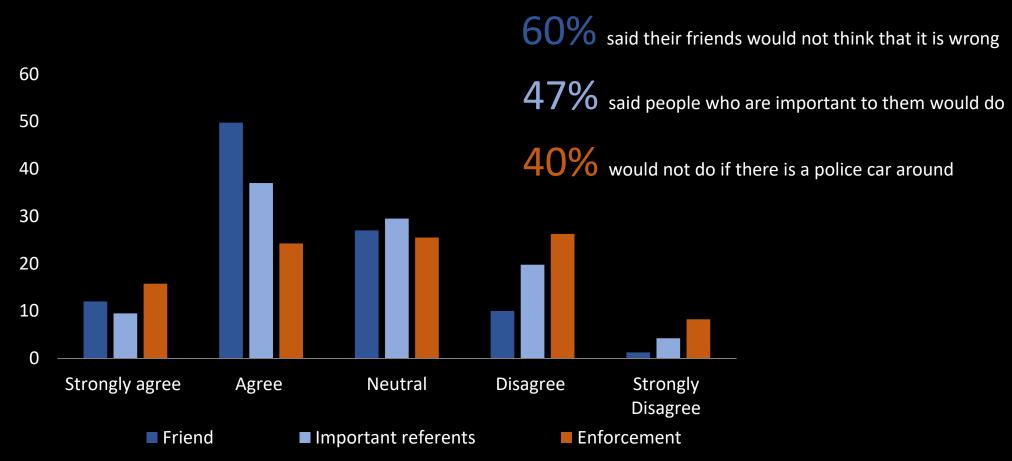
3. Pedestrians' belief in their ability to jaywalk





3. The role of social norms

The belief of what most approve or disapprove of this behavior





4. What can we do to improve pedestrian safety in New Zealand?





4. Conclusions



Pedestrian fatalities and the strategic plans

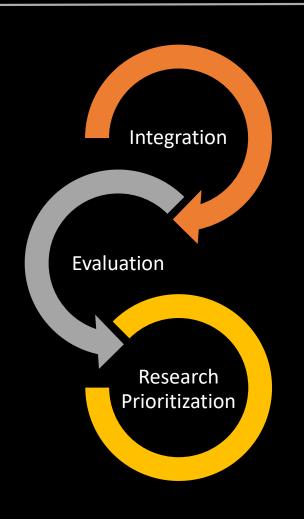
- Road safety policies have not provided equity or a fair deal for pedestrians.
- A correlation between recent NZ road safety policies and pedestrian safety outcomes is less evident.

Pedestrians' attitudes towards jaywalking

- In NZ, jay-walking is commonly perceived as an acceptable act in society.
- They are aware of road rules and follow if necessary.
- The decision to jaywalk is related to convenience gain.

4. Future Directions





Cars can fix, but people ...?

An integrated evidence-based policy

Re-evaluated sites that have a high conflict between road users

Prioritised research is required on the risk profile of different road users